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VOL. XXVII NO. 158 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Indians' Bid For U. S. Citizenship

3,000 Settlers Demand New Deal

PROMINENT SENATORS JOIN CAMPAIGN

Delegation Visits Washington To Canvass Support For Petition

WASHINGTON, (By Air Mail).

THE campaign of the India Welfare League, Inc. to amend the present Naturalization Law of the United States to permit Indians residing in the U. S. to become American citizens moved closer to success with the announcement that a hearing will be granted by the House Immigration and Naturalization Committee next week.

SUPPORT FROM AMERICANS

For the second time within three weeks delegations from the League, whose headquarters are in New York, met with gratifying success in winning Congress men and Senators to their cause. Co-operation has been promised by Senators Mead, Nye, King, and Thomas and Congressmen Marcantonio and O'Day. The Departments of Labour and Justice have been very helpful to the members of the delegations.

Two interesting things occurred on the occasion of the second delegation, which coincided with the visit of the King and Queen of Great Britain. Mubarak Ali Khan, president of the League, was discussing the citizenship plea with Senator Nye along with other members of the delegation. The Senator, after giving his assurance of support, suddenly asked whether or not the League would have a contingent of Indians in the parade which was to greet the British rulers. "I forgot about the King twenty years ago when I was in India", Khan replied.

SYMBOL OF PEACE

The other interesting item was the placing of a wreath on the grave of the Unknown Soldier in Arlington Cemetery by the League's committee. This was the first time in the history of the United States that an Indian organization solemnly participated in wreath-placing ceremonies here. M. A. Khan placed the wreath in the name of 3,000 Indians living in the U. S. and Ramlal Bajpai, chairman of the League's executive board, made a brief speech in which he described the Unknown Soldier as a symbol of peace and freedom.

The delegation arrived here by bus wearing sashes across their chests inscribed with "IWL" in large letters. Besides Khan and Bajpai, who hail from Bombay, there were Abdul Samad, from East Bengal, Abdul Tahid, from Bengal, Mohammed G. Dean, from the North-west Frontier, Kander Khan, from East Bengal, and Milton G. Winston, Attorney for the League.

DISCRIMINATIONS

From their headquarters at the Hotel Hamilton here the delegates mailed letters containing a resolution adopted by the League's executive board to every Congressman and Senator. The resolution called attention to the fact that many of the 3,000 Indians in this country are married to American women and have American-born children; that they look upon the United States as their own country; that they have toiled together with all other Americans in the building of their adopted country; that the unjust denial of true Americanism by the denial of citizenship causes them to suffer from "many moral and material discriminations."

Mr. Bajpai remained in Washington to carry on liason work with members of the Senate and the House of Representatives.—News Press Service.

REMOVE HOLWELL MONUMENT

And Vindicate Nawab Siraj-ud-Daula's Memory

CALCUTTA, July 4.

Respectful homage to the memory of Nawab Siraj-ud-Daula, the last independent ruler and martyr prince of Bengal was paid at a largely attended public meeting of Hindu and Mohomedan citizens of Calcutta held at Albert Hall this evening in observance of the death anniversary of the Nawab.

The meeting adopted a resolution condemning the historians who with a view to serving definite political motives had painted the character of the illustrious Nawab in the darkest possible colours and calling upon the historians of Bengal to vindicate the ill-fated prince by giving a true account of his life and work requesting the Bengal Government and legislators to see that all false accounts and mischievous statements relating to the Nawab be deleted from all text books of the province and demanding that the Government should remove the Holwell monument erected in Calcutta to perpetuate the astounding story of the Black Hole Tragedy.

Sir Abdul Halim Ghaznavi, M.L.A. (Central), speaking on the occasion eulogised the Hindu historian who had vindicated the character of the Nawab, previously painted in a different colour by foreign historians.—United Press.

BARTER IN THE PICTURE

New Favourable Factor For Indian Labour In Malaya

SIMLA, July 4.

Since the return of the Malaya Delegation to Straits Settlement, correspondence has been passing between the Governments of India and Malaya on the question of increased wages for Indian labourers.

The latest despatch from Malaya has been sent to the Government of India's Agent for his comments.

It is expected that with the British Government's agreeing to sell large quantities of rubber to the United States of America, the demand on Malaya might increase, and the need for more labour in rubber estates might arise. Time will, therefore, soon come for a speedy and satisfactory solution of the wage question.—United Press.

ANGLO-AMERICAN BARTER

Questions In Commons

LONDON, July 4.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Sorensen requested for further information regarding the Anglo-American Barter Agreement, and also whether further arrangements were contemplated with America and other Governments.

Mr. Stanley replied that the United States senate had ratified the Agreement and legislation empowering the American Government to acquire the necessary stocks of cotton was being considered. It was hoped to put the agreement into force, as soon as the necessary powers had been obtained.

The Minister was consulting trade interests as regards detailed agreements which are necessary when the agreement comes into force. No further arrangements of this kind were at present contemplated.

REMOVAL OF OPTION.

Mr. Oliver Stanley said that notwithstanding considerable divergence of opinion among the interests concerned whether the existing option should be withdrawn, which permits the marking of imported goods "foreign" or "Empire" instead of giving definite indication of the country of origin he and the minister for agriculture had decided that there were sufficient grounds in principle for removing the option.—Reuter.

SHORT SHRIFT TO OGILVIE SCHEME?

Majority Of Non-Officials In Indian Sandhurst Committee Oppose It

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 4

It appears the Ogilvie scheme, which seeks to introduce in India the Osbourne method of recruitment system which has not proved popular even in England and make certain radical changes in the method of selection of cadets for Dehra Dun Academy has received hostile reception from the majority of non-official members of the Indian Sandhurst Committee.

There appears every possibility that majority report will be against the Agilvie scheme as placed before the Committee. According to reports the current Simla non-official members have so far been able to pull together.

Stammers forehand won the game, although she also showed general all-round excellence. Jacobs has not been playing in the last year's form.

Three Boatmen of the Volga
—*Detroit News.*

"THETIS" INQUIRY REVELATIONS

Capt. Oram Points To Absence Of Rescue Ships In Vicinity And Delay In Execution Of Rescue Plans

LONDON: July 4.

HAD RESCUE SHIPS BEEN IN THE VICINITY WITHIN A FEW HOURS, THERE WAS NO DOUBT THE MEN WOULD HAVE ESCAPED DURING THE NIGHT.

This conviction was expressed by Capt. Oram, on the resumption of the "Thetis" enquiry.

Capt. Oram said that a marker buoy sent up by "Thetis" ought to have been seen by the accompanying tug.

Furthermore, it was always a matter for immediate attention, if a submarine did not send surfacing signal within a specified period and if the tug had notified at 5-40 p.m. that the submarine had failed to come to the surface, they might have got to the scene from Liverpool by 8-30 p.m., if they had been told where to go.

Replying to questions, Capt. Oram said that it was the usual practice for a submarine to be taken to Gareloch for test dives. Generally speaking it was safer water. The plan of rescue, which had been decided by 10 p. m. could have been put into operation immediately, had rescue ships been on the scene.

Capt. Oram agreed that the effect of having over 100 men aboard instead of the normal crew was that they had only 24 instead of 48 hours in which to escape.

SIMON PRESENT

Sir John Simon was present in the afternoon, when Lieutenant Woods described the desperate but unsuccessful attempts in the submarine to get through the forward Davis escape chamber into the flooded compartments for shutting a door.

Next morning, Lt. Woods continued, he volunteered to accompany Capt. Oram to the surface. Just before escape they heard charges fired and presumed there was a warship in the vicinity. "These charges raised a cheer from the side compartment."

Lt. Woods added that Arnold told him after the escape that as he looked through the scuttle of the escape chamber, he thought he saw sparks and smoke. The enquiry will be resumed to-morrow.—Reuter.

MAJESTIES TO VISIT BELGIUM

LONDON, July 4.

It is officially announced from Buckingham Palace that the King and Queen accepted with the greatest pleasure the invitation from the King of Belgians to pay a state visit to Brussels from October 24th to 27th to return the visit of the King of Belgians to London in November 1937.—Reuter.

OBSTRUCTION WON'T HELP

Rajen Babu Deplores Attitude Of Section Of Congressmen

PATNA, July 3.

"It is regrettable and unfair that a section of Congress workers expect the Congress Ministries to do everything possible or impossible. Their attitude should have been helpful and not obstructive", declared Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, speaking on the occasion of the Amhara Village Library anniversary celebration.

Continuing the Congress President said that truth and non-violence were the only way to achieve Swaraj and Gandhiji's guidance enabled them to get the little power conferred upon them, but it was a pity, he said, that instead of striving unitedly for freedom, they were being divided amongst themselves.

Mr. Shrikrishna Sinha, Premier of Bihar, also addressed the gathering. In the course of his speech the Premier deplored that some people should have attempted to prevent the meeting being held despite the fact that Rastrapati Rajendra Prasad was to address. Big cities like Bombay and Calcutta vied with one another to welcome the Rastrapati and it was surprising that in a small village like Amhara there should be obstruction in such a noble work. He denounced the activities of whose who preached violence and observed that it would be a setback to the national movement.

Mr. A. N. Sinha, Finance Minister, Mr. Jagatnarain Lal, Parliamentary Secretary, and Mr. Sheonandan Prasad were among those present at the meeting.—United Press.

Wait, Watch and Wobble

PARIS, July 4.

THE Soviet reply to the latest Anglo-French proposals is now being examined by M. Bonnet.

It is understood that M. Molotov has asked for further information on certain points.

According to a London cable, Lord Halifax and his advisers are now considering the Soviet reply.

Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent learns that in well-informed circles, it is considered premature to speak of an agreement having been actually reached in the negotiations for an Anti-Aggression Pact with the Soviet.

It had been hoped that an agreement would be completed by this time, but it is clear the Soviet reply raises points, which require further consideration. It is understood these further matters are immediately being taken up with the Soviet and the hope is expressed that an agreement will not be long delayed.—Reuter.

PROHIBITION PRECAUTIONS

Voluntary Guards And Travelling Detectives On 'Dry' Vigil

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

Important rules concerning the prevention of smuggling of alcohol by land and sea routes into the prohibited area of the Bombay city and suburbs, it is understood, have been finally formulated by the Government of Bombay.

So far as the Railways are concerned the Government has laid down that no alcohol shall be sold in the bars in trains, the moment they reach the boundary where the dry area begins. It is understood the Railways have been asked not only to lock the bars, but also seal them prior to entering the dry area.

The lynx-eyed Excise Police will examine the seals at every stage after the trains enter the dry area. While the incoming trains will close down the bars after leaving Kalyan, just before their entry into the prohibited area, the outgoing trains will keep the bars closed and sealed from Bombay up to the Bassein Creek.

BOTTLES IN SUIT CASES

The next evil which the Excise authorities have to check is the smuggling of liquor by railway passengers, who, in spite of their innocent looks, may be hiding bottles of alcohol in suit-cases or even in the inside pockets of their coats. The rush of passengers at the exit gates on platforms like the Victoria Terminus or the Bombay Central may be a serious handicap for the Excise officials in the matter of detection. One of the most effective methods by which this evil can be checked is by employing travelling "detectives," who will always be on the move in search of individual smugglers in trains. The entire dry area in the city and suburbs may require over two hundred "detectives" in plain clothes. The Bombay Government may adopt this plan for dealing with culprits in transit.

The Prohibition Guards who have been entrusted with the work of helping the Excise Department in the matter of detection, may also help the travelling "detectives."

In every suspected case, the Prohibition Guards will pass on the information to the Excise Police.

NOTICE TO SHIPPING COMPANIES

The shipping companies will soon be intimated by the Government that within the three-mile limit from the shore of the Bombay Island the bars of steamers will have to be closed.

EUROPEAN DEPUTATION

A deputation on behalf of the European Association of Bombay waited on the Hon. Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister of Excise, the Government of Bombay, to place before the Government the minimum needs of European permit-holders in the matter of consumption of alcohol.

According to the Regulations in Ahmedabad, non-Asiatic permit-holders are allowed six units per head. A unit means one bottle of whisky or 3 bottles of wines or 6 bottles of beer.

The Bombay Government has not yet announced as to how many units would be allowed to non-Asiatic permit-holders in Bombay and the Suburbs from August 1.

Before this announcement is made the European Association desired to place its minimum requirements before the Government.

The deputation is understood to have represented that the quantity allowed according to the Ahmedabad Regulations was not quite adequate. They put forward a requisition for an addition of about a unit and half per head.

The Minister of Excise promised to place the matter before the Cabinet.

Holland Wants No Guarantees

Demarches To Paris & London

THE HAGUE, July 4.

It is revealed demarches rejecting a possible guarantee for Holland by Britain and France were made on July 1 by the Dutch Ministers in London and Paris, who emphasised Netherlands neutrality and independence.—Reuter.

Chatfield Committee Report

SIMLA, July 4.

No immediate announcement on the Chatfield Committee's report is expected according to authoritative information available here.—United Press.

Prince Of Berar's Party

LONDON, July 4.

Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain and Sir Firoz Khan Noon were entertained at lunch at Hyde Park Hotel by the Prince and Princess of Berar.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

HYDEPARK (New York) July 4.

President Roosevelt at a press conference declared that he wanted action on the Neutrality Legislation in this session of the Congress with the objective of preventing war.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of **ONE ANNA** per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

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ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42 SITUATION VACANT.

Wanted—B.Com. to coach a first year student in B. Com. Please write stating terms to Box No. 11999, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A governess to look after two children, about a year each. Apply stating terms to Box 11996, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Clerks, Graduates, Lawyers, Doctors, Civil Engineers and Electrical and Mechanical Engineers. Apply for Terms to No. 11993, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted cultured and educated ladies and gentlemen to form an intellectual club. Correspond Box No. 11989, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted A Competent experienced Gujarati Graduate, Resident Teacher with Sanskrit for a local boarding school. Pay according to qualifications. Apply Box 11994, "Bombay Chronicle."

Ramji Assar Vidyalaya: Ghatkopar: Wanted a capable Gujarati typist-clerk. Graduate and experienced preferred. Immediately apply with testimonials to the Principal. (11987)

Wanted Agency Manager on Rs. 100—20—500 p.m. for a Bank to invest loan without security to everybody. Post Box 2410, Calcutta. (248)

Wanted Lady Teachers, knowing Urdu together with Gujerati or Marathi, for the Dawoodbhai Moosabhai Muslim Girls' Orphanage. Trained preferred. Apply stating qualifications, age, nationality, previous experience, together with testimonials, etc., to the Secretary, 40-48, Harvey Road, Chawpatty, Bombay, before 31st July 1939. (11997)

Automobile experts are always in demand. The rapid progress in manufacture and service of the modern automobile brings new opportunities to thousands of ambitious men. The F.M.C. Automobile Course will make you a trained man with first class prospects. Call or write for prospectus: French Motor Car Co. Ltd., New Queen's Road, Bombay (358A)

55. PAYING GUESTS

A European Bachelor wants board and lodging with English family quiet and breezy locality. Please write to Box No. 200, "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET

To Be Let—A commodious & airy Bungalow Hillgrange at Pedder Road situated on a hill. Either whole or in parts. With outhouses a big garden and Motor garages. At the Junction of Ballard Pier and Mint Road, Cama House, a big shop for hotel, airy and lighted flats and small rooms for office and residence. An open plot for Factory and a shop with electric fittings near the junction of Reay Road and Matarpakhdy. 10,000 Sq. Yds. open space in plot or plots at Ghroupdeo Road Tank Bunder. Apply Hirabai D. Saher Warden Road or 'Phone 40119. (11991).

Airy, Ventilated 5 Rooms Blocks on Forjett Hill, Summit Building for Hindus, Christians and Anglo-Indians. Rent Rs. 50. Apply spot or 'Phone 20413. (11961)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Let—at Cambata Building, Churchgate Reclamation, most up-to-date small and big flats for residence and offices, special single and double bachelor's rooms furnished or unfurnished. Apply Manager on the premises. (11977)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions are now open for Courses in Radio and Electrical Engineering and Wireless Telegraphy. Efficient training both in Theory and Practice. Paying careers. Short Courses. Moderate fees. Library and gymkhana facilities. For fully illustrated Prospectus apply: Khalsa College, Bombay Technical Institute, King's Circle, Matunga, Bombay No. 19. (10937)

The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow. (Recognised by Government). Recorded last year the highest percentage of successful candidates in the Province ever since the U. P. Government started conducting the examination for the Overseer's Certificate. I, II, and IV positions were held by the candidates from this school. Matriculates should apply now for the July Session 1939 on the prescribed form which can be had with the Prospectus free from the Principal. (307)

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S. Hospital Road, Karachi. (157)

Accounting Diploma Pays! Expert Individual tuition in Accountancy Banking, Correspondence, Office routine, Secretarial Practice Shorthand Typewriting (New method taught in 1 1/2 month) Costing etc. Special Arrangement for Ladies. Posts Guaranteed. Preparation for L.C.C. D.Com. F.C.C.S. and other commercial Examinations. Apply Lentin's Commercial College, 39, Meadows Street. (11979A)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Right Contraceptive Jelly and Sexus Paste prevent conception; Gelotube prevents venereal disease. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (11847)

327. AGENTS WANTED

U. P. Govt. Hand Loom Products. Wanted.—Agents on salary Rs. 60 and allowance Rs. 15 p.m. Apply for particulars with -/4/- in stamps to, Inter Trade Federation, Cantonment Road, Lucknow. (11930)

556. DAILY WANTS

Tea—London quality Flavoury Orange Pekoe available at only 12 annas per lb. Its Flavour and Taste will surely please you. Also Darjeeling and Ceylon F.O.P. available retail at wholesale rates. Do try once. Satisfaction guaranteed. Champion Tea Mart. (Estd. 1914) Prarthana Samaj Tram Junction, Bombay 4. (11975)

270. PALMISTS

All India famous Prof. B. D. Gupta, Municipal Commissioner available at Hirabagh Dharamshala, till 9th July. Fee Rupees two. (11998)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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THE HINDOOSTAN SPG & WEAVING MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 5th August, 1939, at 3-30 p.m. (Standard Time) at the Registered office of the Company, "Sir Vithaldas Chambers" Apollo Street, Fort, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts and Balance-Sheet made for the year ended 31st March 1939.

2nd—To declare a dividend.

3rd—To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

4th—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

5th—To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring forward at the Meeting.

BOMBAY, 4th JULY, 1939.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & CO.,
Agents.

N. B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 17th July to SATURDAY the 5th August 1939, both days inclusive.

The Dividend, when sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered office, on and after Monday, the 7th day of August 1939, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on Monday, the 17th July, 1939, and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each shareholder to his last registered address. Change of address, if any, should be notified without delay so that the Dividend Warrants may not be lost or misdirected. (546)

THE WESTERN INDIA SPINNING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 5th August, 1939, at 3 p.m. (Standard Time) at the Registered Office of the Company, "Sir Vithaldas Chambers", Apollo Street, Fort, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts and Balance-Sheet made for the year ended 31st March, 1939.

2nd—To declare a dividend.

3rd—To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

4th—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

5th—To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring forward at the Meeting.

Bombay, 4th July, 1939.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THACKERSEY MOOLJEE SONS & CO.,
Agents.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED, from MONDAY, the 17th July to SATURDAY, the 5th August, 1939, both days inclusive.

The Dividend, when sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office, on and after Monday, the 7th day of August, 1939, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on Monday, the 17th July, 1939, and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each shareholder to his last registered address. Change of address, if any, should be notified without delay so that the Dividend Warrants may not be lost or misdirected. 548.

THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 5th August, 1939, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company "Sir Vithaldas Chambers", Apollo Street, Fort, for the purpose of transacting the following Business:—

1st—To receive and adopt the Directors Report and audited Accounts and Balance-Sheet made up for the year ended 31st March, 1939.

2nd—To declare a dividend.

3rd—To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

4th—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

5th—To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring forward at the meeting.

Bombay, 4th July, 1939.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
DAMODHER THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & CO.,
Agents.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY the 17th July to SATURDAY, the 5th August, 1939, both days inclusive.

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THE SHAREHOLDERS AT AHMEDABAD are advised to receive payments of their Dividends from Mr. Motilal Govindlal Kasondas, residing at Hari Bhakti Pole, Sankdi Sheri, Ahmedabad, on presenting their Share Certificates and the Warrants duly signed. (547)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our client GOSWAMI SHRI VALLABHLALJI SHRI RANCHODLALJI MAHRAJ, that the title deeds relating to his properties at Bhuleshwar Bombay described in the Schedule below including the Deed of Conveyance bearing date the 26th day of July, 1912, between Mooltani Mangoomal Tiloomal of the one part and our clients father Goswami Shri Runchodlalji Maharaj formerly called or known as Goswami Shri Runchodlalji Shri Jivanlalji Maharaj which had been duly registered, have been lost and cannot be found or traced.

Any person having any claim or interest by way of mortgage, charge, gift, lien, or otherwise in the said property or any part thereof is hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their Office at Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise no such claim shall be entertained and any person possessing or having custody of any of the said title deeds is requested to hand the same to the undersigned at their said office.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

ALL THAT piece of pension and tax land, situate at Bhuleshwar in the Town and Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 4333.47 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collectors Old Nos. 140 and 619, New Nos. 1254 and 2880, Old Survey No. 39 and New Survey Nos. 509, 609 Cadastral Survey No. 2844 (Bhuleshwar Division) and bearing Municipal C. Ward Nos. 5117, 5118, 5119, 5120, 5121, 5122, 5123, 5124, 5125, 5126, 5127, 5128, 5129, 5130, 5131, 5132, 5134, 5135, 5138, 5139, Street Nos. 142N, 142M 142K 142J, 13, 142F, 9, 142D, 142H, 7-8-142E, 142G, 142C, 142A, 142B, 142A, 142B, 166 to 174, 182, 184 together with the right of way along the passage over the piece of land, situate at Pranjrapole Road in the Town and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and situate on the East side of the above described piece of land and admeasuring 115 square yards bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2846 (Bhuleshwar Division) and New Survey No. 609 G Ward Nos. 5117-5131 Street Nos. 211-217.

Dated this 4th day of July, 1939.
LITTLE AND CO.,
Solicitors for Goswami Shri Vallabhlalji Shri Runchodlalji Maharaj. 541.

Public Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MAKANJI HARJIVAN, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, who was carrying on business at Katha Bazar, Mandvi, Bombay, in Ginger and Black Pepper, having suffered losses in the said business, had to close down the same and that by a Composition Deed, dated 30th September, 1937, the said Makanji Harjivan assigned to Vallabhdas Vasanji, Darasha Festonji Tata, Javerchand Padamsi and Khimji Virji, the Trustees appointed thereunder all his claims, benefits and outstandings, in respect of his said business and that by the said Deed of Composition the undersigned have been appointed the Managing Trustees.

This is therefore to give notice that all persons, who claim to be creditors of the said Makanji Harjivan in respect of his said business who have joined or who may hereafter join in the said Composition Deed by putting their signatures on the same, should lodge their claims togegether with the necessary proofs in support thereof with the undersigned at their address at Care of Messrs. Moolji Ratansi & Co., Katha Bazar, Mandvi Bombay, within 15 days from the date hereof and that all claims which are not lodged within the time aforesaid, will not be considered by the Trustees and the same, if any, shall be treated as waived.

Bombay, dated this 5th day of July, 1939.

JAVERCHAND PADAMSI
KHIMJI VIRJI
Managing Trustees under a Deed of Composition dated 30-9-37 by Makanji Harjivan. 539.

NOTICE.

"MOTOR LAUNCH."

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of a strongly built motor launch suitable for Police work in the Bombay Harbour during the South-West Monsoon. Designs or Photographs of launches which should be as near the following specifications as possible should be submitted along with the tenders:

Length	35'—0"
Breadth	9'—0"
Depth	4'—3"
Draft forward	1'—9"
Draft aft	3'—6"
Speed	12 knots.

Type of Engine—Marine Diesel Engine.

The tenders which should be marked "Tender for Motor Launch" will be received upto 12 noon on the 18th July, 1939, by the undersigned, who reserves the right to reject any tender without assigning any reason.

Quotations should be for both a single skin and double skin hull.

J. SIMMONS,
Dy. Commissioner of Police, Port, Bombay.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 4th July, 1939. (542)

Public Notices

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

S.D. 30

LOST TEMPORARY RECEIPT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Temporary Receipt No. 17574 in respect of Ten Ordinary Shares Nos. 435246 to 435255 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Marinho Filipe Nery Theophilo do Rozario e Souza, now deceased has been lost, mislaid or destroyed. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered Office, Electric House, Post Fort, Bombay, No. 1, within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Temporary Receipt will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated, 5th July 1939. (12001)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of DISTRICT INSPECTOR of WEIGHTS and MEASURES, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES, BOMBAY.

Pay—The scale of pay is Rs. 100 5/2-150 plus Conveyance Allowance at Rs. 20 per mensem, subject to revision.

QUALIFICATION.—The minimum educational qualification required is (a) a degree of a recognised University in Engineering (Mechanical or Electrical), or in Physics and Mathematics or in Physics or any other Science subject; or (b) a first or second class diploma (L.M.E. or L.E.E.) of the V. J. T. Institute, Bombay, or a diploma of the College of Engineering, Poona, or the N. E. D. College of Engineering, Karachi, or the Kala Bhavan Technical Institute, Baroda, in Electrical Engineering or/and Mechanical Engineering; (c) two years practical workshop experience especially in connection with verification and stamping of weights and measures; (d) ability to speak, read and write at least one vernacular of this Province; and, (e) ordinarily be not more than 25 years of age.

Applications should be complete with evidence as to age, language known, place of birth, caste and any educational qualifications with particulars of experience, domicile, etc.

Applications should be sent by Registered Post to the Director of Industries, Bombay, and must reach him on or before 18th July, 1939.

Canvassing for appointment in any form will be a disqualification.

Applicants who may be called for interview at Bombay will have to do so at their own expense.

(Sd.) P. B. ADVANI.
Director of Industries,
Old Custom House Yard, Fort,
Bombay, 30th June, 1939.
531.

Public Notices

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on WEDNESDAY, the 5th July, 1939, at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.)

PHIROZE C. BHARUCHA.
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 4th July, 1939. (549)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

In the matter of The INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913

and

In the matter of THE PIONEER FIBRE COMPANY, LIMITED, a Joint Stock Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and having its registered office in Bombay at Fergusson Road, Lower Parel, outside the Fort of Bombay.

KHIMJEE THAKARSEE, of Bombay Jain Inhabitant, the sole proprietor of the firm of Messrs. Khimjee Thakarsee & Co., carrying on business as Cotton and Cotton Waste Merchants in Bombay at Chinch Bunder, outside the Fort ..... A Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition for the winding up of the abovenamed Company by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay was on the 4th day of July, 1939, presented to His Lordship Mr. Justice Kania taking Company matters by the said Khimjee Thakarsee, a creditor of the said company AND take further notice that all further proceedings against the said company have been restrained by the Court And that the said petition is directed to be heard before His Lordship Mr. Justice Kania taking company matters on the 31st day of July 1939; and any creditor or contributory of the said company, desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said company under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

JHAVERY & CO.,
Attorneys for the Petitioners.
369-371 Hornby Road,
Fort, Bombay. (545)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY

NOTICE OF DECLARATION OF DIVIDEND.

The Official Assignee of Bombay has declared a dividend in the following estates as per particulars mentioned below. The dividend will be paid on and after the 10th proximo to those creditors who have proved their claims. Dividend warrants will be posted to the addresses of the creditors as appearing in the records of this office.

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Names of the Insolvents.	Dividend declared	Rate of dividend declared in the rupee.
				As. Ps.
1.	224 of 1924	Meghjee Padamsey Bhatia.	First.	0—2-1/2
2.	677 of 1933	Derrick Netscher.	First.	4—0
3.	424 of 1936	Subramanya Iyer Raja Iyer alias S. Raja Iyer.	First.	1—0
4.	486 of 1936	Rangoo Demaji Shinde.	First.	3—6
5.	615 of 1936	Harkisondas Chunilal Bhagat. (Harkisondas C. Bhagat).	First	0—3
6.	704 of 1936	Peter Cajetan D'Souza.	First	0—4
7.	719 of 1936	Ramdas Harishankar Joshi.	First.	0—1-1/2
8.	29 of 1937	Michael Bello.	First.	0—6
9.	123 of 1937	Jayantilal Manecklal Desai.	First.	0—1-1/2
10.	175 of 1937	Vellamvelly Krishnamurthi Kutty	First.	0—3
11.	225 of 1937	Mohsin C. Nagrawalla and Co.	First.	0—4
12.	286 of 1937	David Moses.	First.	0—5
13.	309 of 1937	Bhicaji Shamrao Warke.	First.	1—8
14.	371 of 1937	Cherikori Sanjiwrao Joel	First.	0—7
15.	162 of 1936	Narsi Hirji (Personal)	First & final	0—8-1/2
16.	312 of 1936	Ganpat Vithoba Shete	First & final.	0—1-3/4
17.	168 of 1937	Nusserwanji Kharsedji Mehta.	First & final.	0—2-1/2
18.	689 of 1932	Bundeali Bhojabhoy Allarakhia. (Personal).	Second.	0—3
19.	411 of 1934	Kaikhusroo Hormusji Daruwalla.	Third.	0—6
20.	664 of 1924	Jamnadas Mangoomal Multani, traded as Jamnadas Mangoomal and as Mangoomal Khushiram.	Supplementary & final	0—1/4
21.	556 of 1935	Madhavji Lalji and Anr. (Madhavji Lalji and Sons).	Pro-rata preferential distribution	14—0

Bombay, dated this 3rd day of July, 1939.

R. S. BILIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay. (540)

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

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Public Notices

BOMBAY SUBURBAN ELECTRIC SUPPLY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of BOMBAY SUBURBAN ELECTRIC SUPPLY, LIMITED, will be held on THURSDAY, the 20TH JULY, 1939, at 5 P.M., at the Registered Office of the Company, Home Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 31st March, 1939.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Kt., C.I.E., M.B.E., and Mr. M. S. Captain who retire by rotation, but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 10th to MONDAY, the 24th July, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 28th June, 1939.

(544)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

3 per cent. LOAN

1963-65 (2nd ISSUE)

ISSUE PRICE Rs. 98-0-0

OPEN AT 10 A. M. (STANDARD TIME) ON THE 5th JULY, 1939, FOR ONE DAY ONLY.

Subscriptions will be received in the form of:—

CASH:

5 per cent. Loan, 1939-44

5 per cent. Loan, 1940-43

5 per cent. Loan, 1939-44 will be accepted at Rs. 100—6—0 for Rs. 100 (nominal).

5 per cent. Loan, 1940-43 will be accepted at Rs. 104—0—0 for Rs. 100 (nominal).

Lists will be closed as soon as the combined total of cash and 5 per cent. Loan 1939-44 approximates to Rs. 15 crores (nominal) and in any case not later than the close of business on the 5th July, 1939.

Applications will be received at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras and at the Branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places in India.

Full particulars can be obtained at any of the aforementioned offices.

(529).

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 451 of 1934.

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED ..... Plaintiffs

vs.

HIRJIBHOY BYRAMJI WARDEN and others ... Defendants.

Pursuant to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 23rd August, 1938. Consent Judge's order dated 3.4.1939 the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, 20th July, 1939, at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

FIRSTLY:—Vacant land at Victoria 2nd Cross Lane Bombay, admeasuring 210 square yards or thereabouts consisting of two passages bearing Cadastral Survey No. 586 under Mazagon Division.

SECONDLY:—Government Leasehold land at Victoria 2nd Cross Lane near Mazagaon Bombay together with tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon admeasuring 4228 square yards or thereabouts bearing Cadastral Survey No. 586 Mazagaon Division and Municipal E. Ward Nos. 7703 (1), 7703(1A), 7703(2) and 7703(3) and new Street Nos. 5A, 5B, 7A, 7, 1, and 5C.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, apply to the undersigned or to Messrs. CRAIGIE BLUNT AND CAROE, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Standard Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 16th day of May, 1939.

(Sd). G. R. KHAIRAJ.
Commissioner.

523.

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT (Works Branch)

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the work of widening a portion of MATUNGA ROAD from 60' to 80' for a length of 1,700 ft. towards north between the junction of Matunga Road and Road No. 7 with s.w. drainage arrangements, Scheme No. 57, Sewri-Wadala, will be received up to 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 14th July, 1939.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees Five to any one deputed to receive them by the City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

City Engineer's Department,
(Works Branch),
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 3-7-1939.

(551)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO 784 OF 1939

(1.) MAGANLAL HARILAL and (2.) INDULAL HARILAL, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Parel, outside the Fort of Bombay and (3.) BABA MAGANLAL, of Bombay Hindu a minor by his next friend the said Maganlal Harilal plaintiff No 1 herein for themselves and on behalf of all the other creditors of Ratanlal Hiralal the 1st defendant herein .....Plaintiffs.

versus.

(1.) RATANLAL HIRALAL, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Green Street, within the Fort of Bombay (2.) SURYAKANTA, wife of Ratanlal Hiralal of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Green Street within the Fort of Bombay and (3.) AMBALAL TRIBHOWANDAS PARIKH, of Nadiad Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Vadtal in Kaira District... .....Defendants.

To,
ALL THE CREDITORS OF RATANLAL HIRALAL.
The 1st Defendant abovenamed.

NOTICE UNDER O. I. R. 8 OF THE CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kania on the 16th day of June, 1939, Notice is hereby given under Order I. Rule 8, of the Code of Civil Procedure that the Plaintiffs have filed the above suit on behalf of themselves and of all other creditors of the abovenamed 1st Defendant Ratanlal Hiralal, against the Defendants herein, praying inter alia:—

(1) That it may be declared that the transfers effected by the Indentures of the 30th December, 1936 and 24th February, 1937 and the Deed of Confirmation, dated 19th August, 1937, are void as against the Plaintiffs;
(2) That it may be declared that the 2nd Defendant has no interest in or title to the properties comprised in the said transfers;
(3) That it may be declared that the 3rd Defendant has acquired no right in or title to the interest of the 1st Defendant under the Consent Decree in Suit No. 2560 of 1927, dated 24th January, 1933, as against the Plaintiffs;
(4) That pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit the 2nd Defendant may be restrained from transferring and the 3rd Defendant from receiving the 1st Defendant's interest under the said decree.
(5) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit the 2nd and 3rd Defendants may be restrained by an injunction from doing any act in furtherance of the alleged sale of the 9th March, 1939;
(6) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit the 2nd Defendant may be restrained by an injunction from exercising her power of sale under the said Indentures in respect of the Green Street property and from doing any other act as the supposed transferee of the properties comprised in the said Indentures;
(7) That the Defendants or any of them may be ordered to pay the costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent. per annum till payment; and
(8) That the Plaintiffs may have such further and other reliefs as the nature and circumstances of the case may require.

And TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that hearing of the suit has been fixed for the 18th day of September, 1939.

Dated this 26th day of June, 1939.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

This 26th day of June, 1939.
Messrs. KANGA & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

543

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BAGS OF WHEAT, MIXED GRAIN, TOOR VAL, CHOONI, COTTON SEEDS, LOOSE COTTON SWEEPINGS & LOOSE TOOR HUSKS MIXED WITH DUST. etc.

Under instructions from the B. B. & C. I. Railway Co., Messrs MENESSE & CO., will hold their monthly auction sale of the above goods at Carnac Bridge Goods' Depot at 2 p.m (S.T.) on MONDAY, the 10th July, 1939.

MENESSE & CO.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.

Government Auctioneers

SALE THIS DAY AT 5 P.M. (S.T.) AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT KALACHAUKI ROAD, CHINCHPOKLI, PAREL.

Messrs. GANDHI & Co. Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Thatte & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees Sheth Purshottam Balvant Gole & Another and on account and at the risk of Mortgagors Nathu Sakharam Jadhav and Shivram Sakharam Jadhav, in pursuance of the Mortgage dated 10th December 1937 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immovable Property on Wednesday the 5th July 1939 at 5 P.M. (S.T.) on the Premises.

All that piece of land of Foras Tenure situate on the Western side of Parel Road, Chinchpokli, Kalachauki Road admeasurement 546 Square yards but according to Cadastral Survey Register said to contain 551 Square yards being a portion of a large piece of land registered by the Collector of land Revenue Bombay under No. 767 and New No. 12752 and 12755 and C.R.R. No. 5664 and New Survey No. 2519 (part) and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 809 of Mazagaon Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'E' Ward No. 7675 and 7676 Street No. 17 Teli gully and Bounded on the East by the property of Ramchandra Laxman Teli, on the West by the Property of Cursetji Sorabji Vachha Gandhy, on the North by a private passage of the ground and on the South by the property of Tribhovandas Varjivandas.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale please apply to Messrs. Thatte & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees. Fort or to the Undersigned.

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT KALACHAUKI ROAD, PAREL.

Messrs. GANDHI & Co. Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Thatte & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees Sheth Purshottam Balvant Gole & Another and on account and at the risk of Mortgagor Ramchandra Laxman Teli, in pursuance of the Indenture of Mortgage dated 10th December 1937 sell by Public Auction, the Undermentioned Immovable Property this day Wednesday the 5th July 1939 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the Premises.

All that piece of land of Foras Tenure situate on the Southern side of Parel Road (Byculla to Parel) Kalachauki Road admeasurement 260 Square yards registered by the collector of land Revenue under New Nos. 12752 and 12755 and C. R. R. No. 5664 New Survey No. 2519 (Part) and Cadastral Survey No. 810 correct Cadastral Survey No. 808 of Mazagaon Division and assessed by the Municipality under 'E' Ward No. 7674 and Street No. 15 and bounded on the East by the property of Dhondabai widow of Tukaram Sakharam Shete on the West by the property of Dhondabai and Bhikubai Widow of Appaji Balaram, on the North by the Parel Road Cross Lane and on the South by the property of Tribhovandas Varjivandas.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Thatte & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & Co.

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF LAND SITUATE AT VADAVLI NEAR AMBERNATH STATION.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of the Insolvent Chhotulal Lallubhai, Messrs CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, 7th July, 1939, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title, and interest of the insolvent abovenamed in the vacant land bearing Entry No. 52, Survey No. 33, Hissa No. 3 (Part) area 7 acres, situate at Mouje Vadavli near Ambernath Tq. Kalyan, District Thana.

For further particulars please apply to:—

SALE

FOR SALE the right, title and interest of Bai Goolbai Bomanji Petit an Insolvent in a valuable Immovable property known as "GARDEN REACH" at Poona belonging to the said Insolvent situate at Bombay Road opposite Bhamburda Railway Station on the bank of river Mulla with extensive Road and River frontage admeasuring about 1,19,000 square Yards and consisting of (1) A VERY LARGE WELL-FURNISHED BUNGALOW suitable for Indian Princes and noblemen; (2) ONE SMALLER BUNGALOW: (3) ONE COTTAGE and numerous outhouses, garages and stables.

The Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of the said insolvent Bai Gulbai Bomanji Petit invites offers for the purchase of the above property. The offers shall be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 5,000/- and shall be subject to the terms and conditions which can be inspected at the Office of the undersigned by intending purchasers at any time during usual office hours. The offers accompanied by the said deposit should be forwarded to the undersigned for the Official Assignee of Bombay, so as to reach them not later than 12 noon on Saturday 15th July 1939. The Official Assignee does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer. Full particulars and further information may be had on application to the undersigned or to Messrs. Captain & Vaidya attorneys for the Official Assignee, 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Auctioneers.

122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

KALYAN WANTS ADEQUATE WATER SUPPLY

Grievances Placed Before Gilder

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, July 3.

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder Minister of Health and Excise to the Government of Bombay, had a busy evening on Sunday here. On getting down at the Kalyan Railway Station, he was presented with a civic address by the Kalyan Municipality through its President Mr. M. P. Oka. A large gathering of ladies and gentlemen was present.

The Hon. Minister was garlanded on behalf of several institutions. Mrs. Ramabai Tamhane, President of the Kalyan Mahila Mandal and a municipal member while offering to the guest a floral tribute narrated in a short speech the hardships the womenfolk of the town are undergoing owing to the absence of adequate water-supply. After a speech by Mr. G. K. Phadke, M.L.A., recounting the efforts he made to impress on the Ministers concerned the necessity of having a good water-supply, the Hon. Minister replied to the address in Gujarathi

He thanked the Municipality for the kind words said about him and congratulated them on having constructed a concrete road out of their savings. Referring to the urgent need of water-supply the Hon. Minister said that after Prohibition they will have their grievance duly remedied. He appealed to the public to co-operate with the Government in making Prohibition the success it deserves to be.

The reply over, the Hon. Minister opened the new concrete road recently constructed by the Municipality.

The Hon. Minister later on paid visits to the Dr. Raikar's Maternity Home, the local Ophthalmic Hospital and the Kalyan Medical Association.

Auction Sales

D. MISTRY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS

15, Elphinstone Circle, Fort

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT ARTHUR ROAD (TARDEO).

Under instructions of Messrs. DORAB & Co., attorneys for the Mortgagees Messrs. Manekji Hormusji Modi and others on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors, Messrs. Devisahai Hariprasad, Rameshwar Bhagwandin and Prabhudayal Bhagwandin.

Messrs. D. MISTRY & Co., will sell by Public Auction to-day (WEDNESDAY) the 5th July, 1939, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the Arthur Road.

LOT NO 1.—A piece of land admeasuring about 1,425 sq. yds.

LOT NO. 2—A piece of land admeasuring about 442.7 sq. yds. together with the structure.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the said attorneys or to the undersigned at their respective offices at 65, Esplanade Road and opposite Town Hall, Fort, Bombay.

D. MISTRY & CO.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM APRIL 1, 1939)

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 51	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 15	20 45
Madras Express	10 15	14 50
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 40	18 45
Nagpur Express	14 5	21 25
Poona Fast (Pass.)	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	7 00
*Deccan Queen	10 35 Mon.	17 15 Fri.

*Will not run until after end of April 1939, except before and after important holidays.

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from April 1, 1939.

Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon)	21 15 (Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (on Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	5 40

AIR SERVICES

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

London—Bombay via Poona.

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj, Ahmedabad and Poona.

Arrival at Poona Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

Delivery in Bombay: Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a.m. and Sunday at 12-30 p.m.

Bombay via Poona—London.

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O. Bombay; Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 6-30 p.m

Bombay via Poona—Colombo.

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O. Bombay; Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 7-15 a.m.

Colombo—Bombay via Poona

Delivery in Bombay: Monday at 8 a.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 p.m.

Bombay via Poona and Calcutta—Singapore—Australia

Latest hours of posting: Sunday, Monday and Thursday 6-30 p.m.

Australia—Bombay via Poona and Calcutta

Delivery: Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

Bombay via Poona and Calcutta—Hongkong, China and Japan

Latest hour of posting Monday and Thursday 6-30 p.m

Hongkong—Bombay

Delivery: Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m

The air services of the Air Services of India, Ltd., between Bombay and Kathiawar and between Bombay, Poona and Kolhapur have been suspended on account of the monsoon.

BROKEN POLE STOPS TRAIN SERVICE

One up and one down suburban train between Churchgate and Borivli had to be cancelled on Tuesday morning owing to the breaking of an electric pole on the suburban line.

The broken pole was however set right and regular service resumed very soon.

EXQUISITELY BEAUTIFUL

BECAUSE SHE WAS BLIND

THIS GIRL LOVED AN UGLY MAN

SEE THE STRONG PASSION OF AN UGLY MAN, WHO THOUGHT IT WAS LOVE!

THE STRANGEST LOVE-TALE EVER FILMED!

SUPREME PICTURES' FIRST HIT

SEE THE TRUE LOVE OF A NOBLE BLIND GIRL TOWARDS HER MASTER!

MY EYES

(MERI ANKHE)

with an Inimitable Cast:
KHURSHID, SITARA, MAZHAR KHAN, ISWARLAL, TRILOK KAPUR.

IT'S A SUPREME RELEASE

MY EYES

(MERI ANKHE)

PRODUCED AT RANJIT STUDIOS

Directed By: DWARKA KHOSLA

SHORTLY COMING TO

WEST-END

Women's Cricket

British Women Cricketers For Australia

TOURING TEAM'S FORTHCOMING FIXTURE AGAINST 'REST OF ENGLAND'

The British Women's cricket team to visit Australia during the Australian season of 1939-40 will leave England on October 27 next. The choice subject to alteration was completed last March as follows:—

Miss B. Archdale (Captain).
Mrs. Hyde.
Miss A. Brown.
Miss D. McEvoy.
Miss M. Lowe.
Miss F. Iredale.
Miss B. Beeton.
Miss M. Williamson.
Miss E. Whelan.
Miss G. Morgan.
Miss M. Lowe.
Miss P. Salman.
Miss B. Snowball.
Miss A. Collins.
Miss M. Maclagan or Miss B. Blaker.

THREE MATCHES IN NEW ZEALAND

Miss Blaker is one of the twin daughters of the old Kent-cricketer, R. N. Blaker. Miss Brown is a sister of F. R. Brown the old Cambridge Blue.

In addition to Miss Maclagan (the first player to make a century in a woman's Test Match) there was a doubt formerly as to whether Miss M. Hyde and Miss Snowball (a brilliant wicket-keeper and bat.) would be able to make the tour. The manager of the tour is Miss E. Parish (Honorary Secretary of the Women's Cricket Association). An invitation to play three matches in New Zealand has been accepted under the auspices of the Women's Cricket Association.

PREVIOUS RESULTS

The first women's team to tour Australia was that of 1934-35, and of the three Test matches played, England won the first two and drew the third: at Brisbane England won by 9 wickets, and at Sydney by 8 wickets. The drawn match took place at Melbourne. In 1937 an Australian team of women paid a return visit. In the first Test at Northampton Australia won by 31 runs; in the second at Blackpool, England won by 25 runs; in the third at the Oval, a draw resulted. Only two centuries have been scored so far in this series of six matches, and these are credited to Miss Maclagan of England: 119 at Sydney in 1934-35 and 115 at Blackpool in 1937. England has made the highest total: 308 for 9 (dec.) at the Oval in 1937, against Australia's 302 at Blackpool in the same year. The lowest total is 47 by Australia, at Brisbane, in 1934-35.

During the coming tour three Tests of three days' duration have been arranged: the first at Sydney, the second at Adelaide, and the third at Melbourne. Each of the six Australian States contribute £140 into a central fund to defray the cost of the visit of the English team. On July 22 and 24 next, the Women's touring team for Australia will play the Rest of England, at the Oval

SWIMMING RECORD BROKEN

Giles Completes 288 Miles In 77-1/2 Hours

NEW YORK, July 4.

Clarence Giles completed 288 mile swim in the Yellowstone River, Montana from Billings to Glendive, breaking the world record of 281 miles, made in the Parana River by Pedra Candiotti in 1933

Giles' swim took 77-1/2 hours.

Previously North-American long distance record was held by legless Charles Zimmy with 147 miles which he accomplished in the Hudson River in 147 hours.—Reuter.

Cricket

WEDNESDAY'S FIRST CLASS FIXTURES

JULY 5.

LORDS: GENTLEMEN V. PLAYERS.
Westcliff: Essex v. Somerset.
Pontypridd: Glamorgan v. Sussex.
Southampton: Hants v. Northants.
Ashby-de-la-Zouch: Leicester v. Warwick.
Nottingham: Notts v. Derby.
Kidderminster: Worcester v. Somerset.
Bradford: Yorks v. Middlesex. (A. Wood's Benefit.)
Manchester: Lancs v. West Indies.

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

THE HEAVY-WEIGHT BOXING CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE WORLD

BY LOOKER ON.

In order to keep up interest in the Heavy-Weight Boxing Championship of the world, a bout was arranged between Joe Louis, the reigning champion, and Tomy Galento, the challenging bar-tender from Rewark, at New York. Everybody knew that Galento, who was dubbed as "a truck-horse type of fighter," was no match for "the Brown Bomber," who had made short work of such formidable rivals as Max Schmelling, John Henry Lewis and Jack Ropen in a single round. Still the Newspaper propaganda succeeded in raising the enthusiasm of the boxing fans of America to fever-heat. And a huge crowd turned out to witness the battle. The only satisfaction they had was that Galento forced the fight to the fourth round, winning the first two, before admitting defeat.

INEQUITY IN SPORT.

There does not seem to be anybody on the horizon now who can dethrone the reigning sovereign of the boxing world in the near future. It would not be at all surprising if Joe Louis retains his title much longer than most of his predecessors whose period of sovereignty averaged to four years. By the time Louis retires from the ring, he will amass a fortune which may be the envy of many of our Merchant-Princes and intellectuals. Our poor sportsmen can never dream of such fabulous wealth in the realm of sport. The professional wrestlers get some money no doubt for their big fights. But they are insignificant in comparison with the huge Stakes which "the Land of the Mighty Dollars" provide. There must be a limit—a sense of proportion—to such hero-worship. Isn't it sad to think that while a Champion Athlete of the World Jesse Owens, is living in penury a champion in another field-boxing—is rolling in wealth? Let there be some justice between the sportsmen of the world.

ENGLAND'S CAPTAIN FOR INDIA.

Rumour has it in the well-informed circles of England that B. H. Valentine, the Kent Captain, will be asked to lead the M.C.C. team which will tour India next cold weather. It is stated that W. R. Hammond, England's Captain, will be unable to visit, this country, owing to England's visit to Australia next year Hammond must have rest to conserve his energies for the battle royal against the 'Kangaroos.' It will be a deep disappointment for the Cricketing fans in this country They have been anxiously looking forward to the day when they would be able to see one of the greatest batsmen of the world in action. Everybody would like the M.C.C. to alter this decision in order to please the Indian crowds. Even if they do not, Valentine may be assured of a warm reception in this country. When he visited India in 1933 with D. R. Jardine's team he made himself very popular with the crowds by his forceful style of batting. He accompanied Hammond's team to South Africa recently as his understudy, and was thoroughly successful. Let us hope the composition of his team will be attractive enough to rouse popular enthusiasm in India.

WHAT ABOUT INDIAN CAPTAINCY?

What about the Captaincy of the Indian team? Everybody has been asking this question. I can hardly answer. The Board of Control for Cricket in India, composed as it is to-day, does not give us much room for speculation. They have left us in the dark altogether so far. For ought we know, they may spring an utter surprise on us. They are going to meet in Bombay in a fortnight's time when I expect they will make a definite decision on the subject. It seems to me that they will consider the claims of Major C. K. Nayudu, Syed Wazirali and Vijay Merchant. The last-named proved a failure as a Test Captain against Lord Tennyson's team. So he should be out of count for the present. When he gains more experience as a skipper his case may be considered. About Wazir Ali, there is a good deal of support. He is such a lucky Captain, many people say that he deserves a chance. But for Nayudu there is a heavy demand. I believe the scandalous way he was treated by the last selectors is responsible for it. Justice should be done to him they assert with one voice. The Board of Control will court disaster if they turn down his claims again.

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Tuesday.

Ujaimbai, who was alleged to have snatched away a gold bangle from the person of a girl at Madhav Bagh yesterday evening, was produced before Mr. K. J. Khambatta at the Girgaum Court who remanded her to Police custody till the 17th instant.

Shanker Moti was sentenced on Monday to one year's jail by Mr. K. J. Khambatta, at the Girgam Court, for infringing the order of the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, directing him not to enter the limits of Bombay for two years from June 12 last.

Four persons alleged to be gamblers were arrested by the city police last night on a charge of Sutta gambling.

All the accused persons were placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate at Mazagaon court when they were ordered to be released on bail.

Gulam Rasool Abdulla, who was charged with causing the death of Mahalaxmibai (9), daughter of Mr. N. C. N. Acharya, a pleader by driving his motor lorry in a rash and negligent manner, was given the benefit of the doubt by Mr. K. C. Thakore at the Dadar Court and acquitted.

He was also charged with driving the lorry with defective brakes at the time of the accident and carrying an excess load of over a ton. On the second charge the accused was fined Rs. 100, in default to suffer one month's simple imprisonment.

That death was due to extensive burns caused by a primus stove was the verdict passed at the inquest held over the death of one Ramabhai Chaturbhuj.

That death was caused by shock from rupture of liver due ot accidental fall from the 2nd floor of the Divisional Transportation Superintendent's office at Victoria Terminus was recorded by the Coroner at the inquest held today over the death of Dagoo Salia Nagoo.

ALLEGED CHEATING

Ardeshir J. Balsara was arrested yesterday by the Kingsway Police on a charge of cheating and was placed before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, the Presidency Magistrate of Dadar Court to-day.

It was stated that the complainant was met by the accused at Chowpatty and was induced by him to follow him to Byculla. They then boarded the train to go to Sion and during the course of their journey in the train the accused is alleged to have induced the complainant to hand over his wrist watch and gold ring on the pretext of showing it to his girl friend at Sion.

When they arrived at Sion the accused asked him to wait for him at the station for a while and that he would return within five minutes. He waited for about two hours but failed to recover his gold possession.

On the complaint lodged with the Police he was arrested and was ordered to be released on bail till the 10th instant.

MANAGER JAILED

Rambhai Ratilal Mehta, who was for ten years a manager of the Tulsidas Gopalji Charitable Trust and who was charged with misappropriation, was convicted and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for 18 months by Mr. D.N.D. Khandalawala, Chief Presidency Magistrate, to-day.

The Magistrate sentenced him to rigorous imprisonment for 18 months and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000, in default to suffer six months' further imprisonment. He also directed that if the fine was recovered it should be made over to the Tulsidas Gopalji Charitable Trust.

Mr. C. N. Kanuga appeared for the complainant and Mr. S. A. Shete appeared for the accused.

CONSENT DECREE

A settlement was arrived at in the case in which Mr. Parsharam Vishnu Jogelekar, a landowner at Sion, claimed from Government of Bombay for compensation for damage suffered by him due to subsequent refusal by Government to acquire lands declared in 1919 to be acquired for public purposes.

The case was heard before Mr Justice Kania.

In July 1919 the claimant Mr. Parsharam Vishnu Joglekar, was given notice at the instance of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust that his lands and houses at Sion near the Sion Railway Station were required for public purposes and that they would be duly acquired. Then certain proceedings were held through the Land Acquisition Officer, and ultimately in 1928 the acquisition notification re:the lands of the claimant was withdrawn.

As during the period of the acquisition notification, i.e., July 1919 to September 1928, the claimant could not deal with or alienate his lands at Sion, and as the value of the lands fell, the claimant claimed damages due to the subsequent non-acquisition.

Teh Land Acquisition Officer allowed Rs. 630/ as compensation which the claimant accepted under protest, and —a reference was then made to the High Court, the claimant asking for compensation for damage suffered by him.

It may be re-callew that many references of this kind have been made in respect of Dharavi lands. In the reference re-the executors of the will of the late Mr. Dinshaw, Mr. Justice Kania had held that damages could be recovered for damage suffered due to fall in the value of the land during the period of notification, if subsequently no acquisition takes place.

A Consent Decree was taken in Mr. Joglekar's Reference, whereby the Government agreed to pay Rs. 2,500/ to the Claimant Mr. Joglekar, this being in addition to the sum of Rs. 630/ already awarded by the Land Acquisition Officer.

Mr M. J. Sethna, instructed by Messrs. Thatte Co. appeared for the Claimant Mr. Joglekar.

Mr. M. C. Setalcad, the Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Little & Co., appeared for the Government.

New Scheme For Registration Of County Cricketers

M. C. C.'s SUGGESTION ON PREPARING WICKETS FOR FIRST CLASS MATCHES

As the result of a decision reached by the Advisory County Committee at Lord's, last March, a scheme for the registration of county cricketers, and one aimed at ensuring the more rapid qualification of cricketers will come into operation this season. The M. C. C. Committee, or a special Sub-Committee will act as a tribunal, empowered to register cricketers of the following categories:

(1) A cricketer not required by a county (or counties) for which he is qualified. (2) A recognised English amateur returning from overseas either for temporary or permanent residence. (3) A cricketer having special family associations with a county for which he requires to be registered, such as a cricketer whose father has played regularly for a county for not less than five years and a cricketer whose well-established family home is in a particular country. (4) A cricketer who has no qualification for any county excluding one whose permanent home is, or has been at any time during the preceding twenty-four months, outside the United Kingdom.

IMPORTANT PROVISO.

An important proviso is that the county desiring to obtain the services of a cricketer must furnish written consent of the county for which the player is already qualified.

The new rules provide that a cricketer will be eligible to play for a county as soon as, but not until, the special registration has been approved. In their report the Special Committee stress that players at home should be protected against any accelerated qualification of players coming from Overseas.

On the question of preparation of wickets the Counties at Lord's who met in the March of the present year, agreed to the following suggestions by the M.C.C. with regard to all wickets used in first-class cricket, including those for Test Matches!

PREPARATION OF WICKETS.

Before each season all counties will instruct their groundsmen that the ideal wicket is one which makes the conditions as equal between batsman and bowler without being dangerous. Under no circumstances should wickets be prepared so as to favour the batsman unduly. Counties will give instructions that all wickets be prepared with this object in view.

County Committees will accept the responsibility for any criticism of the wickets and will inform their groundsmen and players of this.

BLIND LOVE
SHOWED HIM THE PATH OF
REDEMPTION!

SEE

The Life and Loves of India's GREATEST and PREMIER NATIONAL POET——

Sant Tulsidas

(A Marathi MUSICAL Epic)

Featuring:

V. PAGNIS, VASANTI
LEELA CHITNIS, B.A.; K. DATEY, RAM MARATHEY, RAM APTE, DIXIT, B. SOHNI, ETC.

Shree RANJIT MOVITONE'S Colossal Devotional HIT:

Direction: JAYANT DESAI

2 Second Great Week

Every Show a PACKED House AT

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Time:—— 4, 7 & 10 p.m. Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 1 p.m.

★ SPECTACULAR IN SWEEP!
★ TREMENDOUS IN DRAMATIC PORTRAYALS

—It's a different picture differently produced for all classes of audiences.

Directed By:—
INDIA'S DIRECTOR NO. 1:
DEBKI BOSE

and Music By:—
R. C. BORAL

NEW THEATRES'

SAPERA

(The SNAKE-CHARMER)

Starring:—
NAWAB, KANAN, PAHARI, Menaka, Prithviraj and K. C. Dey.

DAILY: 4-45, 7-30 & 10 P.M.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays: 2 p.m.

KRISHNA
TALKIES :: DUBASH THEATRE

MORE TERRIFYING than ever—new weird characters NEW THRILLS
"SON OF FRANKENSTEIN"
with
BORIS KARLOFF
TO-MORROW THURSDAY
ZENANA SHOW
at 1-45 p.m. at greatly reduced RATES
Daily: 4-45; 7-30; 10 p.m.
NOVELTY
TALKIES
Grant Road Tram Terminus
Management:
Super Film Exhibitors.

A SAD SAGA OF A TRUE LOVE BETWEEN A BRAHMIN BOY AND A HARIJAN GIRL
IT'S TRUE
SARASWATI'S Great PICTURE
Starring:—
ROSE and MOTILAL
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
PLAZA

THE ONLY
INDIAN MUSICAL COMEDY IN TOWN
Huns Pictures
"A BOTTLE OF BRANDY!"
EIGHTH WEEK IN
MAJESTIC
DAILY 4-30, 7-15 & 10
SEE
DAMUANNA MALVANKAR
The Prince of Funnymen!
DISTRIBUTORS
FAMOUS PICTURES, BOMBAY 4.

FRIDAY
THE
SEVENTH JULY
WILL SHOW TO THE
WORLD
THAT WHEN
THE
ROYAL BLOOD
LEADS THE FIGHT
FOR
FREEDOM
THINGS
BEGIN TO HAPPEN FRUITFULLY FAST
HOMI WADIA'S
Punjab Mail
IS A LIVING AND LIVELY EXAMPLE OF WHAT I HAVE SAID
WITH
JOHN CAVAS
PUNJABKA BETA
AND
Rolls-Royce-Ki-Beti
I LEAD THE FIGHT
NADIA
NEXT
FRIDAY
AT THE
LAMINGTON

THIS SUPERB MYTHOLOGICAL
IS DRAWING CROWDS BECAUSE IT IS PRODUCED TO MODERN TASTES!
PRABHA PICTURES'
MAYA BAZAR
(MARATHI)
NOW IN ITS
4th WEEK
AT
CENTRAL
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
A SUPREME RELEASE!

YOU CAN'T GET AWAY WITH MURDER
HUMPHREY BOGART
EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

With a BRUSH an artist WORKS WONDERS

With a toothbrush you, too, can work wonders. Just try a half-inch of Kolynos on a *dry toothbrush*—twice daily—and see the amazing difference in your teeth.

BRIGHTEN your SMILE with KOLYNOS

HEAD-COLDS

To loosen clogging mucus, soothe irritation, and ease the breathing, melt a little of this ointment in boiling water and inhale the steaming medicated vapours. Also put a little VapoRub up each nostril, and snuff well back.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 4, 1995
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 17, 1358
Parsi: Behman 3, 1308
Hightide: 1-42; 14-15
Lowtide: 5-28; 20-26
Sunrise: 6h. 6m.
Sunset: 7h. 26m.
Municipal Schools Committee, 3-10 p.m.

Thursday, July 6.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
S. S. 'Cathay' with mails from London due at 4 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

CHINOY—On 4th July, 1939, at Mussoorie Roshan, aged 12, dearly beloved daughter of Sir Sultan Chinoy, died of typhoid fever.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

B E S T APPRENTICES' LECTURE

Mr. P. J. D'Souza will give a talk on "Principles of Engineering Costing" to-day (Wednesday), at 5-45 p.m. in the conference hall of Electric House. The lecture is open to engineers and others interested in the subject.

The Foundation Stone loying Ceremony

of the Power House at Hala will be performed by Makhdum Ghulam Hyder Kureshi Sidiki, President Hala Municipality on Sunday (16th inst.) at 7 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"You Can't Get Away with Murder". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Hound of the Baskerville". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Durga". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Mother India" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Zenobia". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"Leather Face". Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Son of Frankenstein". Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"The Kick". Time as usual.
CENTRAL—"Maya Bazar". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"One Fatal Night". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"The Mill". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p. m.
PALACE—"Great Waltz". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Boys Town". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"A Bottle of Brandy". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Broadway Serenade" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
BANDRA TALKIES—"Three Smart Girls Grow Up." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sant Tulsidas". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
EROS—"Midnight". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

SANGAT SABHA

Mr. Y. V. Bhandarkar B.A. LL.B., will speak on "Kirtan and Divine Service" in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum to-day (Wednesday), at 6-30 p.m.

S. S. "CANTON"

The outward mail steamer "Canton" is now due alongside Ballard Pier at 1-30 p.m. Medical Inspection time remains unaltered.

LEAGUE OF RADICAL CONGRESSMEN

There will be a general meeting of the members of the League of Radical Congressmen of Bombay and Suburbs at Syt Rajaram Panday's residence, ground floor, Ghaswala Building, opposite Bhutanivas, Vincent Road, near King's Circle, Matunga, to-day (Wednesday), at 9 p.m.

CATTLE IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE

The Cattle Improvements Committee, which was appointed by the Bombay Government on April 14, to report within two months on the problems connected with the breeding of milch cattle, has been allowed an extension of time for submission of its report by one month.

DEATH OF SIR SULTAN CHINOY'S DAUGHTER

The "Chronicle" regrets to announce the death of Miss. Roshan (aged 12), daughter of Sir Sultan Chinoy which occurred at Mussoorie on Tuesday last of typhoid fever. The "Ziarat" ceremony will be performed at 10 a.m on Thursday (to-morrow) at Meher Building, Bandstand, Chowpatty. The offices and workshop of the Bombay Garage will remain closed to-day.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Profs. Colaco and Beri will meet their classes in Contemporary Literature and Present-day Economic Problems of India to-day (Wednesday), in the University, South Wing at 6-30 p.m. Profs. Carelli and Pardasani will meet their classes in Italian (Junior) and Civics in St. Xavier's College and the University, South Wing to-day (Wednesday), at 6-30 p.m. and 6-15 p.m. respectively.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL

The Parliamentary sub-committee of the B.P.W.C. has arranged a talk on Mr. B. D. Lala's Bill on Dissolution and Nullity of Marriages among the Hindus, and Mrs. Lilavati Munshi's Bill for the prevention of Bigamous marriages among the Hindus introduced in the Bombay Legislative Assembly at the Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal Santa Cruz (Kora's Bungalow) to-day (Wednesday), at 4 p.m. Mrs. Sulochana Modi, Mrs. Kapila Thakore and Mrs. Vidyaben Munim will explain the principles underlying the two Bills.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed Registered and Unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for South Africa and all correspondence for Laurenzo Marques per s.s. "Isipingo" via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 6th instant.

AIR SERVICES PLANE

The Air Services of India Ltd., write:—

Our plane VT-AKC will leave for London on Friday the 7th inst., at 7-30 a.m (S.T.) from Juhu Aerodrome, Bombay.

SANTA CRUZ RESIDENTS ASSOCIATION'S CHARITABLE DISPENSARY

During the month of June 1939 the number of potients treated in the above dispensary was males 1454, females 1338 and children 1689 making a total of 4481.

The No. of minor surgical operations etc., performed was 178.

MANGROL TARUN SANGA

Under the auspices of "Mangrol Tarun Sangh" a meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Mangrol Mansion Borabazar, when Mr. Vajubhai Sukla will speak on "Present Political Situation in Kathiawar."

Shreemati Susmita Medh. B. A. (Hons.) who has been awarded R. B. Hargovinddas Kantawala Prize for coming first in Gujarati at the B. A. Examination. Mrs. Susmita Medh is the daughter of Sardar Jayendrarao Divatia of Ahmedabad.

Mr. Angelo Moses, M. A., F.R.A.C., of Baroda, who recently graduated in Physical Education and obtained the B. P. E. Degree. Mr. Moses, who is only 24 years old, is a well known sportsman.

EXCISE PARTY ATTACKED

Kolshet Villagers Take Away Liquor Attached During Raid

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, July 4.

A successful excise raid for the attachment of illicit liquor from a house at Kolshet, a village three miles away, was marred last evening by an attack of sticks and stones on the part of about 70 villagers who are alleged to have set upon the Excise Assistant Inspector Mr. S. K. Shinde and his party, while on their way to Thana. Two and a half gallons of illicit liquor was seized in a raid effected at nightfall yesterday.

A furlong away on the outskirts of the village, the party was overpowered by the villagers, the liquor already seized was taken away and lathis and stones were freely used.

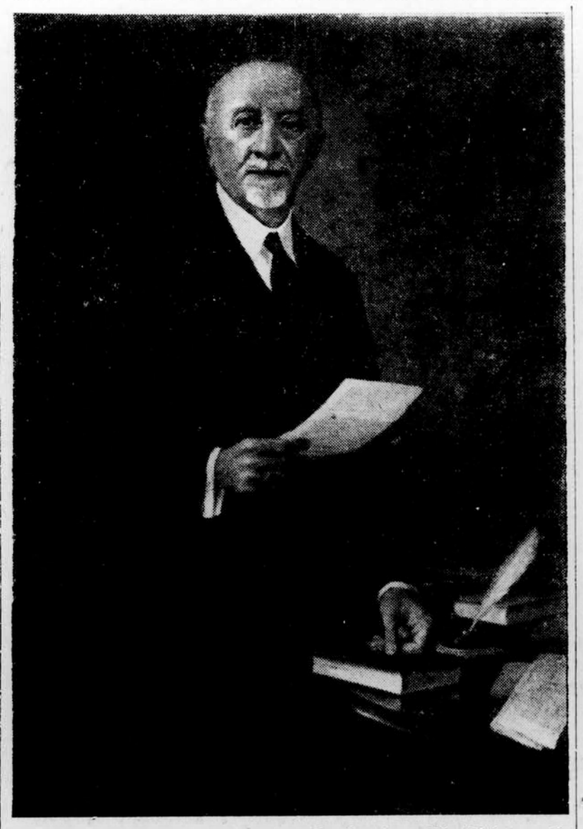
The Inspector who has sustained two wounds on his head and several other minor injuries, was immediately brought down to the Thana Civil Hospital, where he has been detained for treatment. The Police are busy investigating but as yet no arrests have been effected. The Inspector is progressing well.

HETKARI BHANDARI MANDAL, DADAR

The following students have been granted scholarship for this year:—

Vasant S. Bagayatkar, Std. VII, Mission High School, Vengurla Rs. 54; Laxuman D. Tondvalkar, Std. VII Bhandari High School, Malwan Rs. 27; Raghunath M. Bujji, Std. VI King George English School, Dadar Rs. 63; Pandharinath K. Kambli, Std. VI, Bombay E. League High School, Bombay Rs. 60; Dayaghan D. Gaokar Std. VI Bhat High School, Parel Rs. 57; Naravan D. Rumde, Std. VI, Mofutlal G. High School, Devgad, Rs. 53; Laxuman B. Kauthankar, Std. VI Prabhu Seminary School, Bombay Rs. 30; Vasudeo K. Gavande, Bhadari High School, Malwan, Std. VI Rs. 24; Sanjava K. Patil, Std. VI Shiwaji Public School, Dadar Rs. 54; Laxuman B. Shelatkar Shiwaji Public School, Dadar, Std. VI Rs. 54; Dayal S. Pednakar, Std. V Oriental High School, Bombay Rs. 54; Manohar Y. Mungekar, Std. IV Rangnekar English School, Vengurla Rs. 30; Miss. Vatsala S. Dhuri, 1st year training Seva Sadan, Bombay Rs. 40; Miss Nirabai Chandrarao Bandivdekar, Std V Kanya Shala, Malwan, Rs. 24; Malwan Bhandari High School Rs. 100; Malwan Achre Bang Jamdul School Building Rs. 50; Total Rs. 774.

The following gentlemen have consented to donate towards the scholarship this year:—Dr. R. S. G. V. Chipkar, Civil Surgeon, Belgaum Rs. 60; Messrs. P. B. Waigankar Rs. 25; D. L. Sirsekar Rs. 15; V. D. Sarang Rs. 12; V. V. Kalsekar Rs. 12; and B. G. Mhapankar Rs. 6; Total Rs. 130.



This life-like portrait in oils of the late Sir Phiroze C. Sethna was put up at the Central Bank, Bombay, on Sunday last, in the memory of his valuable services to the Bank. The painting has been skilfully executed by Mr. Sorab M. Pithawalla.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

224 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8-0 a.m. Keep fit! 8-10 Leaves of memory 8-20 News in English 8-30 Haunting harmonies 8-45 On bended knee.

12-30 p.m. Narayan Rao Vyas 1-0 Market rates 1-10 Mutual understanding 1-25 Garba taz 1-30 Music 2-30 School broadcast 2-35 Marathi literature by Y. N. Kelkar 2-50 Gujarati Bhavgeets 3-0 Geography 6-0 Tarabai of Gadag 6-15 Three choruses 6-25 Karim Khan 6-35 Gulshan Sufi 6-45 Master Navrang 7-0 Land of gold (Hindustani) 7-15 Manohar Kapur 7-30 Commercial news 7-45 Radio Orchestra: Gat Maru Behag 7-55 Tarabai of Gadag 8-5 Nargis 8-35 Narayan Rao Vyas 9-35 Master Navrang 9-45 World affairs by Alfred Zimmern (from B B C) 10-0 Manohar Kapur 10-10 Tarabai of Gadag 10-30 Epilogue

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8-0 to 9-0 a.m. & 12-30 to 3-15 p.m. As in Bombay 1 6-0 Master Navrang 6-15 Maligaura on violin 6-20 Gulsan Sufi 6-30 Kairana flourishes 6-45 Manohar Kapur 7-0 to 9-35 As in Bombay 1 9-35 Aida 10-12 Lotte Lehmann: Soprano 10-15 Olga Athaide: Pianoforte 10-30 Epilogue

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

8-0 to 8-10 a.m. As in Bombay 1 8-10 News in Hindustani 8-20 News in English 8-30 to 9-0 As in Bombay 1

12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1 6-0 News in English 6-5 News in Hindustani 6-10 to 9-0 As in Bombay 2 9-0 News in Hindustani 9-15 News in English 9-35 to 9-45 Band of H. M. Grenadier Guards 9-45 World affairs by Sir Alfred Zimmern, (from B B C) 10-0 Kentucky minstrels (B B C) 10-30 Late news

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

8-0 to 9-0 a.m. & 12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

6-0 to 9-35 As in Delhi 1 9-35 Recorded programme 10-30 Late news

Delhi—III Programme

19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s)

8-0 to 9-0 a.m. & 12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

6-0 to 9-45 As in Delhi 1 9-45 to 10-0 As in Delhi 2 10-0 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1

Lucknow—Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6 p.m. M.M. Golwalkar. 6-15 Anis Khatoon of Cawnpore. 6-35 Qamar Khan of Khairabad. 6-55 Mobarak Husain. 7-5 M. M. Golwalkar. 7-15 Dehati Bhaiyon ke Liye; For rural areas. 7-45 Anis Khatoon, Geets. 8-5 Qamar Khan. 8-20 Reference Your Letter. 8-35 M.M. Golwalkar. 8-45 Kanya-Dan (Hindustani play). 9-40 Anis Khatoon: Ghazals. 10 Mehfil.

B. B. C. Programme

7-30 p.m. B B C Orchestra. 8-30 Leonce & Lena. 9 Shows from Seaside. 9-30 News. 9-45 World Affairs. 10 Marches. 10-15 Cricket: Gentlemen v. Players. 10-25 Sports.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

The Eduljee Framjee Allbless Leper Home in Trombay has had yet another year of successful working.

This home was established about 53 years ago by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Meurin in a commodious house presented by the well-known Allbless family of Bombay.

The home is in charge of Dr. F. Raschid who has been Superintendent and Medical Officer since 1908. To Dr. Raschid the home owes a lot, for he carried out his none too pleasant duties, with efficiency, sympathy and wholehearted devotion.

The cause of these unfortunate men is of great public importance and their plight should kindle every heart with sympathy for them.

The home is in its present stage needs financial support as the number of the inmates is on the increase. The public who have always supported a good cause would therefore do well to send their mite to this home.

PETER'S AND PAUL'S LEAGUE

Besides the many Associations, Bandra also has many leagues whose aim and ideal is partly charity and partly enjoyment.

For the last 43 years Bandra has a Peter and Paul's League who celebrated the feast of their patrons on June 29, by a solemn High Mass at St. Peter's Church, Bandra.

The annual general meeting of this League was held on Sunday July 2, at the residence of the League's Secretary Mr. Peter Rana.

At the very outset Mr. P. P. A. Gonsalves referred to the loss the League has sustained by the death of the Founder and Patron of the League Rev. P. A. Fernandes, the well-known Bombay East Indian Historian. A prayer was offered for the repose of his soul all members standing.

Mr. P. P. A. Gonsalves then proposed the adoption of the proceedings of the last annual general meeting and the report of accounts. This was seconded by Mr. P. T. Pereira and carried.

Mr. Paul Pereira, Advocate, then proposed that Rev. Paul Fernandes will be the Patron of the League. The resolution carried and the meeting was followed by refreshments.

Two Full Hearts

- - - - and neither made a sound.

Across a sick-bed, They met. They saw. Each suppressed all thought of conquest, Though conquest was easy enough.

Each was too full of Love to find room for any idea about declaring it.

Devika Rani

in BOMBAY TALKIES'

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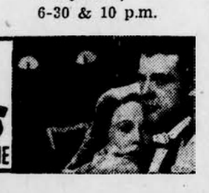

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1939

NEED FOR DISCIPLINE

The Congress Secretary has found it necessary to warn Provincial Congress Committees of the growing indiscipline in the Congress organisation and to impress upon them the need for prompt and effective measures to remedy it. Indiscipline has been common for some time past but it seems to have been more aggressive since the last meeting of the A.I.C.C. The Congress Secretary points out that various subordinate Congress Committees have passed resolutions calling in question the decisions of the A.I.C.C and have even organised meetings to condemn its decisions. This is most deplorable and utterly unjustifiable. Many of those who are guilty of indiscipline or encourage it in others claim to safeguard the interests of democracy. But the A.I.C.C. itself is a most democratically elected body and for subordinate bodies to flout its decisions betokens scant regard for democracy. Many who wittingly or unwittingly encourage indiscipline claim also to be organising the country for a stern fight. But, as the Congress Secretary pertinently points out, if subordinate bodies in an organisation defy the higher authorities, "we may despair of organising the country for any effective action against our opponents."

Kisan Satyagraha

The latest manifestations of indiscipline are directed against the resolutions of the A.I.C.C., particularly the one prohibiting Congressmen from offering or organising Satyagraha in a province without the previous sanction of the Provincial Congress Committee. Swami Sahajanand Saraswati, a member of the A.I.C.C., who is also the General Secretary of the All-India Kisan Sabha, has issued circular to the Provincial Kisan Sabhas wherein he states: "So far as the Kisan workers and the Kisans are concerned, whether they are Congressmen or not, they will go on with their struggles unfettered in any way by this resolution and resort to Satyagraha as usual where no alternative is left for them." This is only one of the instances of responsible Congressmen encouraging other Congressmen to ignore or defy the decisions of the higher authorities. Swami Sahajanand contends, as do some other leaders of Kisans and workers, that "initiative in direct action is the very breath of the nostrils of the class organisations and if that is taken away or made dependent on others beyond their control it will kill those organisations automatically." Even if this were said of Satyagraha by non-Congress Kisans, it would be unwise for them to organise it on any large scale against a Provincial Government against the wishes of the local Congress Committee whereas milder agitation with the support of the Congress and the public would give better results with less sacrifice on the part of poor Kisans. But it must be conceded that non-Congress Kisans and workers are under no obligation to enlist the support of the Congress before launching Satyagraha.

Defiance Objectionable

In the present case, however, we are concerned primarily with Congressmen including Kisans and workers. As Satyagraha by Congressmen directly or indirectly involves the Congress organisation, it is necessary for them to secure the permission of the Provincial Congress Committee before offering it, just as it is necessary for workers to get the permission of their Union before they undertake a strike. And now that such permission is made obligatory on Congressmen, to flout the obligation is most unjustifiable indiscipline. It will not do argue, as does Swami Sahajanand, that Kisans, though Congressmen, are entitled to offer Satyagraha on the initiative of their own class organisations. If the Kisans offering Satyagraha need the permission of their class organisation, they need, as Congressmen, the permission of the Congress Committee concerned. It has been argued that on certain occasions those who are compelled to offer Satyagraha immediately cannot afford to wait for the Provincial Congress Committee's permission without compromising their honour. And Acharya Narendra Dev's defiance of the ban imposed upon him by the Punjab Government may be cited as an apposite instance. But exceptional and individual cases like this cannot vitiate a wholesome general rule. Moreover in such cases it should be sufficient if the person who finds it necessary to offer Satyagraha or defy a ban without waiting for the Congress Committees permission to inform the Committee of his intention as Acharya Dev actually did. Congress Committees will doubtless be reasonable in granting permission for Satyagraha. Aggrieved persons may appeal to the Congress President or the Working Committee, but defiance of the A.I.C.C.'s resolution is most objectionable from every point of view.

Fate Sealed?

"Extensive measures of a military character." Mr. Chamberlain informed the House of Commons, "were being carried out in the Free City. Large and increasing numbers of German Nationals had recently arrived there ostensibly as tourists, and local defence corps were being formed under the name of *Heimwehr*." The Nazis have, as usual denied all this. That the facts are true does not really need any argument. It is absurd, though not so for the Nazis, to pretend that large numbers of "tourists" will suddenly invade a City in the midst of a grave crisis for the innocent pastime of sight-seeing. Secondly, with a Nazi Senate anything can be done "within the law."

And a lot of things are, in fact, being done, some of them definitely against the Statute of the City of Danzig. As a matter of fact, Berlin practically admits preparations when it is widely accepted there that "Danzig's fate has been decided and the only remaining question is *wen*." Mr. Chamberlain had better prepare for the crisis. His Government "much appreciate" the calm courage and self-control of the Poles. But we hope the appreciation is not intended to imply that the Poles are expected by Mr. Chamberlain to persevere with their calm courage and self-control even when Danzig is virtually annexed to the Reich.

Penal Reform

Those who are interested in penal reform in India will be happy to learn that efforts to set up the necessary organisation for the purpose are making satisfactory progress. It will be remembered that some time back some workers in the cause met in Bombay and decided to set up an All-India Penal Reform League and appointed a small provisional committee for the purpose. Since then a Provincial Committee has been formed in Bombay and it may be, it is believed, the nucleus for an all-India organisation. Meanwhile it is proposed to convene all-India Conference at Lucknow in October under the presidentship of Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai. It is particularly gratifying to learn that several provincial Governments have promised to participate in the conference. We feel confident all Congress Governments will do so. While we wish the conference every success, we would suggest that if resolutions are to be adopted by it, they should be very carefully drafted in consultation with experienced jail administrators. The Bombay Committee may well frame the draft resolutions and publish them some time before the conference, so that the conference may have the benefit of knowing public opinion thereon.

"Inside Asia"

(By D. F. KARAKA).

I have just finished reading this much-awaited sequel to "Inside Europe" by the same versatile author, once a newspaper man from the United States, now a walking Baedeker, who started the fashion of putting modern journalism in cloth binding and found it most lucrative. "Inside Asia" goes into six hundred pages. The edition is published by Harper's for three and a half dollars.

My dominant feeling at leaving "Inside Asia" is a feeling of intense disappointment. Perhaps it is because one expected so much after "Inside Europe". Moreover, unlike, his first work, this book deals with much that we are familiar with and our appreciation of it is much marred by our greater knowledge of what he touches upon only in outline.

The chapters in which we are most interested are obviously those on India and if one were to judge the book from the Indian chapters one could say that the author was right when he suggested to his publisher that this book should not be named, like its predecessor, "Inside Asia". John Gunther knew his Europe well. He had lived in it and saw it developing into the powder-magazine of Adolf Hitler, into the umbrella-factory of Neville Chamberlain and the Grand Opera of Mussolini. He knew it as a man, who lived in it without the consciousness of having to write a book about it later on. He lived in it because he liked it and understood it.

★

Asia has been a different sort of continent. He has passed through it too much like a journalist-bird-of-passage, making notes here and there, but always bearing in mind that a publisher and a vast reading public would always lap up whatever he wrote. He might have more truthfully called the book "On the Fringe of Asia". That is the great regret I feel at reading what might have been a great book, but what is merely an entertaining collection of data and anecdotes.

Much of what he writes on India is contained In the autobiographies of Mahatma Gandhi and Jawaharlal Nehru. He quotes from them, but adds little to these quotations. They may be

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 1).

Appeal For World Peace

By 'Observateur'

REUTER'S and other news including that broadcast by the Italian Radio for the Middle and Far East, during the week do not fail to emphasise and underline the significance of events that although they would apparently seem to have no direct bearing on each other they convey a clear and definite impression of each move and counter-move made on the diplomatic chess board respectively by the Axis and Anti-Axis (or as the term is preferred, peace Axis) Powers.

The Fascist International, reacting to the necessity of modifying if not changing its methodology in propaganda has, since Roosevelt addressed his appeal to Hitler particularly, been trying to create panic and work up mass hysteria with the use of the catch-words 'encirclement' and 'war-mongering'. It is no doubt a fact that, at least as far back as in 1935, both the German Fuehrer and the Roman Duce (who, as he admits with his inherent proletarian simplicity, in his so-called 'autobiography'—a tissue mostly of half-truths and assorted almost 'Mein-Kampf'-esque, lies—to have carefully studied Le Bon's Psychology of the crowd) have freely employed the rather worn-out platform phrases of integral pacifism.

★

With a cunning and unscrupulousness an opportunism and recklessness, that are at all times the most outstanding virtues of successful adventurers in the game of international politics they have mastered and employed with profit every trick of public utterance till they reached a stage in their megalomaniac gambler's progress which made it safe to thunder out their real aims of policy in clear unambiguous terms, with a brutality of expression that left no doubt about their contempt for, and disregard of, every principle and decency of diplomatic speech.

★

The lie, or at any rate the propaganda lie, is praised in accents obviously of self-styled Messiah and held up as a first principle of Nazi policy in the Hitler bible. But the lie is more a means than an end—that is made clear enough by the author of "My Struggle"—and may not outlive its uses, abuses and misuses although the huge propaganda machine is built up on its principle. But it is always there handy and useful when the moment should arrive necessitating its employment. The dog in other words, can always return to his vomit. It is one of the elementary secrets of Fuehrership as perfected by the Nazi Fuehrer of Fuehrers.

★

That should explain the insistence of the twin-dictators on the leitmotif of peace—German peace, Italian peace, European peace—that the Judeo-Marxist conspirators are menacing and the transfiguration of the world-conquering Nazi hero into a halved gauleiter of peace. Conquest and pacifism as preached and practised by the Nazis and their ideological accomplices and allies are interchangeable terms.

★

But at this moment, as never before perhaps since the months of successive Nazi conquests in Central Europe, has peace been posed as an ideal of the Fascist International with, of course, German honour and German justice trotting behind its heels. This pacifist propaganda has been noticeably on the increase since what the American journalists describe as the 'Stop Hitler' movement has been formulated and launched in action by the democratic European Powers.

★

But there is another and certainly more important reason for this remarkable change in the fascist front of catchwords. The Duce particularly has been trying to evoke the ideal of peace to reassure the Italian public, large sections of which have been profoundly perturbed in several instances both in the industrial cities and agricultural districts where the imperial Italian race is nourished on the 'empire bread.'

★

According to reports published in the uncensored press the discontent caused by this now famous bread is getting out of control despite the best efforts of the Gestapo and Oura in their combined combing out activities. Denunciation of the Axis policy which is based on the supremacy and leadership of Hitler and is opposed to the spontaneous feeling of distrust and hostility that the Italians, inheriting as they do the tradition of Garibaldean nationalism and the Risorgimento, instinctively and strongly cherish again pan-Germanism and particularly Hitlarianism.

★

The worst feature of this mass discontent which is being expressed in an unmistakable manner despite the use of force made by the Carabineri and the Fascist police resulting in several places in wounding and death of Italian women (a tragic image of the madonna!), is that the Fascist party itself harbours the elements of discontent. The majority of them, as is to be expected, are good Italians and good Fascists—much too good for the Duce's last throw of the dice of the Germano-Italian military pact which signs Italy away as a vassal of the German world-conquerors.

★

The appeal addressed to the German labour both by their British and French comrades who speak as free men and women and express a unanimous feeling for real peace is calculated to strengthen the forces that must be quite formidable even if it becomes difficult to gauge their strength and capacity to paralyse the Germano-Italian war-machine.

★

It reminds one of the heroic memory of Jaures who raised his voice in warning before the Great War broke out to be stilled forever. .....Although conditions to-day are not dissimilar from those of 1914 in one respect at least the existing situation is favourable:—'there is a greater and more intensive if not freely-expressed will for peace that will if war breaks out' be the greatest obstacle in the path of the war-mongering dictators, men who rely for maintaining their power and pursuit of aims on terror and fear. The chances of a totalitarian quick results war, in the face of this situation, would appear remote if the internal disruption—usually a weapon of Nazi penetration tactics—were widened into proportions that would induce demoralisation and collapse of the dictators.

Frankly Speaking . . .

"Mendacious?"

Some British M.P. appears to have suggested to Mr. Butler that reports issued by the Arab centre in London of the activities of British forces in Palestine were "German propaganda." And Mr. Butler promptly accepted the suggestion. We grant that Germans have seized opportunities provided by Britain and fully exploited them according to their characteristic technique. But to deny the widespread repression that has been ruthlessly practised by the British army and police in Palestine now for years is to affirm an untruth. And to characterise reports of it as "entirely false" and "mendacious," as Mr. Butler did, is to indulge in a particularly nauseating brazen-facedness. This is, however, nothing new. Similar denials were authoritatively and quite indignantly made by the British Government in respect of the Martial Law regime in the Punjab.

Welcome Trouble

The liveliness in the Russo-Japanese relations is growing livlier. The series of aerial skirmishes which had become common during the last two weeks have now been substituted by regular, orthodox fighting on land. Soviet-Mongol troops, having occupied positions along the "established frontier," the Japanese claim to have opened an offensive and driven them back to the River from which the Russians had advanced. What is more, Japanese artillery and aircraft are, so it is claimed, "now furiously bombarding Outer-Mongol positions on the opposite bank." The Japanese have developed a remarkable talent for keeping their assertions free from truth. Their "victories", therefore, are not quite significant. But the fact of outbreak of trouble with Russia is. Evidently, the Japanese have, in their desperation, become insanely wild and are striking in every direction and against every one. We think we ought to welcome this madness. It shows that the hoped-for end is near.

Vidya Mandirs

Pandit R. S. Shukla, Premier of the Central Provinces, is reported to have remarked on the occasion of opening a Vidya Mandir Training College at Wardha that the Vidya Mandirs would be run from the proceeds of lands presented by philanthropists and the income derived from the sale of articles manufactured by pupils. We should like to know clearly whether for the progress of primary education, as modified by the Wardha scheme, the Government would rely solely on public benefactions and the pupils' work. If that is the policy proposed, we fear that the benefactions will be quite insufficient, and to make good the deficit the pupils will have to sweat; in which case the pupils may be more aptly said to be exploited, than educated. If, on the other hand, to make the school self-supporting, only one or two teachers are appointed for all the classes in the school, their teaching is bound to be perfunctory and of a make-believe character. Probably the plan is that the present system of primary education will continue and the self-supporting Vidya Mandir scheme will come in as a supplement to ensure expansion. If so, it should be understood that insufficient private benefactions for the scheme should not be allowed to stand in the way of expanding the present system.

Government Of India's Support

The Government of India have done well in agreeing to co-operate with the Government of Bombay in the matter of enforcing prohibition and granting to the Bombay Government jurisdiction over the three mile territorial waters girting Bombay. Even if the agreement is not a token of the Government of India's goodwill towards prohibition, it at least shows that they will not be hostile towards the movement. That definitely rules out the suggestion of certain anti-prohibitionists to appeal to the Viceroy to veto the Bombay Government's plan.

A Thought For The Day

I would not, if I could, take the chance of living life over again. A distinguished living statesman and man of the world once asked me whether, even with the aid of such knowledge as experience had brought, I would like to try to begin life anew. My answer was in the negative. For, he added, we are apt greatly to underrate the part which accident and good luck have really played in the shaping of our careers and in giving us such successes as we have had. I would not myself try again, for I do not feel sure that good fortune, irrational as it has been, would attend me in the same way.

—Lord Haldane in his autobiography.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

An egotists is a man who imagines he is in good company when alone.

Many a sick man has forgiven his enemies with the understanding that it wouldn't hold good if he got well.

Some people take steps for a divorce at public dances.

The woman who looks as though she had a secret sorrow is always interesting—until she begins to turn it loose.

The grass widow may feel blue, but she never looks green.

Good intentions should have asbestos covers—for reasons unnecessary to mention.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Latest Reports:—(1) The Tientsin Seige has been tightened again, (2) A British Officer was arrested in Japanese Tientsin, (3) Anti-British meetings are being arranged all over North China and anti-British diatribes are appearing in the Press and (4) Wenchow has been blockaded.

* * * *

It is reported that the Jinnah-Bose meeting was followed by Bose-Ambedkar conversations.

An obvious forecast of the next contact in the campaign will, however, be premature. At least we nope so.

* * * *

"Matters of far-reaching importance to Muslims in British India and the Indian States were discussed by the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League."

—Press Report.

And, of course, decisions of immediate unimportance were duly taken.

* * * *

The Committee, we are informed, condemned the Wardha Scheme of Education as anti-Muslim.

We also learn from a very extra special source that the Committee unanimously consented to ignore the necessity of studying and trying to understand the scheme.

* * * *

In a recent broadcast Mr. Ghulamali Merchant drew attention to the fact that Muslims had two crores of Wakf, which could solve the poverty problem.

Probably the next outrageous step would be for the speaker to demand action by the Qaid-e-Azam.

The orator seems to be capable of it.

* * * *

Japan, declares her new Consul-General at Calcutta, "was determined to maintain the closest relations" with India.

But not, we hope, as close as those with China?

* * * *

"Any deliberate extension of illtreatment of British subjects in Tientsin must imperil the success of the impending negotiations in Tokyo."—British warning to Japan.

Any unwitting extension of illtreatment or maintenance within present limits of it will, therefore, not imperil the success of the negotiations.

After which there is no need to bother about the meaning of "success."

* * * *

There is no immediate possibility of Mr. Churchill and Mr. Eden joining the Cabinet, says Reuter.

Naturally. The British Prime Minister knows that his own security is of greater importance than the safeguarding of the world against aggression.

* * * *

Mr. Chamberlain wanted notice for the question whether the fortification of Danzig was a violation of the Statute of Danzig.

The question is: Where did he propose to make inquiries—in Whitehall or Wilhelmstrasse?

* * * *

The Japanese Kwantung Army has opened an offensive against the Soviet in Outer Mongolia.

But why did they take this trouble at all? A campaign could have been started and, of course, finished in a blaze of glory—in the offices of the Domei Agency.

* * * *

"I dislike the word 'impossible.' It should be removed from the dictionary."

"Impossible!"

Hitler's Visit To Danzig Fixed

Usual Order Issued To Storm-Troopers

Danzig Bank Suspends Interest: Polish Report On Danzig Awaited

NAZI PRESS ATTACKS BRITISH LABOUR; APPEAL TO GERMAN PEOPLE

WARSAW, July 3.

THE Newspaper "Czas" declares that despite denials, preparations are being made to receive Herr Hitler at Danzig and Herr Himmler has issued the usual orders preceding a visit by Herr Hitler to the Danzig storm-troopers.

The visit of the German cruiser "Koenigsberg" to Danzig in August is not considered in official quarters here to have any special significance. German warships have visited Danzig in past years during the summer.

A telegram from Berlin says:—

The "Diplomatische Korrespondenz" replies angrily to the British Labour appeal to the German people. "The reaction to this stupid as well as wicked attack on German unity will certainly be different from what the wirepullers of such a policy imagine it will be" says the paper.

The Bank of Danzig has indefinitely suspended interest and amortisation payments on foreign debts.

A telegram from Danzig says:—

The Polish High Commissioner, M. Chodacki, has returned from Warsaw and a statement from him regarding alleged breaches of the Danzig-Polish Agreement by Nazi authorities here is eagerly awaited, though it is considered probable that a statement might come direct from Warsaw. Meanwhile Danzig remains calm on the surface.

THE LEAGUE HIGH COMMISSIONER HERR BURCKHARDT INTERVIEWED BY REUTER STATED THAT EVERY EFFORT WAS DIRECTED TOWARDS THE MAINTENANCE OF PEACE AND EMPHASISED THE DANGER OF FALSE REPORTS WHICH GAVE A LISTORTED PICTURE OF THE EVENTS HERE.

There were rumours arising from an article in a Polish provincial paper that Poland would form a Free Corps against Danzig, but no official confirmation is forthcoming from either the Polish or the German side.

The official Danzig Nazi paper "Vorposten" emphatically repeats that Danzig has merely increased her police force as a precautionary measure.

A message from Rome says:—

Britain and France are represented in the Fascist press as bitterly disappointed over the week-end at their failure to provoke war over Danzig. Scorn is poured over the democracies for having expected a 'coup' in the Free City which never materialised.

Signor Gayda writes that France and Britain talk about stopping the aggressor before he has even appeared and wave, like a red flag before a bull, the problem of Danzig which they regard as an imminent spark of a great European conflagration.

SIGNOR GAYDA CONCLUDES: "LET WAR-MONGERS IN PARIS AND LONDON TAKE GOOD CARE TO KEEP THEIR HANDS OFF US."

HORE-BELISHA IN FRANCE

Meets Daladier And Bonnet At Dinner

PARIS, July 3.

Mr. Hore-Belisha arrived at Le Bourget by air this evening accompanied by Colonel Haydon, his Military Assistant and his Private Secretary.

He will be the principal British speaker at the Annual Banquet of the Association France Grane Bretagne whereat M. Bonnet will represent the French Government. Hore-Belisha met M. Daladier and M. Bonnet at a dinner at the British Embassy.—Reuter.

NAZI PARTY ACTIVITIES SUSPENDED

BERLIN, July 3.

Like last year cessation of all Party activities has been ordered by July and August as a prelude to the Annual Party Congress at Nuremburg.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT ON WAR PROSPECTS

HYDEPARK, (New York), July 4.

It has been made known to newspaper correspondents that President Roosevelt is gravely concerned with the possibilities of war in Europe, and is keeping in close touch with the developments. Also it has been made known that the President believes that the action of the House of Representatives in refusing to repeal the arms embargo only added to the possibilities of war.—Reuter.

THERE WILL BE NO WAR, SAYS BARTLETT

Rumours Engineered By Nazis As A Feeler

LONDON, July 4.

There will be no war over Danzig, believes Mr. Vernon Bartlett, the Diplomatic Correspondent of the "News Chronicle." He advances the theory that the alarming rumours of the week-end were purposely encouraged in Nazi circles to test British reactions, and points out that those reactions should persuade Herr Hitler to look elsewhere for his next foreign venture.

ATTITUDE OF POLES

The Poles, Mr. Bartlett also believes, will do everything, save lose land or honour, in order to prevent a war. "Even if the Danzig Senate were to vote for reunion with Germany or Herr Hitler were to pronounce Danzigers as German citizens, the Polish Government would probably not go beyond an official protest since no change of the Danzig Constitution is legal without the consent of the League of Nations Council." But the Poles would react immediately, were any interference with their treaty rights in Danzig to be attempted.

SPECULATION RIFE

In the meantime, speculation on the probable next step in regard to the Danzig issue continues rife. The possibility of Polish representations to the Senate over the militaristic moves in Danzig is still freely discussed in the press, where it is reported that the Polish Ambassador in London, M. Raseynski, is proceeding to Warsaw by air following his talk with Lord Halifax yesterday.—Reuter.

IMPERIAL POLICY AND DOMINIONS

Responsibility "If They Cared To Exercise It"

LONDON, July 4.

The Dominions, if they cared to exercise it, could and did carry responsibility for imperial policy, declared Lord Lothian in a speech at the Canada Club dinner in London to-night. As an example of the Dominion's influence on the policy Lord Lothian cited the case when under Mr. Lloyd George's Premiership the British and Australian Governments were anxious to renew the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

There was much to be said for that policy, added Lord Lothian, but Mr. Meighen, the then Prime Minister of Canada, took

Anti-British Campaign In Japan

Demonstrations In Principal Cities

TOKIO, July 4.

A widespread campaign is being organised among the people to encourage the Government to take a firm stand in the negotiations with Britain over Tientsin, says the "Japan Times" in Tokio.

It adds that political and private bodies plan to hold anti-British meetings in 14 places in Tokio on Wednesday and a mass meeting in the heart of the city on July 12.

Similar demonstrations have been arranged in Nagoya, Osaka, Kyoto, Kobe and other cities beginning from July 15.

The paper continues that the Home Ministry and the Metropolitan Police have agreed not to interfere.—Reuter.

BRITISH LAUNCH SEIZED

CANTON, July 4.

A strongly worded protest has been sent to the Japanese authorities by the British Consul General against the seizure of the launch "Dholera" flying the British flag.

"Dholera" of its departure from Hongkong was seized the next day by the Japanese off the coast of Kwangtung.

The Japanese allege that the launch was carrying paraffin consigned to the Chinese Government.—Reuter.

VIRTUAL BLOCKADE OF WENCHOW

Britain Warns Against Extension Of Hostilities

LONDON, July 3.

The British Ambassador in Tokio has been instructed to inform the Japanese Government that any deliberate extension of illtreatment of British subjects in Tientsin must imperil the success of the impending negotiations in Tokio, said Mr. Butler in the House of Commons.

Questioned about the situation in Foochow and Wenchow Mr. Butler said that arrangements had been made for the evacuation of British subjects who wished to leave Foochow. Although there were no British ships at present in the harbour, the Japanese naval authorities undertook to leave safe passage for them until July 6.

As regards Wenchow it was understood that the foreign community proposed to remain. At present there were eleven British subjects there.

Mr. Butler admitted that what amounted to a blockade was taking place at Wenchow. The British Government had protested against this blockade.

BRITISH COL. IN JAP. PRISON

Colonel Spear who has now been for forty days in the Japanese prison at Kalgan has written to a friend here saying that he is well and asking for books and stores which have been sent to him.

JAPAN TIGHTENS RESTRICTIONS

TIENTSIN, July 4.

Japanese restrictions at the barriers of the British Concession were considerably tightened today reducing the flow of perishable foodstuffs, milk and coal almost to the level prevailing during the height of the blockade.

A Briton who is second officer in the British steamer "Yochow" was arrested in the Japanese occupied part of Tientsin.

Preparations have been made to stage anti-British mass meetings in Tientsin and other important centres in North China on Friday, the second anniversary of the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese conflict and violent anti-British diatribes are appearing in Japanese-controlled Press.—Reuter.

JAP INFANTRY ATTACKS MONGOL POSITIONS

HAILAR, July 4.

The second battle for Nomshan opened with a Japanese infantry attack on Mongol positions which were subjected to heavy bombardment by Japanese artillery and aircraft.

The Domei agency declares that the area which Mongols are claiming east of the Halshar River has long been regarded as part of Manchukuo.—Reuter.

JAPANESE PROTEST TO SOVIET

TOKIO, July 4.

The Japanese ambassador has protested against alleged Soviet pressure on Japanese petroleum and coal undertaking in North Sakhalin and Japanese fisheries in North Siberian waters.

The burden of the complaint was that the Soviet had not fulfilled its obligation to permit Japanese coal and oil companies to employ Soviet labour and had refused to allow a Japanese fishing depot ship to enter Siberian waters.—Reuter.

"TIENTSIN TROUBLE PURELY LOCAL"

New Japanese Consul-General Interviewed

CALCUTTA, July 3.

"India and Japan have been very good friends for years and it will be my duty to foster goodwill and better understanding between the two countries", observed Mr. Wakamatsu, new Consul-General, when interviewed by the "Associated Press" on his arrival in Calcutta from Sydney

Mr Wakamatsu, who was formerly in Australia, is taking over from Mr. To Soshida, on the latter's transfer to the Philippines.

The trouble in Tientsin he regarded as of a purely local nature. In any event this affair had no connection with India with whom Japan was determined to maintain the closest of relations.

Mr. Wakamatsu had nothing to say for the present on the Indo-Japanese trade relations except that none but good results would be obtained if the negotiations between the two countries were marked by sympathy and understanding.

In a broad sense there was no competition in industry between Japan and India. He thought that if India and Japan tried to encourage more extensive exchange of manufactured goods the future economic relations between them would be most promising.—A. P.

Emigration To Germany From South Tyrol

BERLIN, July 4.

Emigration of German-speaking inhabitants from Italian South Tyrol is being carried out in accordance with an agreement between the German and Italian Governments Reuter learns. The movement has been going on for some time, and probably between 5,000 and 6,000 south tyroleans have now crossed the border into Germany.—Reuter.

6,000 Jute Mill Workers On Strike

Sec. 144 Promulgated In Calcutta Suburb

CALCUTTA, July 4.

About 6,000 workers of the Shamnagar South Jute Mills, about 25 miles from Calcutta, struck work yesterday.

The cause of the strike is stated to be the refusal of the management to reinstate a woman worker to her former post after the expiry of her six months leave for maternity The workers allege also other grievances against the mill authorities.

Labour leaders Messrs. Shibnath Banerjee, M.L.A. and A.M.A. Zaman, M.L.A., went to the spot and asked the workers to remain peaceful and not to join work till their grievances were redressed.

In the evening the Sub-Divisional officer of Barrackpore promulgated an order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. in Shamnagar and the adjoining Mill areas prohibiting meetings, processions and demonstrations in the locality. The Police and military are guarding the Mill areas.—United Press.

EMPIRE PREFERENCE TO SUGAR TO BE INCREASED

120,000 Sterling Reduction In Duty This Year

LONDON, July 3.

The House of Commons at the Committee stage of the Finance Bill agreed to an amendment moved by Captain Crookshank the result of which will be slightly to increase the Empire preference on sugar of higher polarisation by reduction in duty at the cost of 120,000 sterling this year and 140,000 sterling in the full year.

The reduction will be effective from 5 p.m. on April 25. So traders who paid higher rates under the Budget resolution will be entitled to repayment of the difference.

Rise In Employment Figures

Improvement in employment in all except a few industries in Great Britain is reflected in official figures showing the registered unemployed on June 12 totalled 1,349,000 a decrease of 1,42,000 compared with figures for May 15 and 453,000 compared with those on 13-6-'38.—Reuter.

600 JEWISH REFUGEES SURRENDER

Curfew Order Follows Bomb Outrage

HAIFA, July 3.

Six hundred refugees who arrived in a motor launch flying the Zionist flag surrendered to the authorities. The refugees had transferred from the steamer in open sea yesterday.

One Arab was killed and 42 Arabs injured, eight of them seriously, and four Jews were slightly hurt when a bomb was thrown into a cafe here this afternoon.

It is believed that it was hurled from a passing car by a Christian Arab.

Curfew has been imposed in the town beginning from 6-30 p.m.

COLLECTIVE FINES ON JEWS

JERUSALEM, July 4.

A collective fine of 1,000 sterling has been imposed on Jewish quarters in North-western Jerusalem owing to the recent murders and attempted murders there.—Reuter.

ANTI-BRITISH CAMPAIGN

Japanese Demonstration Before Consulate

SHANGHAI July 4.

Anti-British campaign in various Japanese occupied centres has intensified. A demonstration was staged at Tsingtao opposite the British Consulate, but efforts to put posters denouncing Britain on the walls of the building were frustrated. Elsewhere, in the town, anti-British placards were conspicuous, but signs of genuine anti-British feeling among the Chinese inhabitants is lacking, despite all attempts to rouse them.—Reuter.

TRADE RETURNS SPEAK UNMISTAKABLY

Retaliation By India Will Tell Heavily On Burma And Ceylon

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, July 4.

Trade returns for the first two months of the current financial year show unmistakably that if India launches economic retaliation both Burma and Ceylon stand to lose heavily.

Imports from Burma increased by over one crore during April-May, as compared last year—from 441 lakhs to 551 lakhs Exports to Burma from India increased only from 184 to 208 lakhs.

Similarly imports from Ceylon have doubled during April-May, 1939, while exports to Ceylon have actually dwindled.

SURPRISING INCREASE

These statistics indicate the surprising increase in the exports to China—from 13 to 336 lakhs. There has been decline in exports to Japan from 250 to 165 lakhs. Indian exports to the Axis countries have generally decreased while total exports to British Empire and foreign countries have shown slight increases, notably China, United States of America and France.

On the other hand imports to India have shown perceptible increase particularly Burma, Egypt, Japan, Germany and United States of America.

APPRENTICESHIP IN FACTORIES

It is understood certain Provincial Governments have asked the Government of India to enact legislation for compulsory apprenticeship in various factories in India for training young men in industries The Government of India is now engaged in considering the form of legislation in consultation with Provincial Governments.

SIMLA WATCHES JAWAHAR'S VISIT

SIMLA, July 4.

The decision of the Ceylon Government, not to suspend repatriation of Indian workers pending trade negotiations between the two countries, is characterised as very unreasonable in official circles here.

The Government of India, however, will not take any action, until the outcome of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's visit and contact with the Ceylon Ministers are known. It is hoped that Pandit Nehru's visit might bring about a desirable change in the attitude of the Ceylon Government.—United Press.

MEETING SOVIET VIEW-POINT

LONDON, July 4.

According to Soviet circles in London, the latest British proposals mark a step forward towards meeting the Soviet view-point. Not all the questions are yet clear and further explanations are necessary. It is understood, however, that both sides have moved closer together over the question of the Baltic States.—Reuter.

END OF GRETNA GREEN

Legislation Abolishes Irregular Marriages In Britain

LONDON, July 4.

Runaway marriages at Gretna Green have finally become a thing of the past by legislation just completed abolishing Gretna Green ceremonies and what are described as similar irregular marriages. The House of Commons passed the third reading of the bill to-night. It was already passed in the House of Lords.—Reuter.

NIZAM'S MESSAGE TO WORLD CONGRESS OF FAITHS

PARIS, July 3.

A plea for broad-minded toleration is contained in a message from the Nizam of Hyderabad to the World Congress of Faiths.

The message which was read by Sir Francis Younghusband at the opening of the Congress stated:

"At this time when conflicting ideologies are rending the nations and peoples asunder the gospel of broad-minded toleration and sympathetic understanding of different faiths and ideals has a sacred import. I trust the World Congress of Failths will encourage the dissemination of that gospel throughout the world."—Reuter.

ADMIRALTY OFFICES RESHUFFLED

Admiral Backhouse Resigns For Ill Health

LONDON, July 3.

As a result of the retirement through ill-health of Admiral Backhouse the Admiralty has announced that Vice-Admiral Sir Francis Tottenham has been promoted to the post of Admiral from June 28.

Rear Admiral Francis Tower has been promoted Vice-Admiral from June 28 and placed on retired list on June 29, while Rear-Admiral Alfred Evans has been promoted Vice-Admiral from June 29 and placed on retired list on June 30.—Reuter.

LORD MOUNT TEMPLE DEAD

LONDON, July 3.

The death has occurred of Lord Mount Temple.—Reuter.

World Achievement.

More Discoveries

Every day some discovery is made or invention created, and in 1939 we heard of the following:—

Mr. John Gruber, of New York City, has created a shoe. It looks like any other shoe, but it feels different. As its wearer walks a breeze fans his toes, for his footwear is air-conditioned. Inside each shoe is a leather-covered insole fixed to a strong spring extending the length of the foot. There are holes on the insole which allow it to act as a sort of bellows, giving much comfort to the wearer.

Mr. D. J. Dreyor, Senior Fruit Inspector of the Union of South Africa Government, tells us that acetylene gas is now being used for ripening fruit. Peaches, oranges, and other fruits are ripened quickly and tomatoes have been ripened completely ten days before the normal date. Working with plums, which he placed in an atmosphere containing acetylene, he found that the plums ripened in five days.

Mr. Boris Fingerhood, superintendent of the Israel Zion Hospital at New York forecasts a new era in surgical teaching. A television set has been installed in a building 300 yards from the operating theatre, and here students and nurses can watch delicate operations which are being performed. Normally operations can only be visible to the surgeon, his attendant staff, and one or two privileged spectators. During the televising the doctor gave a "running commentary" explaining the operation, and thereby giving the "viewers" a better insight into surgical work than if they had been actually present.

SIR SIKANDAR WANTS FEDERATION

But Not Of The Govt. Of India Act 1935

An extempore address on the "Present Situation" was delivered at the Taj Mahal Hotel by the Hon. Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, Prime Minister of the Punjab, at a luncheon held under the auspices of the Indian Progressive Group on Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. M. Rashid A. Baig presided and a large and distinguished gathering including several members of the fair sex heard him.

At the outset the President in his introductory remarks observed: "Almost in the shadow of a war we welcome this afternoon, the Premier of a martial province."

The speaker stressed the need of a thorough revision of the present Federal Scheme as embodied in the Government of India Act of 1935.

Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan declared: "The Present Situation denotes the world situation and the situation within this subcontinent of ours and the City of Bombay as regards Prohibition. I must, however, not trespass on that sacred ground (Prohibition) and so, I shall exclude it altogether, from my talk."

WHAT PRINCES WANT.

Adverting to Federation he remarked: "In a casual conversation with some friends in Bombay, I heard that Federation was torpedoed by the Princes in this very Hotel, where they held their last conference; but, after reading the newspapers, however, came to realise that it was the present Federal scheme that was sought to be amended in the deliberation of the recent palaver of the Princes."

Continuing the speaker declared: "While the country as a whole is opposed to the present Federal scheme some kind of Federation is necessary. A Federation which will bring close harmony between British India and the Indian States is what is required."

He indicated how Provincial Autonomy had been working quite successfully, since the time it was launched in all the eleven Congress and non-Congress provinces.

This went far to prove that Indians were capable administrators.

SWORD-ARM OF INDIA.

Referring to his own Province Sir Sikandar said: "We have been called the shield of the Indian Empire; but we call ourselves the sword-arm of India. I can assure you that when the time comes and the country (India) needs the services of the Punjab, we shall wholeheartedly be at the country's service."

Coming back to Federation he said: "All of us should try to concentrate through Press and platform and contribute to find out a suitable scheme, if we do not approve of the present one."

He suggested to the Progressive Group to evolve a worthy substitute for the scheme.

Sir Sikandar, pointed out that the Federal scheme was the offspring of the four interested parties, viz. The British, the majorities, the minorities and the Indian States.

The speaker showed how exclusive powers had been reserved to the Centre to interfere in provincial affairs. This was one salient reason why the entire scheme was repulsive to nationalist sentiments. Safeguards, were the greatest handicap to the smooth working of Provincial Autonomy and as such rendered the scheme repugnant in essence.

WIN OVER MINORITIES

Giving his own suggestions he said: "Particularly, I want to emphasise that it is more essential to win over the minorities.

"Defence, Customs, External Affairs, Currency and Railways," Sir Sikandar said, could remain as the preserves of the Centre. But then, the Centre in the administration of these subjects must have the confidence of the Provinces.

PAKISTAN WON'T DO

Pakistan and other schemes which ran on communal lines were disapproved by the Punjab Premier.

"My scheme tries to bring the British Indian Autonomous Provinces and the Indian States together as a harmonious family for the common good of each individual unit."

The autonomy of the different provinces whether they were British Indian Provinces or Indian States would not be interfered with.

Giving a finishing touch of the Federal problem he said: "This is my basis for devising a machinery to revise the Federal scheme."

SIR SIKANDAR'S FEARS

After he had finished with Federation, Sir Sikandar dwelt on the international situation and said: "We do not know when the world might be in the grip of a conflagration. Some of my countrymen believe that the difficulties of England would be the opportunity of India. These people, I could safely say, are either jaundiced or shortsighted."

If England was involved in a modern war and was defeated, then, India would not be worth living in, was the opinion expressed by the Punjab Premier. India would be an easy prey to the Fascist aggresors.

Out of all the Imperialist nations, it could be said in Britain's favour that her mode of ruling her subjects was more humanitarian than that of Germany, Italy or Japan.

Sir Sikandar concluded with the remarks: "I would, therefore, ask my friends to keep that fact in view."

Mr. R. K. Karanjia, the Honorary Secretary of the Progressive Group thanked the speaker.

WARNING TO BENGAL GOVT. SERVANTS

CALCUTTA.

The Government of Bengal, it is understood, have issued a warning to different associations of the Government servants recognised by the Government against their appealing to members of the legislatures, political parties and the Press to agitate for improving their conditions of service.

This practice is considered by Government as detrimental to discipline and is incompatible with the purpose for which recognition is accorded to such associations. Government have, therefore, warned that recognition may be withdrawn, where an association adopts methods other than communication of requests to the Government or Government officers.—United Press.

PROHIBITION IN MAINPURI

LUCKNOW, July 3.

The prohibition scheme seems to be working well with reduced staff so far in a district in which smuggling was widely prevalent, states a report published by the Director of Public Information, United Provinces, on the working of prohibition in the Mainpuri district during the month of May.

As usual, the propaganda was mainly carried on by the District Board schools. Excise inspectors also continued to give talks.

SMUGGLING.

Fifteen cases were instituted during the month as against an equal number in the last month. Most of the cases, as usual, related to the smuggling of charas. The season for Tari having been in full swing, excise inspectors were specially directed to watch the tari trees. No instance of tapping came to notice.—United Press.

A SHORT STORY

BORN SALESMAN

By RICHARD HILL WILKINSON

When Bart Peabody came into the house he was chuckling to himself.

"Now what?" Myliss asked.

"You know that old boat I bought last year and fixed up to use for fishing?"

Myliss, who was washing the supper dishes, looked at him over her shoulder. "You sold it to Curt Jordan!"

Bart nodded, laughing aloud from sheer good feeling. "For 32 dollars, cash."

"Thirty-two dollars! Why, Bart, that's seven dollars more than you paid for it."

"Sure it is," he grinned. "But I caulked her last spring and slapped on a fresh coat of paint."

"All of which must have cost you three dollars. And you had a year's use from the boat. Bart, don't you feel that you took advantage of Curt?"

"No," said Bart sobering. "Curt wanted the boat. He couldn't caulk it himself. He'll get his money's worth from it."

Myliss secured a towel from the rack and began drying the dishes. "Bart, you're a born salesman. It's in you bigger than a woodchuck. Sometimes I get to thinking of all the money you could make if you'd give up slaving away in that machine shop for 33 dollars a week and devote all your time to selling."

Myliss had spoken of this matter before, but Bart had only laughed at her.

"You really think I could, eh, Myliss?"

"I know you could! My land, Bart Peabody, you spend all your spare time selling things and you always come out of it with a profit."

This was true. Bart had a way about him that inspired confidence. He liked to sell things. Up to now he'd never thought of his hobby as a means of making a living. It was fun and, according to Bart's code, anything you did that was fun wasn't work, and you had to work to make money. Still, some of the richest men in the country were salesmen. More, they got out of doors and were their own bosses.

"Well, what could I sell?" he asked Myliss.

"What could you sell? Goodness me! There's always a job for a good salesman. You could sell land and houses for the Calvert Real Estate Agency."

"That's so," said Bart thoughtfully. "There's money in real estate."

Bart thought about it until the following Saturday. Then he dropped in to see Ray Calvert, whom he knew personally. Ray was enthusiastic about the idea.

"Doggone it, Bart you could make a fortune. You're the best salesman I've ever run across. It's in you bigger'n a woodchuck."

Bart considered for another week. He hated to give up his job in the shop. Jobs paying 33 dollars a week aren't easy to get these days. Then he told himself that a man never got anywhere following the line of least resistance.

So he spoke to Joe Pickering, the shop foreman about it.

"Hate to lose you, Bart. You're a good man on machine. But, by jinks, you're a good salesman, too. You ought to clean up. Good luck to you."

That Saturday Bart quit his job. When Monday came he dressed up, which was unusual in itself, and reported to Ray Calvert. Ray was delighted. A prospect from Philadelphia was due to arrive on the 10-30 train. The prospect was thinking of buying a small place in the country, raising a few hens and a garden and commuting.

"I'll turn him over to you, Bart. Here's a list of small farms we have that might interest him."

Bart had used the boat for a year.

Bart met the train and introduced himself to the prospect, whose name was Anthony. They drove out to the first of the farms and got out to look at it. Mr. Anthony didn't like it at all, and for the life of him Bart couldn't think of a thing to say that might change his mind. They drove to another farm, then another. Anthony liked neither of them. Bart began to feel desperate. He began to think that if he didn't sell Anthony a place he, Bart, wouldn't get paid. And when you don't get paid you can't eat or pay the rent.

That afternoon Bart and Anthony looked at another place, and at 3-30 Anthony took a train back to Philadelphia. He hadn't bought. He hadn't even seemed interested.

Bart felt disheartened, discouraged and disillusioned. The next day he tried to sell a store to a Navasota merchant and failed miserably. The next day he tried to sell a building lot to Deke Conrad, whom he knew intimately, but Deke didn't buy.

Before Saturday came Bart had "worked" on ten prospects and hadn't sold a thing. Sunk to the depths of despair, he didn't return to the real estate office Saturday morning. Instead he walked into the park and sat down to think. He sat there until 11 o'clock. Then he got up and headed for the machine shop.

When Bart came into the house that Saturday afternoon he was chuckling.

"Now what?" Myliss asked.

"I got my job back at the machine shop," Bart told her. "And what do you think? On my way home, I met that Mr. Anthony from Philadelphia and sold him the old Bemis place at a thousand dollars more than Calvert expected to get."

"Land sakes!" Myliss said, "whatever did you want to get your job back at the machine shop for?"

"Well," said Bart, "it's this way. When you have to depend on selling to make your living, you aren't much good at it. I reckon I'm a good salesman, all right, but I have to make my living at something else."

Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

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INTERNATIONAL BANK OF INDIA

Business To Commence Immediately

Mr. B. V. Jadhav, Chairman of the International Bank of India writes:—

I have been authorised by the Directors of the International Bank of India, Ltd., to issue the following statement through the columns of your esteemed paper:

A meeting of the Board of Directors was held on the 26th June 1939 in the office of the Bank, Ahmedabad, for a review of the progress so far made by the Bank in its preliminary activities and for consideration of other relevant matters. The result of this working and progress brought to their notice were so entirely satisfactory that the very first resolution passed was that the Bank commence its business activities immediately.

The Directors further entrusted to me the happy task of expressing their hearty thanks to the public for their extremely generous response to the Bank right from the publication of the Prospectus, which alone has enabled them to start the normal activities of the Bank so early.

I have to point out the excellent progress the Bank has made and I have also to point out that the Management aspires in this Bank to build up a national institution working on the most modern and scientific lines in the best interests of the shareholders and the public in general. In conformity with these aims and in order to enhance the public control and interest in the affairs of the Bank and to introduce more economical working the promotors, Messrs. J. C. Thakkar and S. H. Thaker have made to the Board of Directors the following proposals, which the Board has accepted.

(a) The holders of the deferred shares will not be entitled to vote in any meeting of the Company. This means that the entire control of the Bank passes to the ordinary shareholders.

(b) Instead of the 25,000 deferred shares reserved for the Managing Governor and Managing Director (12,500 each) in consideration of their having promoted the Bank they have agreed to retain 7,500 such shares each only. As a result of this, 35,000 deferred shares are now available to the public instead of 25,000. The promotors will also give over to the Bank the full cost of 35,000 deferred shares at Re.1/- each as fixed up by the Directors.

(c) In order to obtain the maximum economy in the working of the Bank in its early stages Mr. S. H. Thaker has agreed to work as the Managing Director without any remuneration until such time as when the shareholders at a General Meeting resolve and fix up his remuneration. Only after such resolution of the General Meeting and in accordance with it he will be accepting his remuneration.

The International Bank of India, Ltd., not only hopes to fulfil the long-felt want of an up-to-date and scientifically working Bank in Gujarat but also assures to be able to serve the National trade and industry in every part of the country. It is our earnest appeal to the whole of the Indian public, and particularly to the commercial communities of India, to regard this Bank as their own, and to foster its activities and growth with their patronage and co-operation. The greater the patronage and co-operation the better will it enable this Bank to fulfil its aims and aspirations of rendering maximum service to the Indian public and to help Indian trade and industries.

GUJARATI PRIMARY SCHOOL AT BORIVALI

(From A Correspondent)

On Sunday last a primary Gujarati school was opened at Purshottam Naranji's Bungalow Ghodbunder Road by the Dist. Local Board. The opening ceremony thereof was performed by Shri Purshottam Kanji when Mr. Deshpande, Chairman of the Schools Committee Bombay Sub. Dist. Local Board, presided.

Sixty children joined the school.

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MUTT AND JEFF—And Now Jeff Will Have to Raise the Price of a Knee Action Rear Seat — By BUD FISHER

I MADE A DATE WITH SIR SIDNEY TO SPEND THE DAY DOWN AT THE RACES! I'M BROKE BUT JEFF'S GOT SOME DOUGH!
JEFF, LOAN ME A TEN SPOT! I'LL PAY YOU BACK SATURDAY!
SORRY, MUTT, BUT I AIN'T GOT A CENT!
BUT YOU HAD TEN BUCKS YESTERDAY! I SAW IT!
O.K. BUT IT'S GONE! I SPENT IT!
YOU SPENT IT! WHAT FOR?
WELL, I HAD THREE BAD TEETH YANKED OUT—THAT WAS SIX DOLLARS! I PAID THE DOC TWO DOLLARS FOR FIXING UP MY BAD KNEE, I BOUGHT A POROUS PLASTER FOR MY LAME BACK-
YOU SELFISH WORM, SPENDING ALL THAT JACK ON YOUR PRIVATE PLEASURE! AIN'T YOU ASHAMED OF YOURSELF?

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Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

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Contrast Between Indian Muslims And Palestine Arabs

(Continued from page 16.)

favour of Hyderabad because no other Indian State enjoys the exercise of Federal subjects, such as, post, currency, etc., and hence none is in a danger of losing these valuable rights and privileges by joining the Federation.

ADVICE TO NIZAM

Moulana Hasrat Mohani's statement about the Nizam Government is as follows:—

"In the opinion of the Muslims of India, His Exalted Highness the Nizam should not consider the instrument of accession at all until the British Government definitely accepts the following principles and begins to put them into practice: (i) That while it is stressed that the constitutional form of Government should be developed in the State the British Government should alongside relax and modify its conception of Paramountcy and should give up all rights and privileges of interference in the internal affairs of the State and recognise the Nizam as His Majesty the Nizam of Hyderabad and Berar, a recognition to which he is entitled on historical grounds, (ii) That the proposed common Federation be so constituted as to adequately safeguard the interests of the minorities, and apart from the Federal Subjects, the Federal Government should have no right to interfere in the internal affairs of the States or the provincial subjects of the British Indian Provinces under any circumstances, (iii) Till such time as the two aforementioned principles are accepted, and H. E. H. the Nizam voluntarily decides to join the Federation, the relation of the Nizam's Government to the Federation will be similar to what his present attitude towards the Chamber of Princes is, viz., that he is not in it, but he is not against it either.

SOLUTION FOR PALESTINE

Dealing with Palestine, Moulana Hasrat Mohani gave the following statement:—

"Under the present circumstances the following is the best and the only solution of the Palestinian problem, both for the Arab and the Jewish population of that country, and we urge that the British Government shall accept and adopt it without further delay: (i) That the British Government should agree to establish immediately a free and democratic government in Palestine. The constitution of this independent State should be on the lines of a Republic, (ii) That in the transitory period, before the proposed democratic government begins to function (and this period should not exceed two years), the British Government in its capacity as a Mandatory Power should prepare the electoral roles on the basis of universal adult suffrage, re-adjust the districts and divisions of the country which shall be granted complete local self-government, and conduct the election for the central legislative assembly of Muslim and non-Muslim representatives in proportion to their population. The President, viz., the head of the provisional Government, shall also be elected by the vote of all the inhabitants of Palestine. The British Government should help and advise the newly established popular government of Palestine and after seeing it functioning successfully for three years, should ultimately recognise it as a permanent independent state with suitable treaties of mutual friendship.

"TIME AND TIDE" REVELATIONS

Reference to Albania the statement says: The Muslims of India view the usurpation of Albania by Italy with extreme anger and contempt; and are exceedingly apprehensive of the uncontradicted report in the 'Time and Tide' of May 13, 1939, that this was done at the instance of the British Ambassador in Rome, Lord Perth. Their suspicion is strengthened by the way Mr. Chamberlain answered a question regarding the recognition of the annexation of Albania by Italy in Parliament on the 12th June. In this connection, if their apprehensions are to be removed, the Muslims of India demand that (i) the British Government should in no case recognise the annexation of Albania by Italy and (ii) When the King or the people of Albania get an opportunity to reclaim the independence of their country, British with Russia, France and Allies should fully support their claim, and render assistance to the Albanians.

HEDJAZ RAILWAY

Regarding Hedjaz Railway the statement says: The Muslims of India consider the Hedjaz Railway and all its assets as a religious trust, the administration of which should be completely in the hands of the Hedjaz Government as its trustees. The Muslims therefore strongly present the following three demands to the British Government in this connection: (i) That that part of the Railway which is within the territory of the Hedjaz Government and which was destroyed during the Great War by Col. Lawrence should be repaired by the British Government and all other assistance may be given so that it may again begin to operate properly, (ii) The British Government should acquire the portion of the railway lying in Transjordan and transfer its administration to the Hedjaz Government, and (iii) The British Government should induce France and Syria to hand over to the Hedjaz Government the administration of that part of the Railway which is in Syrian Territory.

THE CONTRAST

In the course of the discussion, one Muslim student declared that the Muslim League was a body which believed in compromise, unlike the Arabs of Palestine. He fully shared the views of Mr. George Mansoor and other Arab spokesmen of the afternoon that Palestine shall be an Arab State. That was because, he felt, the country belonged to the Arabs who were prepared to fight and fight till they secured it back to themselves.

IN HIS OPINION THE ARABS OF PALESTINE WERE STRONG AND DETERMINED. HE REGRETTED THAT THE MUSSULMANS OF INDIA WERE NOT STRONG AND DETERMINED; THEY WERE IN FACT PREPARED TO REACH COMPROMISES AND THUS RETARD THE PROGRESS OF THE COMMUNITY.

HE REGRETTED THAT WHEN MEN LIKE SIR SIKANDAR HAYAT KHAN AND MR. FAZLUL HAQ GO ABOUT THE COUNTRY AS LEADERS OF THE MUSLIM LEAGUE, THEY WERE NOT EVEN TWO-ANNA MEMBERS OF THE LEAGUE. "HOW CAN WE TRUST SUCH A LEAGUE" HE ASKED.

MOHANI'S PLAN WON'T DO

Mr. Mansoor asserted that the plan for Palestine suggested by Moulana Hasrat Mohani was not at all acceptable to the Arabs of Palestine, whether they were Muslim Arabs or Christian Arabs. They wanted complete independence for the Arabs of Palestine, they wanted an Arab State in Palestine. Another English Muslim was surprised that Moulana Hasrat Mohani should have proposed a scheme which he thought should have come to the British Government and not a great Muslim leader, like the Moulana Sahib, of India.

Moulana Hasrat Mohani left London for Bagdad on Monday last. He will reach Cawnpore via Karachi and will proceed to Moscow after a stay of one month in India.

PERMANENT WAY WASHED AWAY

Traffic Interruption On Nizam's State Rly.

SECUNDERABAD, July 4.

Due to heavy rain, the permanent way was washed away in two places between Raghunathpalli and Jangaon at about 10|40 hours and 11|20 hours respectively and between Raghunathpalli and Ghanapur at about 13|30 hours to-day. Through communication was interrupted and the No. 1 Up Passenger was held up at Raghunathpalli from 10|33 hours and No. 2 Down Passenger at Jangaon from 11|50 hours. It is anticipated that transhipment of passengers, luggage and parcels will be possible after 17 hours, provided weather conditions are favourable.—United Press.

FLOODS SUBSIDING ON E. B. R.

BOMBAY, July 4.

The Divisional Superintendent, E. B. Railway, Lalmonirhat, wires to the "United Press" that floods are now subsiding on the Parbatipur-Amingaon section of the East Bengal Railway and restricted train service is running up to Sorbhog in the Up direction.

Mr. Gopinath Srivastava, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Jails, and Convenor of the All-India Penal Reform Conference, is leaving Lucknow by the Dehra Dun Express for Calcutta for canvassing support to the conference.

CITY WOMEN TO TAKE UP PROHIBITION WORK

Central Committee To Be Formed: House-to-House Visits To Be Paid

A conference of representatives of different women's organisations in the City of Bombay was held on Tuesday evening in the Gujarati Hindu Stri Mandal Hall with the Hon. Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Excise, Government of Bombay, in the chair, to consider how best the various organisations can help the Government in introducing and enforcing Total Prohibition that is to come into force on August 1, 1939. The representatives of about 25 organisations were present at the conference.

WHOLE-HEARTED SUPPORT

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi explaining the object for which the conference had been convened said that almost every woman in the City of Bombay welcome Prohibition. She recalled the days when the women of Bombay resorted to picketing liquor shops, a sure sign which showed that women were totally opposed to drink-habit and were ready to do every thing possible to help the Government in enforcing Prohibition. The conference had been called to assure the Hon. Dr. Gilder and through him, the Government of Bombay that the women were prepared to co-operate wholeheartedly and undertake to do work for the proper enforcement of Prohibition when it was introduced.

The Hon. Dr. Gilder said that the Government of Bombay was confident of whole-hearted support and help from the different women's organisations in the city, because women benefited most by Prohibition. They should certainly come forward to help in the enforcement of Prohibition which would mean happiness and contentment in their houses. Mere closing of liquor shops on August 1, would not mean that the Government had achieved its object. It was necessary to wean away the drunkards from their habit. Women could help a great deal in that direction.

EXCEPTIONS

Dr. Gilder explained that provision had been made to allow liquor for those whose religious ceremonies required the use of alcohol. It was also provided that doctors who wanted liquor for medicinal purposes would get it on certain conditions. Those visitors to the country who resided in India only temporarily, namely foreigners, would be permitted a certain quantity of drink.

The Minister also explained the different types of propaganda carried on by the Prohibition Propaganda Board. He suggested that the various women's organisations should constitute Prohibition Committees of their own, which in turn, should send representatives to form a Central Women's Prohibition Committee. That Central Women's Prohibition Committee might send a representative who could be included in the Prohibition Propaganda Board as its member. He was aware that the propaganda work undertaken by women's organisations would create a great impression among the people.

PROPAGANDA AMONG WOMEN

These Prohibition committees on behalf of the women of Bombay should carry on Prohibition propaganda work among women in the different localities and whatever help was needed would be given by the Prohibition Propaganda Board. Mere holding of public meetings would not serve the purpose effectively. It was necessary to bring home to the people and especially the women in Bombay, the benefits of total prohibition. He referred to the instance where as a result of Curfew Order in the city of Bombay on a previous occasion, some women expressed their happiness as their husbands came home much earlier than usual. He was confident that women would anxiously await August 1.

NEED OF PUBLIC OPINION.

Enforcement of the Prohibition law would not make Prohibition as effective as a strong public opinion in favour of Prohibition. Creation of such an atmosphere was the duty of women. He appealed to the conference to help Government in all possible ways.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi suggested that members of various women's organisations should pay house-to-house visits wherever necessary. They should also constitute Women's Chawl Committees, especially in the working class area.

Mrs. Babiben Mulji suggested the printing of handbills stressing the need of Prohibition in all languages and sending some to the various women's organisations for distribution.

Mrs. Shantabai Vengsarker said that it had been proved beyond doubt that liquor had no medical property. It was a known fact that women on their own had picketed liquor shops. There was no doubt that they would work more enthusiastically for the introduction of Prohibition, especially when the Congress Ministry was in power.

Mrs. Kantaben Khandvalla suggested that groups of women workers should go to the different areas and start recreation centres

WOMEN'S COMMITTEES.

Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale and Mrs. Taraben Manekial Premchand suggested that women's committees should be started which could co-operate with the already existing chawl committees and ward committees appointed on behalf of the Prohibition Propaganda Board.

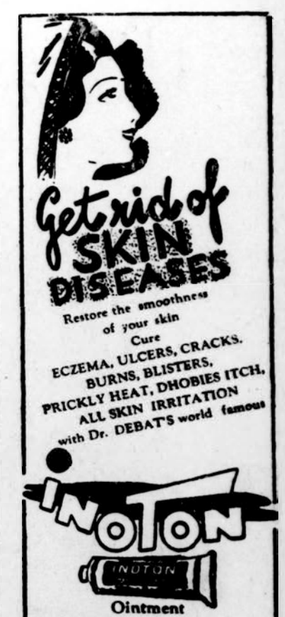
The conference after hearing the views of a few more representatives decided that every women's institution in the city and suburbs of Bombay should constitute a Prohibition Committee of its own. It further decided that wherever possible, women's organisations should co-operate with the existing Prohibition Committees in the different localities. Women's organisations, it was also decided, should send a representative to form a Central Women's Prohibition Committee for the city and suburbs of Bombay.

The different institutions were required to correspond in this connection with Mrs. Lilavati Munshi It is likely that the Central Prohibition Committee on behalf of the women will meet shortly to chalk out the programme of work in the city and suburbs of Bombay among women.—A.P.

SHIA STUDENTS IN JAIL TO BE RELEASED

LUCKNOW, July 4

The "United Press" understands that in response to a representation made by Shias, the Government have issued orders that all Shia students arrested and convicted in connection with the "Tabarra" agitation, who are in jails should be released immediately, if they apply to the Jail Superintendents in writing that they wish to prosecute their studies and would after release get themselves admitted in schools or colleges.—United Press.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Mainly About Motion Pictures

DEVIKA RANI

"DURGA"-Portrait Of A Village!

Bombay Talkies New Film At Roxy | Devika Rani Returns To The Screen

(By Our Film Critic)

Inimitable Devika Rani returned to the screen at Roxy on Saturday, after almost a whole year, much to the delight of her numerous fans. She appeared in (and as) "Durga", Bombay Talkies latest production.

But the most important thing in "Durga" is not Devika Rani, though she plays the title role with her usual vivacity and verve putting over a brilliant, well-rounded performance. It is not Rama Shukul (who acts with quiet competence in a role hopelessly subdued) and it is not Mumtaz Ali who, as *Pagla*, seems to have suddenly acquired a marvellous voice. It is not even the generally excellent technique.

It is something which the producers may or may not have purposely introduced, which the foreign Director certainly could not have put into the film, and of which perhaps even Saradindu Banerji, the author, was only vaguely conscious when he wrote the story. It is the village. The village where Durga lived and played and loved and stole mangoes.

Pictorial Cameos

To me "Durga" the film appealed more as the composite picture of a community, a social unit—the village—than as the portrait of a girl. In its earlier reels, "Durga" has almost a documentary aspect and the Indian village is vividly brought on the screen in superb pictorial cameos- the shady mango—groves with their exquisite pattern of light and shade on the leaf-covered ground; the revolving wheel of the potter; the animated clatter of the blacksmith's establishment; the earthly poetry of a team of fine bullocks pulling a plough. All this, and more, is used pictorially to create the rural atmosphere. An example of how the camera can be made to recapture, in one brief moment, more than the surface beauty of a scene is the 'shot' of the narrow, dusty path wending its way through clusters of graceful palm trees. Seen from above, as Durga, away from home, sees it through the window of her room on top of Sahukar Makhan's house, it assumes dramatic significance—the link that, through the centuries, has bound one village to another.

A Daughter Of The Soil

This "portrait of the village" is not merely limited to pictorial representation. As the story of "Durga" develops, it unfolds the wider canvas of the rural scene in India which serves not only as the background but is an integral part of the drama itself. Durga, the young girl with whose life the story deals is a daughter of the soil and all this atmosphere forms an integral part of her consciousness, part of her very being.

Two Annas!

We see her first as a carefree young lass, playing about with her goat, Bahadur, a symbol of the untamed maidenhood of the rural India. Her only relative is a mother, prematurely aged by hard manual labour that she has to do to eke out a living for herself and her daughter. Overwork causes a heart-attack and while the widow lies dying, Durga has to look about for a doctor. But she has only two annas to pay the fee—"that is what my mother got for grinding corn yesterday," she says! Two annas for a whole day's work! Two annas a day for a mother and daughter and a goat to live on!! However much film producers wish to keep away from such uncomfortable things, economic realities have a way of intruding in the most unsuspecting ways. The death of Durga's mother epitomizes the problem of rural poverty in India. The uncomfortable feeling persists that she might have been saved if only she had been getting a decent living wage.

Young Doctor Jawahar

Her mother dead, Durga is thrown on her own resources and naturally becomes self-assertive and daring. She has two friends —*Pagla* the mad mendicant, and Jawahar, the young doctor. *Pagla* is, of course, the latest edition of the philosophic blind singer and his female counterpart had already made an appearance in Bombay Talkies' "Janma Bhoomi" (*"Dunya kehti mujh ko pagal, main kehti dunya ko pagal"*!) Dr. Jawahar is an interesting type—modern, young India. He has dedicated his life to the service of the village but (in contrast with the hero of "Janma Bhoomi") he has not become a *Brahmachari*. He laughs and loves, as well as gives injections and is more of a human being than the usual idealist of the films. His lighter moments with Durga are delightful and the nobility of character implicit in his treatment of his rival, the compounder Meghraj, is exemplary. But on the whole this character is too soft and goody-goody to be effective in comparison with the dynamic personality of Durga.

Shadow Of The Sahukar

And thus, loved by *Pagla* and Jawahar and hated by the entire village she continued to live in the lage until a new factor appeared in her life in the person of Sahukar Makhan. It is impossible to imagine a village money-lender and not be faced with the terrible economic system he represents. He is as much a part of the rural life in India as malaria or malnutrition. Like a conqueror he rides into the village on a palanquin and holds court. He is a blood-sucker, of course, but he is sweet of tongue and, as he repeatedly declares, keeps strictly within the law. The worse for the law!

Unscrupulous as he is he entices the naive and unsophisticated Durga, whose hut has been burnt and who is now homeless, to go and live with him—hoping ultimately to persuade her to marry him. Incredible as it may seem the wily *Sahukar* turns out to be not so bad after all, and under the influence of Durga he turns a new leaf—and once again an Indian film side-tracks the indictment of the Sahukari system. So good, indeed, the Sahukar becomes that he foregoes his claims on a debtor, treats Durga like a daughter and even helps her to marry Jawahar whom she has all along loved.

Tame Ending

The *Sahukar* is thus reformed but Durga is spoilt—presumably by the comfortable life in the *Sahukar's* house. She loses all that fire and daring which were her dominant traits. The girls who had once defiantly told Jawahar she would marry him now becomes so subdued that when she hears he is marrying someone else simply collapses and remains lying in the same position for hours on end while the Sahukar goes to fetch Jawahar. The doctor himself (very callously and irrationally) gives away his would-be bride (as if she were a sack of potatoes) to an obliging friend and comes running to Durga. The story which had elements of strong drama becomes tame and insipid in the end which is very unfortunate.

It is equally unfortunate that the dialogues and the words of the songs failed to do justice to what was essentially a powerful and original story. even though the treatment tended towards the conventional. (Even the good old duet-and-dance-in dream sequence appeared!)

Devika Puts Life In "Durga"

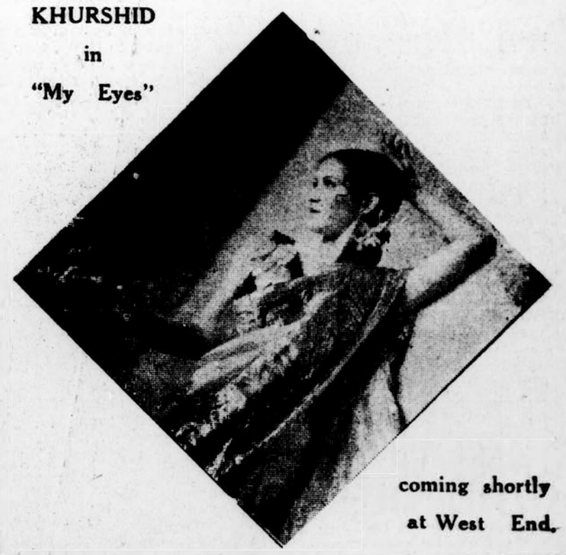
Devika Rani, however makes ample amends for any such minor lapses in the film. She makes Durga live on the screen and once again she proves herself to be the leading dramatic actress in India.

Next to her the most outstanding performance is that of Aundhkar as the *Sahukar* Shukul manfully strives to do justice to rather a subsidiary role. Mumtaz is good as *Pagla* (who did not turn out to be so mad after all) while V. H. Desai provokes many a laugh by his subtle clowning.

If anyone asked me for a film picturing India's village life I would recommend "Durga". If anyone wanted to see first rate acting I would ask him to see Devika Rani in "Durga".

K. A. ABBAS.

KHURSHID in "My Eyes"



coming shortly at West End.

"Studio Spy" Reports

'SAPERA' HAS ARRIVED IN TOWN

Some Coming Pictures—Saigal And Leela Desai For Bombay?—Prohibition Propaganda Picture

There seems to be some mystery about "Sapera." The picture, a New Theatres—Devki Bose production,—was expected to be an outstanding release of the month. The Bombay premiere was scheduled for Saturday—same day as "Durga" arrived at Roxy.

But—and here is the snag—no one from the local Press seems to have been invited to see it. On Sunday when my colleague, the Film Critic of this paper, went to see it, the house was "sold out" and not even the highest tickets were available. Hence no review on this page—despite his promise to that effect on Sunday.

"MUST BE SEEN"

Meanwhile, depending on hearsay and our personal observation, we may record that (1) there are varying and contradictory reports about the picture and (2) the theatre has been crowded during the last four days.

In any case, it is a New Theatres' production, directed by the creator of "Vidyapati," has a distinguished cast, including Nawab, Kananbala, K. C. Dey, Pahari Sanyal and Prithviraj and the music is by R. C. Boral, which definitely puts it on our "Must Be Seen" list, even if we are heading for a disappointment.

Now that the more prominent Studios have released their films —Ranjit's "Tulsidas," Bombay Talkies' "Durga" and New Theatres' "Sapera",—the others are coming with their stuff. Who knows one of them may spring a real good surprise!

SAGAR'S "SADHANA"

On Saturday the 7th inst., Sagar will release their "Sadhana," at the Imperial. Said to deal with village life, it features Shobhana Samarth, Bibbo and Prem Adib.

On the same day, Wadia will come out with their latest Nadia vehicle "Punjab Mail." Another of those "Stunt Thrillers" of the "Hunterwali" type, for which this Studio is well-known.

"MY EYES"

A week or so after that the newly-formed production unit, Supreme Pictures, will release their maiden effort, "My Eyes," at West End. The picture has been produced at the Ranjit Studio and has several well-known players like Khurshid ("Sitara"), Sitara ("Watan"), Mazhar Khan ("Dr. Vaman, M.Sc."), Ishwarlal, Trilok Kapur, etc.

SHORTER PICTURES, PLEASE!

Last week I had the opportunity of seeing the first of the six two-reel "shorts" that are being produced by different studios, at the request of the Bombay Government Prohibition Propaganda Board.

This one is called "Sharabi" and has been produced by the Ranjit Film Co. It seeks to depict the degradation of a young man, who became addicted to the drink habit. The cast includes Vasantee, Trilok Kapur and Khatoon. It is a commendable but rather amateurish effort and the direction is somewhat weak. As the first picture of its kind, however, it deserves to be commended.

We believe there is some difficulty in showing this picture as no Indian cinema can afford to show an additional 2,000 feet of film owing to the inordinate length of the pictures they are showing. Already their programmes almost exceed the time limit imposed by the Municipal authorities. Once again, this raises the question of the length of Indian feature films. Producers must decide to curtail them, if 'shorts' and news-reels are to make an appearance in this country.

I Hear

That Producer Sohrab Modi has returned from Agra with his "Pukar" unit.

That some local studios are trying to get Saigal to migrate from Calcutta to Bombay and

That Leela Desai is another New Theatres' star sought-after by some Bombay producers.

K. R. DATEY, veteran character actor, as he appears in Ranjit's "Sant Tulsidas," at Opera House.

KANANBALA in "SAPERA"

BOMBAY FILM DIARY

BANDRA TALKIES: "Nirmala," Bombay Talkies film starring Devika Rani, revived.

CAPITOL: "Mother India", Cinecolour picture, released for the first time in Fort Area. (26th week including the run at Opera House).

CENTRAL: "Maya Bazar", Prabha Pictures' production, featuring Vatsala, Abhimanyu, Subhadra. Costume picture. (Fourth week).

IMPERIAL: "Mill", Ajanta production, hitherto banned, story by Premchand, the famous Hindustani writer, starring Bibbo, Jairaj and Nyampally. Third week. Also the "topical" film of the Tripuri Congress. (Fifth and last week).

KRISHNA: "Sapera", New Theatres film, directed by Devki Bose starring Nawab, Kananbala, Pahari Sanyal, Prithviraj, K. C. Dey, etc. Music by Boral.

MAJESTIC: "Brandichi Batli", Huns' picture in Marathi, starring Minakshi and Malvankar. Amusing, instructive, well-produced. (Eighth week).

MINERVA: "One Fatal Night", featuring Zarina Khatoon, Indubala, etc. (Second week).

PATHE: "The Only Way", Sagar film; introducing potential stars in Sheikh, Arun and Anuradha. A notable production. (Seventh week).

OPERA HOUSE: "Sant Tulsidas", Ranjit's outstanding production in Marathi, starring Pagnis, Leela Chitnis, Vasantee, Datey, etc. Ideal entertainment for devotional-minded Maharashtrians.

ROXY: "Durga", Bombay Talkies latest, starring Devika Rani with Rama Shukul (see Review on this page).

SUPER: "Leather Face", Prakash's "thriller", with a patriotic motif; featuring Jairaj and Mehtab. (Sixth week).

WEST END: "Thokar", Ranjit's new film, starring Kumar, Madhuri, Ishwarlal, etc. Good sentimental story with popular appeal. Good acting by principal players. (Ninth week).

Wanted 2,000 Names!

A PLEA FOR PROGRESSIVE FILM SOCIETY

Two thousand people in Bombay last year saw and admired "China Strikes Back", the fine documentary film about a nation in arms against foreign aggression, and other documentary films about China and Spain.

Two thousand more saw "Janosik", the Czechoslovakian epic of freedom, a few weeks ago, at West End and Eros.

These films have also been shown and are being shown in other places all over India. They have been seen by students, workers, peasants. Everyone who saw them asked for more.

"GIVE US MORE!"

At the two recent shows in Bombay forms were circularized and hundreds evinced interest in progressive pictures by leaving their names and addresses. Many made definite suggestions but the invariable demand was "Give Us More". Characteristic remarks were "We Want Russian Films" and "We want more Documentary Films".

But such progressive pictures which deal with realities and represent advanced cinema technique are not shown in ordinary commercial theatres.

PROGRESSIVE FILM SOCIETY

To supply this need, however, it is necessary to form a Progressive Film Society which would import (and, may be, produce) such films of reality. The China Aid Progressive Film Committee which released "China Strikes Back" and "Janosik" has done yeoman's service by creating interest in such pictures. But the scope of this Committee, is limited. Its function, mainly, is to collect funds for the relief of China and the maintenance of the Congress medical unit in China.

It has been proposed therefore, that this Committee should enlarge its scope and activities and, be resolved into a Progressive Film Society.

YOU CAN SEE SUCH FILMS

Would you like to join this society and help exhibition of such films as the celebrated "Potemkin" "Songs of Lenin", "Turksib", "Storm Over Asia", "Mother", "Earth"—pictures that have proved U.S.S.R. to be the leader in motion picture technique? Would you like to see a film like "China's 400 Millions", greater than "China Strikes Back", produced by the world-famous Joris Ivens, with a commentary spoken by the great film star, Frederic March? This film will be one of the first to be exhibited by the projected Progressive Film Society.

RUSSIAN DOCUMENTARIES ON WAY

Arrangements have also been completed for the exhibition of several Russian documentary films which are expected to reach India within the next few weeks. These films deal with various phases of community life in U.S.S.R.

To make the scheme for this Society a success, two thousand members must be enrolled within this month. If you are interested in the project, send your name and address to the Secretary of the China Aid Progressive Film Committee, Sakina Mansion, Carmichael Road, Bombay.

TOPICAL FILM OF A. I. C. C. SESSION

Produced By Mohan Pictures

Messrs. Mohan Pictures have filmed the Topical film of All-India Congress Committee session held at Bombay in the last month under the presidentship of Babu Rajendra Prasad. Mohan Pictures is the only company to produce this topical, which is now ready and will be released at various stations.

"SACH HAI" AT PLAZA

Saraswati Cinetone's film "Sach Hai," is being shown this week at Plaza, Dadar. Its theme is provided by that age-old problem of India—the barriers of caste.

Motilal plays the role of a Brahmin youth, while Gohar, Gold Medalist, Rose, the "Glamour Girl" of the screen, plays the role of an untouchable girl.

"NIRMALA" AT BANDRA TALKIES

From to-day (Wednesday) Bandra Talkies is to show for three days only Bombay Talkies' picture "Nirmala," starring Devika Rani with Ashok Kumar and Maya Devi.

Nirmala as a child lavished her care and affection on her dolls. As she grew up and reached maturity her fondness for children became a byeword. The story deals with her heart burning love for a child.

NADIA and JOHN CAVAS, coming next week in "Punjab Mail," at Lamington.

Story Of Czech Gold Scandal Revealed

How City Of London Controls And Betrays British Interests

Mr. George Strauss, M. P., writes in "Tribune":—

This is the story of Sir John Simon, Mr. Montago Norman and the Czech gold. It has been the subject of numerous questions in the House of Commons and of equally numerous evasive replies.

This is the first time that the full facts have been published.

Before Hitler seized Czechoslovakia, the National Bank of that country had been careful to send most of its money abroad. It had deposited ten million pounds with the Bank of International Settlements—usually known as the B.I.S. Four millions were in Switzerland. The remaining six millions were placed in the traditional "safety" of the Bank of England.

The B.I.S. is a sort of superbank, set up originally to facilitate reparations payments. It is under the control of a board consisting of representatives from the Central Banks of various countries. The British representatives are two members of the Board of the Bank of England, Mr. Montagu Norman, the Governor, and Sir Otto Niemeyer.

As soon as Hitler had sent his troops into Prague in March, he asks the B.I.S. to hand over to him all the money it held for the Czechs. "The coffers in Berlin were nearly empty and he badly needed the money to continue his armament programme."

The Czech money held by the B.I.S. belonged, of course, to the Czech people. It represented their savings over many years. The Bank's plain duty was to hold this money in trust for its rightful owners and, above all, not to let it fall into the hands of those who had robbed the Czechs of their independence and their liberty.

Dr. Beyen, the President of the Bank, was however, willing to give the money to Hitler. But not M Auboin, the French General Manager. The issue was put to several directors. M. Fournier, the Governor of the Bank of France, strongly supported his compatriot. But, according to information from authoritative sources, including the "Financial News", Mr. Montagu Norman and Sir Otto Niemeyer said that the gold should be handed over.

If the "Financial News" is wrong, I am sure the Editor of the TRIBUNE will be delighted to publish any denial or explanation that these gentlemen may care to send him.

Parliament had just stated its attitude on the issues involved in no uncertain tones. It had unanimously passed a Bill forbidding British banks to part with any Czechs deposits. But, apparently, Mr. Norman ignored Parliament's views, and neither sought the advice of the British Government nor bothered to tell them what he was doing.

The French directors acted very differently. They went straight to their Government.

Sir John Simon astounded Parliament by saying, in answer to a question by me, that he had heard nothing about this matter from the British representatives of the B. I. S., but only "indirectly through a continental source."

"He was later forced to admit that he was actually approached by the French Ambassador in London, on March 24, with a request that the Government should do something to induce Mr. Norman to change his attitude."

Our Government replied that it could do nothing. Mr. Norman remained adamant. The French then considered bringing the matter before the full board of the B.I.S. They came to the conclusion that it would be useless in view of the attitude of the British directors.

So Hitler has got his swag. He has got the four millions that were lying in Switzerland. In spite of demand from all parties in Parliament that at least the money lying in London should be held back, he has got that six millions, too.

Sir John Simon calmly stated that he could not interfere with the directors of "this Swiss Bank." What has happened in effect is that the B.I.S., with the active help of the British directors, has handed over to a gangster, who has committed robbery with violence against one of its clients, the money that that client had deposited with it for "safe" keeping.

Sir John Simon now says the whole affair was "deplorable." But the most deplorable part of it was that he refused to exercise any pressure on the British directors.

At first, the whole story was denied by the Government. The Prime Minister said that it was a "mare's nest." When it was no longer possible to maintain this attitude, we were treated to a series of statements designed to befog the true facts.

Not one word of protest was uttered by the Government against the action of Mr. Montagu Norman and Sir Otto Niemeyer.

"Something more than moral issues are involved in this outrageous transfer. It endangers the lives of British people. For actually, it is not money that is being given to Hitler, but aeroplanes and bombs with which to destroy our cities and our people.

The story of the Czech gold scandal is a striking example of how vital British interests are controlled and betrayed by the City of London.

The British people are being asked to make great sacrifices to defend their country and the British Empire. While the Nazi army was in the very act of consummating its aggression against Czechoslovakia, the Federation of British Industries tried to conclude an agreement with the German industrialists for the division of European trade amongst themselves.

Young men to-day are being conscripted into the fighting forces. Simultaneously the city, through the Bank of England, hands to Germany millions of Czech money which will increase her power to kill the conscripts and to murder our civilian population.

And when the Labour Government of New Zealand, with its magnificent record of social service, applies to the City of London not for new money, but for the renewal of an old debt, Mr. Montagu Norman, on behalf of the City, refuses.

Surely it is time that we refused to tolerate this domination of City interests over our welfare and our lives.

This shameful story of the Czech money makes it clear that at this moment of national danger it is all the more urgent that this domination shall cease.

"Every democrat and every patriot must demand that the Bank of England be brought under national control, that the present Governor be sacked and that its future Governors be public servants, and that the Ministers who have connived at this despicable betrayal should resign from all positions of responsibility."

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EDUCATION TO BE BROUGHT UP-TO-DATE

Sind Govt. Sets Up Committee Of Experts To Go Into Question

KARACHI, July 3.

In view of serious defects in the present day education, which is mainly literary and lacks vocational bias, and the consequent unemployment among the educated classes, the Government of Sind have decided to appoint a special committee of experts, under the chairmanship of the Hon'ble Pir Ilahi Bux, Education Minister, to examine the present system of education with a view to overhauling and bringing it into line with the actual requirements of the Province, with special reference to the rural areas.

The committee, which will start functioning from July 15 next, will also examine the development of primary education in the light of the Wood and Abbott Report, the Wardha Committee's Report, and the Kher Committee's Report on the above two reports.—United Press.

Revival Of Shoe-making Industry

SRINAGAR, July 2.

The Government of Kashmir have sanctioned the opening of a training centre in Nelo, village with a view to reviving the rural shoe-making cottage industry and indigenous pottery. Two trained shoe-makers and one trained potter will be appointed in the centre temporarily. A sum of Rs. 500 has been sanctioned for the purchase of tools and a stitching machine.—United Press.

SIND MINISTER FOR BOMBAY

Will Attend Local Self-Govt. Conference

KARACHI, July 3.

The Hon'ble Pir Ilahi Bux, Minister for Local Self-Government, will be flying to Bombay on August 1 to attend the All-India Local Self-Government Conference, to be held there under the presidentship of the Hon'ble Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, Home Minister of the Sind Government.

The Hon'ble Syed Miran Mahomed Shah, Speaker of the Sind Legislative Assembly, will be attending the Conference of Speakers at Simla.—United Press.

SEA SCOUT TROOP AT ALIBAG

On the occasion of the grand celebrations of the Bicentinal Anniversary of the famous Maratha Naval Chief, the late Kanhoji Raje Angre, the 1st Sea Scout Troop of this National Scout Association, will be inaugurated at Alibag and a gold-cloth Flag with the war-conch emblem of the Maratha Sea Hawk on it will be presented to the Scouts.

This flag and the badges have been graciously donated to the Troop by Shree Saubhagyawati Jeejabaisaheb, Maharanisaheb of Dewas State (Junior).

Sjt. D. W. Potdar, B.A. the well-known historian of Poona will deliver a public address on this occasion. The training of the Sea Scouts is being carried out by Mr. C. C. Bhosekar, the Ass. Organising Scout Commissioner for Konkan, at Alibag from the 26th June, 1939.

BARODA ASSEMBLY SESSION OPENS

Tribute To Late Ruler: Work On Reforms

BARODA, July 4

The summer session of the Baroda State Legislative Assembly commenced its sitting yesterday afternoon, Sir V. T. Krishnamachariar, the Dewan, presiding.

The proceedings commenced with the opening address of the President, in the course of which he referred in feeling terms to the great calamity suffered by the State in the demise of the late ruler—Maharaja Sir Sayajirao III.

WORK ON REFORMS

Sir Krishnamachariar drew the attention of the House to the scheme of constitutional advance, to which H. H. the Maharaja Partapsingh Gaekwar had given his assent, and further announced that necessary preliminaries had been actively taken in hand and it was hoped to complete the delimitation of constituencies, preparation of electoral rolls and other details within the next few weeks, so that the elections under the new scheme might be held soon. The present would be the last meeting of the Assembly under the existing regulations.

RESOLUTIONS

The House thereafter passed three non-official resolutions expressing deep sense of sorrow at the demise of the late Maharaja, expressing gratitude of the House to the Maharaja for his munificent gift of Rs. 1,00,00,000 to his people in memory of the late Sir Sayajirao and requesting him to allot an adequate share of it for the benefit of the State Harijans, and requesting the Government that January 3, which is the anniversary of the Diamond Jubilee of the reign of the late Maharaja, might be continued to be observed as a State holiday as hitherto, as a mark of respect to his memory.—United Press

TASK BEFORE INDIAN POLITICIANS

Narendra Deo Opens Summer School

NEW DELHI, July 4.

"An average Congress worker is not familiar with the history of the national movement. He has not studied the reasons why our struggles in the past have not succeeded. If he will know these defects, he will try to remedy them and will not always look to his leaders for guidance and instructions. He will act independently."

Thus observed Acharya Narendra Deo inaugurating to-day the Summer School of Politics started under the joint auspices of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee and the Delhi Students' Federation.

Continuing he said: "Political parties in other countries take care for the political education of their members. They run summer schools and publish copious literature for the use of their members." The speaker regretted that in India there was nothing like that and he desired the removal of this deficiency.

Acharya Narendra Deo is leaving for Lucknow this evening.—United Press.

Under the auspices of the Akola District Maha Vidharbha Sangh, Maha Vidharbha Day was celebrated at Akola in the premises of Babuji Deshmukh Library on Saturday last.

DELIGHTED TO VISIT INDIAN LABORATORIES

Mahatma's Remarks After Seeing Working Of 'Cipla'

Mahatma Gandhi accompanied by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Devdas Gandhi and Dr. Sushila Nair, paid a visit to the Chemical, Industrial and Pharmaceutical Laboratories Ltd., (Cipla) on Tuesday afternoon.

He was received by Dr. K. A. Hamid and Mrs. Hamid and the Technical Director and was taken round the various departments of the Laboratory. The working of the vacuum extraction plant, the Distillation plant, mixing plant, pill-coating plant, the Tablet-making machines and the newly installed cooling plant to help in the making of liver extracts and glandular products were explained to Gandhiji and party by Dr. Hamied and the staff of the Laboratory.

Gandhiji evinced keen interest in the various processes and appeared to be particularly amused at a machine that was making a great deal of noise.

An autograph hunter who, perhaps, thought he could catch Gandhiji in an accommodating mood was non-plussed when the Mahatma demanded his usual "fee" and had to go away crestfallen.

At the close of the inspection Gandhiji wrote in the Visitors' Book: "I was delighted to visit this Indian enterprise" and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel wrote: "I saw this interesting and useful enterprise to-day and was greatly pleased."

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"INSIDE ASIA"

(Continued from page 6)

interesting to those who have never read them but without any comments from the author they are redundant to the Indian reading public.

★

Gunther draws a sympathetic picture of Gandhiji. But there is no conviction behind it. One gets the impression that this great leader of three hundred and seventy millions is just a pleasant sort of a chap and really in the few minutes or hours they had together Gunther saw nothing in him to which the British should object. In a very brief manner, the author has attempted to concentrate the whole life work of Gandhi, his biography, his philosophy and all into one single chapter. It just can't be done. Much better if some of the sketchy historical data had been left out and the author had devoted his time to the interpretation of the Mahatma to his western public. The author never answers the two questions he asks: "What explains the hold Mr. Gandhi has on India? What has he done for India?"

★

He has sketched Jawaharlal Nehru much better, because it is a straightforward sketch. But even there, it is more the sort of stuff one expects to read from a Broadway columnist rather than a political correspondent. There is not that hold, he once displayed in his early effort on the dictators of Europe.

The chapter on the Princes, "The World of the Great Princes" is an unfortunate one, as is perhaps the chapter on the Aga Khan. It throws too much light on them in an India in which they have been reduced to a stage of comparative insignificance. Likewise, there are some almost school-boyish howlers. He says in the chapter on the Aga Khan: "His heir, the Ali Khan, an attractive and ambitious young official in Hyderabad, married the former Mrs. Loel Guinness". I wonder what the two people he has obviously mixed up have to say about it.

His caustic remarks on the Aga Khan are worth repeating. For instance, Gunther says: "He might have been a Moslem Gandhi; instead he has 'represented' India at the Round Table Conferences and the League of Nations—as well as at Deanville, Biarritz, and most of the resorts Europe....his political career has been largely that of a British mouth-piece".

★

Perhaps the best part of the book is the part which deals with China. He is at his best when portraying the Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek and his most interesting wife. The Soong family, from which Madame Chiang comes also makes interesting reading. Of the widow of Dr. Sun-Yat-Sen, the father of the revolution, Gunther says: ".....a hidden flower; a beautifully luminous bit of porcelain; a source of spiritual continuity and power; a shadow with flame behind it". In places like these he writes almost in style of Lin-Yutang. On the other hand his style changes with his subject when he comes to Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek. She is "the most brilliant of the three sisters, and the most conspicuous. She is exceptionally good-looking, though not so beautiful as Madame Sun; she is not oddly enough, very photogenic, and is much better looking in life than in pictures. Also she is very chic ....one might almost say that she is like the president of a really first-rate American woman's club; alert, amusing, smoothly polished, full of graceful small talk, and enormously efficient". Says Gunthar in this beautiful portrait of a beautiful woman: "She has wit and a lively sense of phrase. 'Not only God but everybody else is on the side of the big battalions', she once wrote. One of her epigrams is worth-recording, that too many foreigners think that 'in China the men wear the skirts and the women the trousers'. She is very quick". Likewise there is her great devotion to the General. She sent a message to Chiang at Sian in which she said: "Should T. V. fail to return within three days I will come to Shensi to live and die with you."

* * * * *

Japan, like Germany in "Inside Europe", begins this book, but there is not that great denunciation, which we read with enthusiasm in "Inside Europe." In fact there is little argument in the whole book and much less of emotion. To read Gunther on Germany was stimulating. To read Gunther on Japan was not half as exciting. That is the pity of this book, which contains so much and gives so little.

There was a time when John Gunther led the field of journalist-authors. The sales of "Inside Europe" bore witness to that. But there have followed in his wake a whole host of writers on world affairs—Seaton-Watson and Douglas Reed being the two most distinguished. But whereas Seaton-Watson has shown in his book his remarkable knowledge of European history and Douglas Reed has written with the fiery passion of a man who feels great truths John Gunther has become a mere chronicler of events and a recorder of anecdotes. Book-writing can often become a racket and successful authors are most prone to fall in the rut of writing exclusively for sale. It would be a great pity if Mr. Gunther who held out so great a promise in "Inside Europe" should fall into the hands of this racket. It is possible that were he to write an "Inside America" he would once again give us some of that feeling inside him, which he put into words so admirably in "Inside Europe". But he must live the part and feel it, such as he has not done in "Inside Asia". Even so, you must read the book to form your own opinion.

THE FATAL GRIP

(A poster prepared by the Prohibition Department at Ahmedabad).

J. A. Herbert Vacates Seat In Commons

LONDON, July 4.

The gazette announces that Lieut. Col. J. A. Herbert, member of the House of Commons has vacated his seat.—Reuter.

Unsuccessful Suit For Recovery Of Loan

Before Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia at the High Court came on the from Adambhoy Fazalbhoy Lalji. and Co. claiming Rs. 21,445-0-3 from Adambhoy Fazalbhoy Lalji

The plaintiffs stated that they had advanced moneys to the defendant from time to time, and on accounts being taken in October 1935, an amount of Rs. 21,445-0-3 was found due to them from the defendant.

The defence was that barring certain items, the amount claimed was in respect of a partnership of which Husseinbhoy Abdullabhoy Lalji, his brother Jafferbhoy, the defendant and some other persons were partners. The claim against the defendant, therefore, could not be maintained before filing a suit for accounts of the partnership which had been terminated in 1934.

JUDGMENT

In giving judgment, his lordship observed that it had been admitted that the final accounts of the partnership had not been settled. There was no evidence on which the plaintiffs could prove that the amount they claimed was advanced as a loan.

Considering the circumstances in the case, his lordship held that the suit was not maintainable.

C. I. States' People's Conference

BOMBAY, July 4.

The General Secretary, Central India States' Peoples' Conference writes:—

A meeting of the Working Committee of the Central India States' People's Conference will be held on 18th instant in the office of the "Hindi Swarajya" at Khandwa under the presidentship of Acharya Narendra Deo.

BENGAL MINISTER'S TIRADE AGAINST PROHIBITION

(From A Correspondent.)

The members of the Executive Committee of the All-India Muslim League who had come to Bombay for the Committee meeting were entertained to dinner at Islam Club on Sunday evening the 2nd instant. The following were present:—

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Khawaja Sir Nazimuddin, member for Law and Order, Bengal, Raja Saheb of Mahmudabad, Sir Abdullah Haroon, Mr. Syed Abdul Aziz, (Patna) Mr. Abdul Majid (Sindh), Mr. Abdul Sattar Sait (Madras), Mr. Syed Abdul Rauf Shah (C. P.), Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan.

Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy the President of the Club in welcoming the guests made a suitable speech.

Sir Nazimuddin who replied on behalf of the guests, after thanking the members of the Club for their hospitality said that Bombay City was under a cloud of depression and gloom on account of Prohibition policy of the Government and consequential imposition of ten per cent property tax. He further said that the property tax levied by the Government appeared to him to be not quite a fair tax because by their religion, traditions and customs the Mahomedans were prohibited from taking alcoholic drinks and those that did drink amongst the Mussalmans were very few and far between. The reform was mainly meant for the Non-Muslims, majority of whom were Hindus. Therefore, it was a heavy imposition on Muslim Community to pay for the reformation of the Hindus. He said that the 10 per cent tax on rateable value would ultimately mean more than 10 per cent perhaps 15 per cent. because it was generally the case that houses were not fully tenanted and it would mean payment of tax on unoccupied properties. Therefore, it appeared to him to be an ill-conceived and not a just tax to impose.

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SUB-JUDGES GIVEN FIRST-CLASS MAGISTERIAL POWERS

First Step In Separating Judiciary From Executive

The first step in the direction of separation of Judiciary from the Executive, it is understood, has been taken by the Government of Bombay by the passing of orders conferring first class Magisterial powers on all Sub-Judges in the Province. Whether the Sub-Judges will make use of these powers, or not will be decided after consulting the High Court.

Parsi Recital Of Holi 'Song Of Fire.'

In order to invoke the blessings of the Archangels and Lord Ahura Mazda on the Parsi Community Mr. Homi Framroze Daji, arranged for a recital of the holy song called "Atashnoo Geet" (the "Song of Fire").

The recital was held at the bungalow of Sir Hormusji Cowasji Adenwalla, at Tardeo Road, on Wednesday last, in the presence of a large gathering of both sexes. Such recitals are generally held privately, but as this function was thrown open to the whole community, a large number of the members of the community heard, with reverence, the recital, which lasted for over five hours.

Khan Saheb Maneck H. Dadachanji, in a few appreciative terms, referred to the labour of love of Mr. Daji who is exerting his utmost to do some service to the community. He hoped with the help of the invoking of the aid of the Almighty the community might be spared some impending calamities such that of prohibition.

Mr. Daji thanked all those who had attended to make the function a success, particularly Sir H. C. Adenwala for sparing his bungalow for the function. The function ended after garlanding Sir Hormasji.

Death Anniversary Of Late Mr. Behramsha N. Shroff

The 12th death anniversary (Baj) of the late Mr. Behramsha Nowroji Shroff, the teacher of the philosophy of Zarthosti Elme-Khashnoom (i.e. Zoroastrian Occultism) will be observed on Friday (7th July 1939) at Aibless Baugh, at Charni Road. The Jashan ceremony will commence at 4 p.m. (S. T.) and a meeting will be held at 5-30 p.m. when Mr. Jehangir Sorabji Chiniwala, Advocate will give a talk on "The Disposal of the dead according to the Zoroastrian Religion" Mr. Ardeshir P. Murzban will preside. The meeting is open to all Parsees.

SIMLA, July 3.—The Government of India have appointed Sardar Ganda Singh, Lecturer in Sikh History, Khalsa College, Amitsar, a corresponding member of the Indian Historical Records Commission for a period of three years with effect from June 26, 1939.—United Press.

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PRESS WORKERS ON STRIKE

Management Refuses To Reduce Working Hours

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

About 50 workers of the Fidvi Printing Press at Nagpada have gone on strike from to-day as a protest against the refusal of the management to grant certain demands of the workers.

It is stated that the workers had sent a notice to the management stating their demands that daily workers who are working since a long time should be made permanent and the hours of work should be reduced to 8 instead of nine.

Yesterday the management put up a notice stating that the demands are not acceptable and those who do not want to continue work should give 14 days notice and leave their jobs.

The workers, therefore met last evening at the Lal Bavta Press Kamgar Union's Office and decidto go on strike from to-day. A Strike Committee was formed at the meeting to conduct the struggle.

Accordingly, the workers have struck work from to-day and picketing is arranged at the press as well as at the shop of the press situated at Abdul Rehman Street.

Strikers are firm. The Lal Bavta Press Kamgar Union is directing the strike.

Laundry-owners Served With Ultimatum By Dhobis Before Action

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

At a huge meeting held yesterday at Jacob Circle the Bombay Dhobi Kamdar Sabha passed the following resolutions unanimously.

"This meeting empowers the Sabha to serve a notice on the Laundry owners to satisfy the demands of the Dhobies of the city within a time limit failing what the Sabha should organise a general strike.

A resolution supporting the Prohibition scheme was also passed.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. M. Shahid, President of the Sabha.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS UNION MEETING

Past Year's Activities Narrated

The work carried out by the Bombay Municipal Workers' Union during the past year was narrated at a general meeting of the Municipal workers held under the auspices of the Union on Sunday night at Palton Road. In the unavoidable absence of Mr. D. V. Pradhan who was to preside Mr. G. M. Jadhav took the chair.

Mr. N. J. Chitnis, one of the propaganda workers of the Independent Labour Party, explained the object of the meeting and said that during the course of the last one year the Union was able to secure increase in wages for drainage workers, leave concessions in other departments and redressal of individual grievances of numerous men. The Union was pressing forward with its programme of demands for better housing etc. but it all depended on the unity of the workers and their determination as to how far they would be successful.

The President stressed the need for members of the Union to be socially and politically conscious, to realise their rights and responsibilities and to stand united in their fight for better wages, better conditions of work, better educational facilities.

He then referred to the grievances of Crawford Market workers and hoped that the Union would be able to carry out a successful struggle on their behalf. After a short speech by Mr. Kandhle the meeting terminated.

IN AID OF NEEDY ORPHANS

A Society named the Universal Society was started by some enthusiastic persons in a meeting held at the American Dental Clinic, Dadar, Bombay, on the 19th of June, 1939. Many respectable and influential persons were present at the above meeting. This infant Society has got three important objects in view, namely, free lodging, boarding and educational aid to orphans, aid for liberal and technical education to poor middle-class students, and medical aid to the needy.

Though the Society is in its infancy at present, the promoters are confident of its success on account of direct and indirect aid from many leading citizens of Bombay.

The following Executive Committee was elected at the above meeting:—

Chairman:—Dr. Kamalkant, N. D., L.D.Sc.; Vice-Chairman: B. S'cchhotu Joowekar, Esq.; Jt. Hon. Treasurers: Dr. G. S. Bhende, L. D. Sc. and Devi Ashalata; Jt. Hon. Secretaries: M. B. Mone and Mrs. Amla Joowekar.

Kathiawar Letter

CONCILIATION OFFICER FOR BHAVNAGAR

Employees Permitted To Go On Strike If Grievances Not Redressed In Time

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT: (By Mail).

With the unprecedented list of the successful candidates in the last Matriculation examination of the Bombay University and equally cent per cent results of the Dharmendrasinhji College, Rajkot, both in F. T. Arts and Science, there is rush of students for admissions to F. T. Arts and Science and Intermediate Arts and Science, as well. To cope with Science practical in Biology, Botany, Zoology, Chemistry and Physics, the College authorities seem to be at their wits' end.

RULES FOR EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES

With the widespread opening and working of numerous factories and industrial concerns, the Bhavnagar Durbar, has deemed it just and reasonable to frame certain rules to be observed both by the employers and employees. The exhaustive rules demand the appointment of a special conciliation officer by the State to whom all the disputes between the employers and employees will be referred for amicable settlement. Under these rules, the employees are permitted to go on strike if their grievances, which are just and legitimate, are not redressed by the employers in good time.

The Durbar decrees that in case the woman-worker is undergoing her period of confinement, the employer cannot dismiss her. On the other hand, the employer is bound to lend her financial help. In case of her death which in confinement or the death of the child or deaths of both, a decent compensation is fixed which should go to the survivor or the nearest heir.

The Mangrol Durbar decrees that there are certain castes among the Hindus where divorce is permissible under the Hindu law. In such cases, if the wife is deserted by the husband for three long years and no provision for her maintenance is made by the husband, such a woman is entitled to get a divorce.

The Durbar has further exempted school-books and religious books from octroi duties which were levied till now. The only exception is that such books should not be imported into the State by sea-route.

POLICE EVIDENCE RECORDED

Baroda Disturbances Enquiry Committee Begins Work

BARODA, July 3.

The recording officers of the Inquiry Committee appointed to inquire into the disturbances that occurred on the occasion of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's visit to Baroda began recording evidence on behalf of the Police Department and police officers on June 26.

They recorded depositions of two witnesses up to July 1.—United Press.

JAMNADAS ON CONGRESS POLICY

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, July 2.

Criticism of Gandhiji, Gandhism and the Congress, was the feature of the address delivered last night at the Brahmin Sabha Hall by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, M.L.A., Leader of the Democratic Swaraj Party, on the occasion of the celebration of the 19th death anniversary of Lokamanya Tilak. Mr. M. V. Hedge, President, Thana Municipality, was in the chair. The function was held under the auspices of the local "Aikya Sangha."

After recounting the services of the late Lokamanya to the Nation, the speaker referred to the present political situation.

As regards Babu S. Bose Mr. Jamnadas said it was his opinion that the "Forward Bloc" had been started to compel the Mahatma to make peace with Mr. Subhas Bose as he had done with Pandit Jawaharlal.

"The Congress," he said, "is moving away from the Hyderabad Satyagraha," but he averred "Hyderabad will lead India towards freedom and not the Congress."

SIMLA, July 3.—During the month of February, 1939, 32 new Joint Stock Companies, limited by shares, with an aggregate authorised capital of Rs. 1,21,90,000 were registered under the Indian Companies Act in Bengal.—United Press.

SESSIONS COURT VERDICT REVERSED

5 Years For Attempted Murder

HYDERABAD, July 2.

A Divisional Bench of the Hyderabad High Court consisting of Justices Dr. Nawab Nazir Yar Jung Bahadur and Mr. Abu Sayeed Mirza accepted to-day the appeal of the police against the acquittal of one Sanbhajee, the Mali Patel of Hanspuri village, Nanded district, and sentenced him to five years rigorous imprisonment on a charge of attempted murder.

It is stated that Sanbhajee shot at one Mohamed Amin when he was in a shop in Manspuri village as the result of which Mohamed Amin received serious injuries.

The Sessions Judge of Aurangabad acquitted the accused, giving him the benefit of the doubt, but their Lordships found Sanbhajee guilty of the charge of the attempted murder and sentenced him to five year's rigorous imprisonment.

Illicit Liquor

Chandrigah, a Hindu, was sentenced by the Third City Magistrate to-day to three months' rigorous imprisonment with a fine of Rs. 25, in default further fifteen days imprisonment, on a charge of distilling illicit liquor.

It is stated that on 30th June Mr. Shaikh Dadai, the Sub-Inspector of the City Police, C.I.D., received information that the accused, Chandrigah, was engaged in distilling and selling illicit liquor in the city from a long time. Mr. Shaikh Dadai with his two Jamadars, Khader Khan and Ghulam Samdani, thereupon raided the house of Chandrigah and arrested him red handed.

G. I. P. Workshop Supervisor Retires

Friends, colleagues and admirers of Mr. Menashe Jacob, Supervisor in the G.I.P. Railway's Workshop, Matunga, gave a farewell party to him on Saturday evening on the eve of his retirement after nearly forty years service.

Various speakers referred to his modesty and eagerness to help his juniors. He joined the Railway in 1900 as an apprentice and gradually rose to the present position. He had to seek his rise under very difficult circumstances as he had neither overmuch grounding in general education nor was he financially affluent. handicaps and at present was considered one of the best mechanics in the Matunga workshop.

For the last twenty years he had devoted his time to training young men in building of railway carriages and most of the present mechanics attribute their skill to this good old man. Almost every coach on the G.I.P. Railway bore the stamp of his workmanship.

After light refreshments the guest of the evening was garlanded by his colleagues who wished him a happy and peaceful time in his well-earned retirement.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, July 3

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
American Power and Light Common	4
Electric Power and Light 7 p.c. Pfd	23
Electric Bond and Share Common	7 1/8
American Telephone and Telegraph	159½
Western Union Telegraph	17 5/8
Great Northern Pfd	20
New York Central R R	13 1/8
Liggette Myers B	105
American Tobacco 'B'	83 1/2
North American Co	20 3/4
Montgomery Ward	49
Amrex Corporation	22 1/2
Texas Corporation	35 3/4
Union Carbon and Carbide	73
United States Rubber	39 1/2
United States Steel	44 7/8
Bethlehem Steel	52 1/4
Ludlum Steel	15
Crucible Steel	26
Republic Steel	14
United States Smelting	50
Int Nickel of Canada	46
Anaconda Copper Mining	22 7/8
Chrysler Motors	68
General Motors	42 1/4
General Electric	33 1/4
Socony	11 1/8
Consolidated Oil	7 5/8
National City Bank of New York	24 1/2

Turnover 240,000 shares. Steady market. Steel production 38 1/2 per cent. against 54 1/2 per cent last week. And 28 1/2 per cent same period last year.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, July 4.

Wheat	3,829 cwts.
Linseed	2,728 cwts.
Rape, Raj and Mustardseeds	46 cwts.
Groundnuts	1,758 cwts.
Castorseed	239 cwts.
Rice	2,336 cwts.
Myrabollams	844 cwts.
Cottonseed	2,511 cwts.
Mowraseed	160 cwts.
Gram	249 cwts.
Joowar	212 cwts.
Bajree	359 cwts.
Indian Sugar	51 cwts.

WHEAT CROP REPORTS FROM EUROPE UNFAVOURABLE

(From Our Correspondent.)

Hapur, July 1.

The oversea wheat markets during the week under review remained quiet and there were minor fluctuations in the prices. There have been a decline in what in London to the extent of 3/4s. for Rozario, about 1 1/2d for Barletta and 3d for Australia, which closed at 19/3d for July, 23s for June and 22/9d for July respectively for the three qualities. In Liverpool the price is quoted at July 46 3/4d while at the last week-end it was 45 7/8d, showing a slight increase of 7/8d. The Chicago futures however remained fluctuating and July, September and December having lowest touched 68 5/8, 69 1/2 and 70 3/4 cents respectively during the week closed at 71 1/2, 72 1/4, and 73 1/8 cents respectively.

EUROPEAN CROPS

European crop positions are now reported to be adversely effected due to excessive rains in Italy, Greece and Portugal and the quality of wheat in Italy has been definitely lowered due to unseasonable weather. From Hungary also, the complaints of heavy rains have been received. In England and Wales, however, the Winter wheat is progressing satisfactorily while in Germany Winter wheat improved during May and prospects for spring gain are above average. In Russia short rains have been received in scattered areas and in Kazakstan, an important spring wheat area, hot and clear weather prevails.

IMPORTS.

Imports into Europe during the week ending June 17, totalled 1,830,000 qrs. against 1,546,000 qrs, last week; 834,000 qrs. during the corresponding week last year, 50,205,000 qrs. since August 1, 1938 and 45,600,000 qrs. during the corresponding period last year.

AMERICAN MARKETS

American markets were rather uneventful. In U.S.A. the total harvest for Winter and Spring crops is estimated at above the early June indications and is hoped to be somewhat above 700 million bushels. Small export sales of the American wheat are still made to the continent, but no definite announcement has yet been made with regard to the Government export subsidy policy during 1939/40. Rainfall in the U.S.A. for Spring wheat is unevenly distributed but the crop is making fair progress. The Winter crop is harvesting under favourable weather conditions excepting a few complaints from Kansas. Crop advices from Canada are very much favourable and according to the Modern Miller the crop is now recognised to be the best since 1932, and the out turn is estimated around 400 million bushels, and prospects are excellent.

Shipments from Argentina have considerably increased. During the week ending June 17, it amounted to 975,500 qrs., the heaviest figure in the year and as far as since early months of 1937. Besides, negotiations for the sale of 1 1/2 million qrs. have been completed with Italy in exchange for machinary and textile goods. Rains so far received are considered to be sufficient for present needs and seeding of new crop is progressing well.

POLITICAL SITUATION

An Australia, the political situation in the far east is reacting on the exports which have considerably decreased to China and ex-European destinations. Showery weather has prevailed during the past week and this is favourable to the new crop.

World shipments of wheat during the week ending June 17 totalled 2,145,000 qrs including 654,000 qrs. from North America, 976,000 qrs from Argentina, 167,000 qrs from Australia, and 255,000 qrs from Danubian countries. Last weeks total was 1,855,000 qrs. World shipments since August 1, 1938 to June 17, 1939 totalled 66,582,000 qrs compared with 56,830,000 qrs during the corresponding period last year.

WORLD CARRYOVER

With only six weeks now left to close the 1938/39 season Mr. Broomhall estimates the worlds carryover on August 1, as compared with corresponding figures for 1931 when prices are reported to be on a present day level:—

World carry over stocks.

	1st Aug 1939.	1st Aug. 1938.	1st Aug. 1931. qrs.
With U.S.A.	34,500,000	19,300,000	41,700,000
With Canada	11,000,000	3,000,000	17,600,000
With Argentina	21,500,000	10,000,000	9,700,000
With Australia	6,000,000	7,500,000	7,500,000
With Europe	30,500,000	18,600,000	8,000,000
Total	106,500,000	58,300,000	84,500,000

In our own markets an easier feeling prevailed. Karachi which had closed at Rs. 22/6/6 for July and Rs. 23 for September last week closed at Rs. 21/13 and Rs. 22/6 respectively on June 29, recording a fall of about 0/10 per candy. Arrivals from upcountry were on a reduced scale, averaging 35,000 bags per day, while the total weeks export for the week ending June 24, totalled 11,110 bags which were for Bombay and other coastal ports. Total exports from Karachi since the start of the season are 135,000 bags, of which nearly 90,000 bags have been for Bombay as against 150,000 bags a year ago.

In the Punjab Asoj at Amritsar and Okara closed at 2/4/7 and 2/2/9 respectively, both recording a fall of about one anna over that of last week. Ludhiana which was quoted at 2/6/10 closed at 2/6/6.

In the United Provinces Ghaziabad and Muzaffarnagar have declined to about one anna per maund over last week closing at Rs. 2/8/7 and 2/11/8. At Aligarh the market however remained steady, closing at 2/11/7 1/2. Hapur opened to-day at 2/8/7 1/2, the lowest having touched as far as 2/7/7 on June 27, and the highest during the week having touched 2/8/10. The market was mainly influenced by favourable weather reports from Canada and increasingly favourable new crop outlook in foreign countries. Heavy rains were received during the week and arrivals were negligible. The stock of old and new khatties is estimated at 880.

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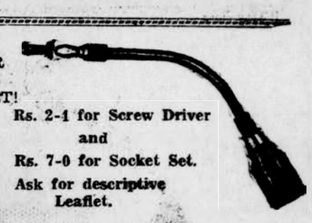

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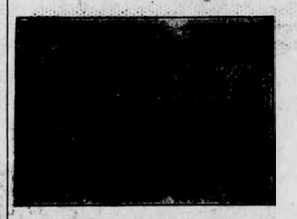

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Latest Commercial News

Reports Of Favourable Progress Of Anglo-Soviet Relations

GOOD RECOVERY IN GILT-EDGEDS AND OILS

Selling Pressure Continues In Silver

BOMBAY: July 4.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York Cotton Market and Wall-Street Market were closed for Independence Day.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Prices advanced on renewed demand owing to favourable outlook of Anglo-Soviet negotiations.

Gilt-edgeds, Kaffirs and Oils showed rallying disposition.

Liverpool Wheat Market eased under liquidation.

Exchange movements were confined to narrow range.

Silver price in London were again lower. The spot rate was particularly affected.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1939

New York, July 4.

Previous closing	8.77
To-day's opening	closed
Difference	
To-day's closing	
Difference	

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1939

Liverpool, July 4.

Previous closing	4.55
To-day's opening	4.58
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	4.63
Difference	+.08

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August 1939	Rs. 159
April May 1940	Rs. 155

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, July 4.

The New York cotton market was closed to-day.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, July 4.

Locally Broach July/August opened at Rs. 158-14 and closed at the same price. Movements were very narrow.

April/May opened at Rs. 154-4. The closing rate was Rs. 154-14

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, July 4.

American July (4.95)	4.98
American October (4.56)	4.60
Giza July (6.25)	6.29
Giza October (6.34)	6.39

LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, July 4.

Indian Pekoe (1-1)	1-1
Indian Pekoe higher	(1-8 3/4) 1-7 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe	(1-0 1/2) 1-0 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher	(1-4 1/4) 1-4 1/4

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop July/Aug. (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 3/8
Dundee August (£26 3/4) £26 3/4
Lightning August (£25 1/4) £25 1/4

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay July-Aug. (£11 3/8 sellers) £11 3/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata July (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata July (£11 13/16 sellers) £11 3/4 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal August (£12 sellers) £11 13/16 sellers

RUEBER

Spot (8 1/2 paid and sellers) 8 3/16 paid and buyers
Forward October-December (8 3/4 paid and value) 8 3/8 paid and sellers

METALS

Tin (£229 3/4 buyers £230 sellers. Quiet) £229 3/4 buyers £230 sellers. Quiet
Lead (£14 7/16 buyers £14 1/2 sellers. Steady) £14 1/2 buyers £14 9/16 sellers. Very steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£48 to £49) £48 1/2 to £49
Iron (102) 102

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, July 4.

Business was meagre in the local market with a quiet undertone in the absence of any enquiries, miscellaneous issues were quieter. In sugar shares, Mysore sugars were easier.

Government securities remained unchanged.

Exchange Transactions 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper Rs. 94/12, 3 1/2 per cent 1947/50, Government of India Loan Rs. 103/4/6, 3 per cent 1952 Madras Loan Rs. 98/14.

Central Banks Rs. 34/4 small lot, Rajalakshmis pref Rs. 49/6 xd small lot, Tropical Plantations Rs. 12/6 c.d. Malayalam Plantations sh 27/6, Mysore sugars Rs. 32, United Breweries ordy Rs. 58 C.D. Associated cements Rs. 12/3 Aug. Amrutanan pref Rs. 79, Tata irons ordy Rs. 280, Aug. Tata irons defd Rs. 1327/8, Aug. Indian coppers Rs. 1/0/6, Madras telephone corps Rs. 16/4, Ouchterloney valley debs 6 per cent Rs. 101.

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, July 4.

Previous closing	4.68 1/8
To-day's opening	closed
At the time of New York cotton closing	

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, July 4.

Previous closing	4.68.13
To-day's opening	4.68.13
To-day's closing	4.68.13

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, July 4.

Previous closing	176.73
To-day's opening	176.72
To-day's closing	176.72

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 4.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.68.13 and continued dull and uninteresting with movements confined to narrow range.

Franc opened at 176.72 and remained steady without any important variation.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 29/32 sellers) 1-5 29/32 sellers
Paris on Bombay (13.181) 13.180
New York on Bombay (34.95) 34.93
Berlin on Milan (0.87 1/8) 0.87 1/8
London on Milan (89.02) 89.02
London on Shanghai (0-6 9/16 nominal) 0-6 9/16 nominal.
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (Nil) Nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-6 1/2) £7-8-6 1/2
Silver (18 3/16d.) 17 7/8d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (7/8 to 7/8 per cent) 7/8 to 7/8 per cent
4 months (15/16 to 15/16 per cent) 15/16 to 15/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 3/8 to 1 3/8 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, July 4.

The following cable regarding London silver market was received in Bombay to-night:—

"Speculative selling. Poor support. Market steady at the decline."

LONDON SILVER

London, July 4.

Spot	(18 3/16d) 17 7/8d—5/16
Forward	(17 9/16d) 17 1/2d—1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, July 4.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-6 1/2) £7-8-6 1/2

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 4.

Wheat September	3	1	3
Wheat January	3	5	0
Wheat May	3	5	6
Linseed May	5	1	3
Linseed September	5	3	9

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, July 4.

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with July at 46 1/8d. Prices eased under liquidation influenced by continued heaviness of Chicago coupled with the absence of enquiry for actuals.

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotation

SILVER

Bombay, July 4.

Silver ready	48	10	0
Silver Shravan	48	2	0
Silver Shravan (Second)	48	0	0

GOLD

Gold ready	37	1	0
Gold Shravan	37	1	3
Gold Shravan (Second)	37	1	6
Sovereign	23	10	6

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, July 4.

The closing quotation for Liverpool wheat (July) was 45 7/8d.

3½% GOVT. LOAN

Latest Quotations

Bombay, July 4.

3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 94/13 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 4.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £82 1/2

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Friday, June 23, £85
Monday, June 26, £84 1/2
Tuesday, June 27, £84
Wednesday, June 28, £84
Thursday, June 29, £83 1/2
Friday, June 30, £83 1/2
Monday, July 3, £83

INDIAN LOANS

Bombay, July 4.

3-30 p.m

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£95 1/2) £94 Ex Div.
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£82 1/2) £82 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£105 3/4) £105 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£108 3/4) £108 1/2
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-58 (£102 3/4) £102
5 per cent 1942-47 (£105) £105
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£97) £97

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 (£100) £100 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£66 5/8) £67 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£93 5/8) £94 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102) £102
5 per cent Funding Loan (£105 3/4) £106
5 1/2 per cent War Loan (£93) £93 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£105 3/4) £105 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 4.

London Stock Exchange displayed better feeling.

Giltedged securities after early setback attracted support. Three and half per cent was quoted at £82 1/2 i.e. ten shillings lower than the last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (15-9) 15-9
Motors and Epencer Ordinary (57-1 1/2) 57-4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 3 5/8) dol 3 5/8
Elec Music Industry (9-6) 9-6
Princhin Johnson (22-7 1/2) 22-1 1/2
Imperial Chemical (28-4 1/2) 28-10 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (61-1 1/2) 61-7 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1950 (£18) £18
Dunlop Rubber (26-0) 26-0
Unilever Ordinary (35-3) 35-3
Ford Motors (15-6) 15-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£48 1/2) £49 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (93-9) 95-7 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£6 1/2) £6 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (125) 126-10 1/2
P and O. S. N. Company Deferred (18-9) 18-9
Distillers (94-6 Ex Div) 94-9
Bredford Dye (3-6) 3-6
British Celanese (4-3) 4-6
J and P Coates Ordinary (28-9) 29-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (25-1 1/2) 25-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-7 1/2) 2-7 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (18-4 1/2) 18-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 49 1/8) dol 49 7/8
Indian Iron (35-0) 35-0

TEA SHARES

Assam (17-3) 17-3
Donaro Tea (30-0) 30-0
Empire of India (23-0) 23-0

JUTE

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-9) 22-9
Gula Kelampong (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (26-9) 26-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (28-9) 28-9
Burma Corporation (7-4 1/2) 7-4 1/2
Rio Tintos (£11 1/8) £11 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (45-7 1/2) 45-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£7 3/4) £7 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£13 1/2) £13 5/8
Associated Portland Cement (64-1 1/2) 64-1 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (81-3) 81-3
Sub Nigel (£10) £10 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (26-3) 26-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 1/4) £7 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (20-7 1/2) 21-3
Anglo Iranian (68-9) 70-0
Burma Oil (67-6) 70-0
Mexican Eagle (7-3) 7-7 1/2
Shell Transport (80-7 1/2) 83-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (£33 1/8 Ex Div.) £33 5/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£30) £31 1/2
London Midland Ordinary (£12 3/4) £13 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£2 1/2) £2 1/2
London Southern Def (£14 1/4) £14 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£111 1/2) £112
London Transport 'C' (£74 1/2) £74 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Sharp Improvement In Prices

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, July 4.

On the Stock Exchange unconfirmed reports of the favourable progress of Anglo-Soviet negotiations caused a sharp improvement of prices owing to renewed demand in the markets where stock was scarce. All groups benefited, particularly Giltedged securities, Kaffirs and Oils, the last named recovering a good proportion of the recent losses.

Wall Street was closed for Independence Day.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, July 4.

The share market closed early to-day owing to death of a member. Conditions were very quiet and there was practically no business.

Government securities:—Three per cent loan 1941 102/6; three and half per cent Government paper 94/12; four and half per cent loan 1955/60 115/5; five per cent loan 1945/55 113/4.

Coals:—Pench Valley 28/4.

Jutes:—Adamjee 61; Howrah 53/15; Barnagore 149; Kamarhatty 482 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Indian iron and steel 24; steel corpn ord 12/7; Calcutta trams ord 16.—A. P.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. One Crore and fifty lakhs of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 4th July 1939. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,14,50,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-6 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-3 allotted approximately 67 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,50,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-14-8 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore and fifty lakhs of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 11th July 1939. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 14th July 1939 Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 30th June 1939, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 3,41,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

MONSOON STRONG IN PENINSULA

Moderate Rainfall Expected In Several Provinces

POONA, July 4.

The unsettled conditions in the Bay of Bengal have become unimportant. The monsoon has been generally strong in the Peninsula and fairly active in Gujarat and Orissa. A few falls of rain occurred in Assam, Bengal and Central Provinces.

Day temperatures were appreciably above normal in West Central Provinces and Central India, while they were appreciably below norma in parts of North Madras Coast.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Jalpaiguri four inches, Ratnagiri, Honavar, Calicut three, Mangalore, Calingapatam, two; Jalgaon, Miraj, Gadag Hyderabad, Cochin, Nellore, Khandala, Mahabaleshwar, and Mercara one and a half, Cuttack, Bhavnagar, Bombay Poona Nizamabad, Bangalore, Salem, Vellore, Vizagapatam, one. Gopalpur, Nagpur, Dohad, a half.

Forecast until the evening of July 5:—The monsoon will be strong in Gujarat, Konkan, Malabar and Deccan. Rainfall will occur locally in Mysore West Central Provinces, West Central India, West United Provinces, and East Rajputana

A few falls are also likely along and near the Punjab Hills, East United Provinces, North-East India, North Madras Coast, East Central Provinces, South-East Madras and lower Sind.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m of 4-7-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.046 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.7 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.0 degrees 0.5 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 75.2 degrees 1.7 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 94 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 128 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours, 28 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10.

Rain in 24 hours 1.14 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 12.42 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 17.10 inches.

Weather Remark—Thunder, lightning and rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 4-7-39.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index errror at mean sea level would actually read 29.79 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.58 inches.

For correction of ship's instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

GUPTE—5 JULY—4

All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, July 4.

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max.	Temperature Min.	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Rainfall Total Since 1st June	Rainfall Difference from Normal
Agra	103	84	—	3.6	+0.2
Amraoti	97	77	0.1	2.9	—4.6
Akola	96	77	—	4.4	—1.8
Ahmedabad	102	81	0.3	2.2	—3.3
Ajmer	100	86	—	1.5	—1.7
Ahmednagar	88	70	0.7	4.8	—0.4
Ambala	99	77	—	6.1	+1.1
Allahabad	102	85	—	5.3	—1.0
Benares	104	86	—	5.9	—0.6
Bareilly	102	83	—	5.8	—1.0
BOMBAY	86	75	1.1	17.1	—4.7
Bangalore	80	66	1.2	5.1	+1.7
Bhopal	98	79	—	4.7	--
Baroda	103	78	0.1	1.7	—
Belgaum	82	67	0.3	15.4	+5.7
Bahawalpore	98	78	—	1.3	+0.4
Bijapur	87	71	0.1	6.4	+2.8
Bellary	87	74	0.7	2.6	—1.0
Bhavnagar	101	77	1.0	1.2	—3.9
Chittagong	88	78	0.1	16.3	—7.1
Calcutta	92	81	—	16.2	+2.6
Cuttack	92	79	1.1	5.9	—5.8
Cawnpore	103	86	—	7.6	+3.3
Calicut	78	74	2.7	39.7	+1.4
Colombo	84	74	1.2	7.8	—0.6
Cocanada	85	77	0.1	4.1	—1.5
Cochin	78	74	1.7	44.4	+12.3
Dehra Dun	95	74	—	9.2	—2.0
Delhi	100	83	—	4.4	+0.3
Dehra I. Khan	102	78	—	0.1	—0.7
Desa	102	87	—	0.1	—3.0
Dalhousie	---	—	—	10.7	+1.1
Fort Sandeman	92	70	—	2.7	+1.9
Gorakhpur	97	80	—	13.2	+4.0
Hyderabad (Dn.)	89	74	1.3	3.5	—2.1
Hyderabad (Sd.)	103	83	--	--	—0.7
Indore	98	76	0.1	1.6	—5.3
Jhansi	103	87	—	4.9	—0.9
Jubbulpore	97	78	—	6.1	—3.3
Jacobabad	105	86	—	—	—0.8
Jaipur	102	85	—	1.8	—1.4
Karachi	89	82	—	—	—0.9
Kodaikanal	64	53	0.1	3.3	—1.3
Khandwa	101	78	T	5.2	—1.2
Lucknow	102	85	—	7.0	+1.3
Ludhiana	98	78	—	2.4	—0.3
Lahore	99	79	—	2.5	+0.3
Lyallpur	91	82	—	2.0	+0.6
Multan	99	82	—	2.5	+0.6
Mysore	81	67	T	1.7	—1.5
Madras	92	75	0.6	2.0	—0.4
Marmagoa	84	73	0.8	37.8	—
Malegaon	93	72	0.5	4.6	—0.4
Mussoorie	74	61	—	12.2	+5.5
Mahableshwar	74	63	1.6	32.6	—23.9
Murree	75	61	—	6.5	+1.5
Mount Abu	82	74	T	0.4	—7.4
Masulipatam	83	70	0.4	5.2	—
Mandalay	93	77	—	3.1	—3.5
Mangalore	81	72	2.2	48.2	+5.6
Meerut	---	—	—	5.0	+0.7
Mercara	68	61	1.6	18.4	—12.5
Nagpur	93	76	0.5	6.3	—4.2
Ootacamund	61	53	0.2	7.4	+0.1
Patna	99	83	—	9.5	—
Peshawar	101	76	—	—	—0.4
Poona	88	71	1.2	4.4	—1.0
Pachmarhi	89	73	—	5.1	—6.9
Port Blair	84	73	0.1	24.7	+1.4
Quetta	89	65	—	0.6	—
Rawalpindi	98	75	—	1.7	—1.2
Rangoon	83	75	1.2	23.0	+2.5
Ratnagiri	83	73	3.1	46.6	+13.1
Rajkot	100	80	T	0.6	—4.7
Sialkot	98	81	—	4.8	+1.3
Srinagar	80	57	—	0.4	—1.2
Sholapur	86	72	0.3	5.2	—0.1
Shillong	81	61	—	28.1	+10.4
Simla	71	61	—	11.2	+1.6
Surat	94	78	0.2	1.1	—9.3
Salem	89	73	1.1	5.8	+2.3
Trichinopoly	95	79	—	3.8	+2.1
Vizagapatam	86	77	0.9	3.4	—1.9

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

MONSOON AT ITS OLD GAME AGAIN?

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Comparative dry but cloudy weather prevailed in Bombay today in contrast with the week-end when the city and the suburbs were deluged with more than ten inches of rainfall. The sun was obscured for the greater part of the day.

The promise of the last few days was kept up on Monday when the Fort area received more than two inches of rain.

The following are the rainfall figures recorded in different areas of the city, for the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. on Tuesday and the total since the first of June.

Colaba	1.14 inches	17.09 inches
Fort	2.23 inches	15.56 inches
Byculla	1.47 inches	14.7 inches
Matunga	1.38 inches	14.49 inches

The maximum temperature during the same period was 86 degrees being one degree below normal and the minimum was 75.2 degrees being two degrees below normal.

HIGH COURT SESSIONS

32 Cases On The Calendar

The third criminal sessions of the High Court for the current year commenced on Tuesday, Mr. Justice Lokur presiding.

There are 32 cases on the calendar, out of which 5 are of murder, 4 of attempt to murder, one (involving four accused) of counterfeit coins and four of forgery.

HARWOOD LEAGUE

Y. M. C. A. Outclass B. E. S. T.

Tramwaymen Shadow Of Former Self

BUTCHI GIVES ANOTHER BRILLIANT DISPLAY FOR YOUNG MEN

Steadily maintaining their recent vastly improved form—the Y. M. C. A. continued their 'late-in-the-season' bright spell—when close upon their last Sunday's victory over South Kanara—they further emulated themselves by accounting for another much-fancied civilian combination—the B. E. S. T. by the decisive margin of four goals to two in the Senior Harwood League—on the Cooperage ground last evening.

Despite the distinctly 'softish' ground the game opened at a pretty fast pace—with long swinging passes being an initial welcome change of the tactics exploited by both the contestants.

SUCCESS OF NEW TACTICS

The exclusively 'dry ground' game of 'tap-push-and-dribble' which had—strangely enough—become a regular unwelcome 'paradoxical' feature of the preceding two encounters was for the first time totally discarded for a type of play more suited to the peculiar ground conditions. The fact that as many as four goals were registered—two each 'way'—before recess is sufficiently significant of the success achieved by the 'changed' 'methods'—particularly when we glance over the comparatively 'cold' score sheet of the two previous matches.

Y. M. C. A IMPRESS

Y. M. C. A. were the first to get going—and after M. Jesudian's fine angular shot had just missed the mark by inches—in the 4th minute of play—in the very next minute Smith was called upon to save a rather 'tame' one from Butchi—which the Tramwayman's custodian easily gathered. The Youngmen however continued to force the pace—and for the next fifteen minutes and barring a couple of sporadic half-hearted breakaways by Fernandes and B. Gardner which Humphries and Almeida effectively frustrated—there was only one side in the picture during this period.

FIRST GOAL

After M. Jesudian had successively failed to connect with Butchi's accurate flank passes—Charles dodging a host of defenders had Smith all at sea with his deceptive close-range angular flick—to give the Youngmen a valuable early lead in the 12th minute of the game—the ball glancing off the B. E. S. T. Custodian's person to enter the far corner of the net (1-0).

B. E. S. T.'S BRIGHT SPELL

However—this early—though on the run of play not unexpected—reverse seems to have put the B. E. S. T. on their mettle—for they suddenly sprang into their 'original' promising form—which had—in the earlier part of the League—marked them out as the strongest civilian combination—by scoring two fine goals—both through B. Gardner—in rapid succession midway in the first half—to give the Tramwaymen an ominous one goal lead. (2-1). With the Y. M. C. A. going all out for the equaliser—and their opponents trying their level best to keep back the same—the game from now on, for the remainder of the earlier period was an exciting 'straightforward, fight between the Youngmen's attack and the B. E. S. T. defence.

BALANCED RECESS SCORE-SHEET

The latter managed to hold out till the 28th minute—when Butchi levelled matters with a perfect angular drive the deserving culmination of a brilliant solo sprint—which gave Smith not the ghost of a chance (2-2). The teams crossed over at this score.

TRAMWAYMEN OUTCLASSED

On resumption things took a singularly one-sided turn. The Youngmen playing as they have never played before—outclassed their opponents in all departments of the game—and apart from the two goals they put in—the first through Butchi who again took Smith by surprise after another hectic solo sprint and the second through Balan who connected perfectly—with a fine header—with J. Jesudian's fine flag kick—in the 15th and 20th minute after resumption respectively—they deserved at least a couple more, and the losers must thank their stars that the final whistle found them escaping a heavier and more humiliating defeat.

RESULT:

Y. M. C. A	4 goals
B. E. S. T.	2 "

THE TEAMS:—

Y. M. C. A.—Lynn, Glewis and Almeida, Humphries, Salim and Mulleneaux, M. Jesudian, Charles, Balan, Butchi and J. Jesudian.

B. E. S. T.—Smith, Moore and Elliott, R. Gardner, Wilkins and D'Silva, Fernandes, B. Gardner, Kolapker, Robertson and D'Souza.

REFEREE—Mr Ridley.

TO-DAY'S MATCH

(Cooperage)

5-50 p.m. S. Lancs. "D" v. Caltex

WEST INDIES BEATS NOTTS

LONDON, July 4.

Following are the results of first class cricket matches which commenced on July 1:—

Warwickshire vs. Glamorgan: Warwick won by innings and 91 runs. Glamorgan 102 and 225 (Turnbull 53; Hollies nine for 93. Warwick 418 for seven declared.

Nottinghamshire vs. West Indies: West Indies won by an innings and 94 runs. Notts 149 and 267 (Keeton 82; Giles 52).

West Indies 510 for three declared.—Reuter.

INTER-'VARSITY CRICKET

Oxford Beat Cambridge

LONDON, July 4.

Oxford won the Inter-Varsity Cricket Match, beat Cambridge by 45 runs.

Oxford declared their second innings closed at overnight total of 273 for 3.

Cambridge were all out in their second innings for 384 (Dickinson 100 Webster 60, Evans 5 for 127). —Reuter.

WIMBLEDON TENNIS

Indian Beats British Player

LONDON, July 4.

At Wimbledon in all-England Plate, third round, Savara beat David 6-4, 3-6, 6-3.

The Briton who is one of the most promising players gave Savara a good fight, but the Indian had greater pace especially in forehand.

In Quarter-Finals Womens Singles, Stammers surprisingly beat Jacobs 6-2, 6-2.

In Quarter Finals of Women's Singles, Alice Marble beat Jedzrejowska 6-1, 6-4.

Fabyan beat Mathieu 6-4, 6-2.

Lady Linlithgow arrived in Croydon by air.

KASHI VIDYAPITH

BENARES, July 3.

The Secretary, Kashi Vidyapith, writes:—

"Kashi Vidyapith, Benares, reopens after summer vacation on July 17. University education is imparted through the medium of Hindi and Devanagari script. Students who have passed Visharad examination of the Vidyapith or matriculation of equivalent examination of any other University would be admitted. No tuition or lodging fees are charged. Monthly expenses of boarders come to Rs. 10.

Owing to financial stringency no scholarship is offered this year. Students must meet all expenses themselves. Prospectus and rules will be sent on application.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, July 4.

Anchor Line s.s. Castalia of 4171 reg tons Capt H Hutchinson arrived from Glasgow via Liverpool Gibraltar Marseilles Port Said Suez and Aden with passengers and general cargo

N Y Kaisha's s.s. Zinzan Maru of 3107 reg tons Capt T Tagasira arrived from Karachi with cotton iron and general cargo

SAILED

Lionel Edward's s.s. Goldenfels of 4845 reg tons Capt E Wiebke sailed for Karachi with same bottom cargo

B I S N s.s. Orna of 4030 reg tons Capt W Hemmings sailed for Calcutta with local cargo

Lionel Edwards s.s. Ochenfels of 4681 reg tons Capt Meybohm sailed for Antwerp Rotterdam Hamburg and Bremen via Port Said with passengers local and same bottom cargo

N Y Kaisha's s.s. Husimi Maru of 6846 reg tons Capt S Kagani sailed for Kobe via Colombo and Singapore with passengers local and same bottom cargo

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 4-7-39.

S S City of Hongkong (KN) for Port Said Port Sudan Marseilles Plymouth Antwerp Dunkerk Liverpool and Glasgow

S S Canton (MM) for China Japan Ports via Colombo

Easing Of European Tension Hardens Cotton Prices

BOMBAY OPERATORS BUY DISTANTS IN NEW YORK

Scarcity Of Contracts

Bombay, July 4.

Active Bombay buying of distants was a strong factor in the upturn on the New York Cotton Exchange on Monday which was assisted by the easing of the European tension. The market opened steady and prices early declined on lower Liverpool advices, long liquidation and foreign selling. After some hesitancy prices advanced on trade buying of nears and local buying which disclosed scarcity of contracts. Sentiment was helped by the advance of hedge pressure. The session closed steady.

At the opening October was quoted 2 points down at 8.63 which was the lowest level. Later on there was active buying and prices advanced to 8.77 which was the highest level and the market closed at a net rise of 11 to 15 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 12 points at 9.87c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also fairly firm with improved demand and closed at a rise of 9 to 13 points. Spot cotton prices improved 5 points at 9.50c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a decline of 3 points with October 4.56. The signing of the subsidy Appropriations Bill and the gloomy outlook discouraged support, nevertheless, offerings were relatively light. Later on there was small trade calling and hedging otherwise the market was lifeless. The market closed at a decline of 2 to 4 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 5.56d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Giza futures were unchanged and Uppers futures declined 2 to 3 points. The Alexandria cotton market was weak and Sakels declined 78 to 9 points down and Ashmouni futures lost 13 to 10 points.

Messrs. E. J. Schwaback and Co., Bombay have received the following air mail news from Dr. Monath from New York which will be found interesting.

"It has been a pleasure to hear from you under the date of May 5th, which I found on my desk upon my return from a business trip to Mexico.

"I readily realize that our agricultural programme is confusing to our Indian friends and must lower their valuation of our ability to solve our own problems. However, you might help them to understand the position of cotton as it is to-day by explaining that this commodity has become a plaything of politics since the Government has come into possession of the huge loan stock.

WHEAT CONFERENE.

"It is my humble opinion that the outcome of the London Wheat Conference will bear upon whatever result might be expected from the Cotton Administration will keep the subsidy Conference. I also believe that the up its sleeve for the Cotton Conference. They can do this in two ways—either proclaim a subsidy prior to the Cotton Conference and thus make the withdrawal and inoperation of such subsidy a bargaining point to induce other cotton producing countries to concede to the United States annual quota of seven million bales, plus a gradual liquidation of the loan stock; or the Administration might postpone the announcement of a subsidy until the Conference has convened and then threaten the other cotton producing countries with such subsidy unless they meet America's export wishes. It is impossible to decide right now which of the two procedures the Administration will select because other political considerations are interwoven with this question, such as the Neutrality Act.

SUBSIDY UNNECESSAY.

The Administration must win the agricultural bloc, which also represents the major part of the isolationist bloc, for the new Neutrality Act. You know that the Chairman of the Senate Agricultural Committee, Senator Smith, is opposed to any cotton subsidy. It is conceivable that the Administration might sacrifice the subsidy so as to win over the agricultural bloc to their point of view of neutrality legislation. Personally, I do not believe that this will be necessary.

"The President has recenty told Senator Bankhead and Senator Russell that he would not veto the Agricultural Bill containing an appropriation of dol. 113,000,000, for cotton and wheat subsidies if Congress would pass this bill without at the same time providing for additional taxation covering such appropriation. Both Bankhead and Russell are siding with the Administration in the subsidy plan and the President's statement that he would not veto the appropriation for a subsidy indicates that he is favouring the subsidy plan. I believe that the Administration will be able to muster sufficient votes for their variety of neutrality without sacrificing the subsidy."

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (2-37 p.m.)	8.77+12
New York October lowest (10 a.m.)	8.63—02
Liverpool October highest	4.57—02
Liverpool October lowest	4.55—04

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables from their New York friends:—

"Cotton price fixings caused advance. Estimate crop 11,750,000. Barring European situation looks higher

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Central Belt rains causing anxiety look for an advance.

Cotton contracts scarce market very sensitive trade buying nears buying distants.

Rather better feeling is caused by European situation scarcity of contracts causes buyers to bid prices up to fill orders rains in central belt unfavourable holiday to-morrow.

Chica wheat: Wheat to-day's decline due to hedge selling weather favourable advise to cover short on the scale down.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd., have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Some straddle and hedge selling depressed prices. Fresh speculation almost completely absent, but do not see how any major movement could be otherwise than upwards.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from New York Cotton Exchange Service:

Believed subsidy to be instituted on new crop without undue delay. Loan repossessions last week 44,000; total to date 3,000,000 crop progress mostly favourable. Mills hold gains. Business better. Commodities steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 3

July	9.46+11
October	8.77+12
December	8.61+15
January	8.49+14
March	8.40+13
May	8.34+13
Middling Spot	9.87+12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, July 3

July	9.53+09
October	8.85+10
December	8.69+13
Middling Spot	9.50+05

NEW YORK

New York, July 3

11 A.M. RANGES—

July	9.33/9.33
October	8.65/8.65
December	8.59/8.50

NOON CALL—

July	9.36
October	8.69
December	8.53

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, July 3

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	5,000 bales.
Day's exports to Great Britain	1,000 bales.
Day's exports to the Continent	6,000 bales.
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 3

July	4.94—02
August	4.80—03
September	4.66—04
October	4.55—04
November	4.45—03
December	4.45—03
January	4.45—03
February	4.45—03
March	4.46—03
April	4.46—03
May	4.46—03
June	4.47—03
July	4.45—03
October	4.45—03
January	4.46—03
Middling Spot	5.50—02
	11-12 a. m. quotations
July	4.55
October	4.45

LINSEED OILS

London, July 3

Linseed oil naked London per cwt July sellers	24/7 1/2
Linseed oil naked London per cwt Sept Dec sellers	24/4 1/2

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, July 3

Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 quality Sellers	5 1/8

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 3

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. per ton July sellers	11-15-0
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. per ton July sellers	12-12-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. per ton July sellers	13-0-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. per ton July Aug sellers	12-5-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. per ton July Aug sellers	11-7-6

LONDON PRODUCE

London, July 3

Rozario Santa Fe July sellers	19/3
Barletta Russo July sellers	23
South Australian July sellers	23

LONDON RUBBER

London, July 3

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb Sellers	8 1/4

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, July 3

SAKELS—	
July	10.92—78
November	11.65—09
ASHMOUNI—	
August	9.42—13
October	9.53—11
December	9.59—12
February	9.69—11
April	9.77—10
GIZA—	
July	11.03—09
November	11.25—15
January	11.35—19
March	11.48—15

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 3

GIZA 2—	
Spot	6.45—6
July	6.25—1
October	6.35—0
November	6.38—0
January	6.43—0
March	6.45—0
May	6.49—0
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.85—4
July	5.61—2
October	5.59—3
November	5.59—3
January	5.62—3
March	5.64—2
May	5.66—2

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 4

Following a rise of 12 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened steady at Rs. 157 for Broach J/A delivery and prices after fluctuating between Rs. 156/8 and Rs 157/12 steadied at the opening level. New crop Broach A/M delivery opened at Rs. 154/12 and declined to Rs. 154/6. There was less disposition to operate to-day as New York cotton market is closed to-day and there is more inclination to await details of cotton export subsidy.

Liverpool market was due to open 5 points up and it opened 3 points higher and later on was quoted 5 points up. The local market was quietly steady with Broach J/A quoted at Rs. 157. Business in the local market was restricted and closing quotations at 4-30 p.m. were as under:—

F G M G—			
Broach J/A	Rs.	157	14 0
Broach A/M		154	4 0
Fine M G—			
Oumra July		152	12 0
Oomra D/J		142	4 0
F G M G—			
Bengal July		119	8 0
Bengal D/J		117	0 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, July 4.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—				
Bengal U.P.	127	124	121	118
Punjab	127	124	121	118
Rajputana	130	127	124	121
Oomra No. 2	159	157	154	151
C. P. No. 1	169	167	164	161
C. P. No. 2	163	161	158	156
Broach No. 2	164	162	159	157
Punjab-Ame.	183	181	178	176
Surat	201	199	196	194
Rajpipla	198	196	193	191
Navsari	210	208	205	203

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, July 4.

Bengal Superfine	127/28
Bengal Fine	123/25
Bengal F.G.	121/22
C. P. 1	160/62
C. P. 2	156/57
Arvi	157/58
Amraoti	150/54

U. S. A. COTTON BUREAU REPORT

The first Bureau Report indicating area under Cotton cultivation over the U. S. A. Cotton Belt will be published on Saturday the 8th inst and the same will be received here at night.

Ellichpur	156/57
Berar	153/54
Malkapur	150/52
Khandesh	137/43
Jalna/Sailu	146/48
Burwah/Sanavad	150/52
Khandwa	150/52
Mathia F.G.	122/24
Broach	161/62
Punjab 4F.	167/77
Punjab 289F.	202/07
Sindh N.T.	177/79
Ankleshwar/Jaghadia	189/92
Surat	197/199
Navsari	207/09
Western Farm	167/69

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, July 4.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh	7	38,685	53,879
Central India		224,121	44,305
Barsi and Nagar	309	92,213	149,430
Hyderabad-Gaorani		4,474	40,254
Berar		162,254	323,914
Central Provinces		38,096	81,208
Total Oomras	316	559,843	692,990
Dholera	270	276,238	131,190
N.-W. Provinces	209	8,298	3,034
Rajputana	28	74,316	16,174
Sind-Punjab		326,391	517,204
Broach	74	414,409	261,765
Coompta and Dharwar	700	140,972	55,764
Westerns-Northerns	366	91,325	22,941
Cocoanada		98	23
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,631	4,431
American		3,487	177,328
Egyptian, African and Sudan	5,293	356,657	496,393
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		95	1,171
Total	7,256	2,254,760	2,380,909
Arrived by road to 29th June 39		351,184	...

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 29th June.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Europe	220	278,987	289,397
Japan and China	6,222	1,079,779	633,019
Coast Ports	83	31,326	57,400
Up-country by Rail		249,278	337,927
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		20,794	13,099
Total	6,525	1,660,164	1,331,342

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 3-7-39	3878000	7793009
Receipts Yesterday 3-7-39	5000	1000
Exports to date 3-7-39	3449000	5758000
Stock at Ports 30-6-39	1930000	2077000
Stock at Interior Town 30-6-39	2510000	2077000
Stock at Liverpool 30-6-39	712000	1130000
Visible Supply 30-6-39	4982000	5913000
Quantity in sight 30-6-39	9280000	13471000
Quantity out of sight 30-6-39	9933000	10439000

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, July 4

Yesterday London gold prices closed unchanged at £7-8-6 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was unchanged at 176.73. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.68.13 at London and 4.68 1/8 at New York. London silver prices advanced 1/8d. to 18 3/16d. for Spot but forward quotation was lowered 1/8d at 17 9/16d. India bought for prompt shipments. There was general selling in forward. Later on the market was very quiet. India was a small buyer at 1/16 over fixed rates. New York was closed and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 6 1/2. London Bombay Spot parity was Rs. 48-12-6 and forward was Rs. 47-5-9. The local market was quiet with increased selling for near month. Business was restricted and gold was quietly steady.

GOLD

Ready		37	1 6
Ashad delivery		37	1 9
Shrawan delivery		37	1 9

SILVER

Ready		48	13 0
Ashad delivery		48	13 0
Shrawan delivery		48	4 0

LONDON SILVER

London, July 3

Spot	18 3/16
Forward	17 9/16

LONDON GOLD

London, July 3

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-8-6 1/2

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 4.

London Market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£42-12-6
Standard copper 3 months	£43-0-0
Electrolytic copper	£49-0-0
Bombay Market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 40
Copper sheets	Rs. 49

Tone:—Steady.

LONDON METALS

London, July 3

Copper	£42	17	6
Lead	£14	11	3
Spelter	£14	7	6
Tin	£224	0	0

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, July 3.

August	£11-16-3.
September	£11-17-6.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, July 4.

Castorseeds Sept.—			
Opening	29	2	0
Highest	29	2	0
Lowest	29	2	0
Closing	29	2	0
Groundnuts Aug.—			
Opening	30	11	0
Highest	31	3	0
Lowest	30	11	0
Closing	31	3	0
Cottonseeds Sept.—			
Opening	26	6	0
Highest	26	7	9
Lowest	26	6	0
Closing	26	7	6

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, July 3.

July	46 1/4d.
October	50d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, July 3.

July	dol 0.68 1/8.
September	dol 0.69 1/2.
December	dol 0.71 1/8.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, July 4.

Ready Javas	15	5	0
Shipment July-Aug.	5	12	6
Shipment Sept.	5	11	0
Shipment Oct.-Dec.	5	13	0

Java Spot F 7.40 (Nominal).

LONDON SUGAR

London, July 3

August sh. 8 4d.

New York Sugar

New York, July 3.

September	1.99.
November	2.05.
January	1.97.
March	1.99.

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Broach J/A New York July Rs. 66

Broach J/A Liverpool July Rs. 59 1/2

Broach A/M New York May Rs. 45

Broach A/M Liverpool May Rs. 42

New York Liverpool July 27 October 20 December 16 January 28 March 39 May 45

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 3

Broach J/A highest 157 1/2 lowest 156 1/4 closing 156 1/4

Broach A/M highest 154 3/8 lowest 153 5/8 closing 153 5/8

Oomra July highest 152 1/4 lowest 151 3/4 closing at 151 3/4

Oomra D/J highest 142 lowest 141 1/4 closing 141 1/4

Bengal July highest 119 1/2 lowest 119 closing 119

Bengal D/J highest 117 1/2 lowest 116 3/4 closing 116 3/4

Night session: Broach A/M opening 153 5/8 highest 154 1/8 lowest 153 5/8 closing 153 7/8.

Broach J/A closing 156 1/2

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 4.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s—			
August	97	0	0
October	97	0	0
December	97	0	0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s—			
August	110	0	0
October	110	0	0
December	110	0	0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—			
August	140	0	0
October	141	0	0
December	141	0	0
Yarn No. 40s.—			
August	217	0	0
October	217	0	0
December	218	0	0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 4

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	95
2 3/4 per cent 1948/62	98/6
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	99/4
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/2
3 per cent 1963/65	97/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	103/4
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	107/3
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	109/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	115
3 per cent U P Bonds	98
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	100/2
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	103/8

TAX FREES

5 per cent 1945/55	116/4
4 per cent 1955/60 Mysore	111/8
per cent 1955 Mysore	124

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent 1972 B P T	108
5 per cent 1959 M Deb	118
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	107
6 per cent M Deb 1954	127
6 per cent K P T 1956	127

Note: 3 1/2 per cent G P Notes opened at Rs. 94/13 declined to Rs. 94/12, touch Rs. 94/14 to close at Rs. 94/13. Tone: Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 4

B G RATES—

T T D D 1/5 27/32 to December

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 7/8 to Sept. 29/32 Oct/Feb.

Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16 to Feb.

Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 to Aug. 1/6 1/32 Sept/June.

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 287 1/2

Bank's buying T T 285 1/8

Bank's buying D D 284 3/8

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,306

Bank's buying T T 1,326

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 5/8

Bank's buying T T 77 1/2

Bank's buying 60 days 77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 65 1/8

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 65

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 83 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 38 1/2

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 85 7/8

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong London 1/2 13/16 4th instant

Shanghai London 0/6 5/16 4th instant

Japan London 1/2 1/64 4th instant

Java London 8.79 5/8 4th instant

New York London 4.68.12 3rd instant

London New York 4.68.13 3rd instant

London Paris 176.73 3rd instant

London Italy 89.02 3rd instant

London Belgium 27.53 5/8 3rd instant

London Switzerland 20.76 1/2 3rd instant

London Berlin 11.66 3/4 3rd instant

London Stockholm 19.42 3rd instant

London Amsterdam 8.81 7/8 3rd instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Quiet.

Gold £7-8-6 1/2 1st instant

Gold £7-8-6 1/2 3rd instant

Silver London Ready 18 1/8 1st instant

Silver London Ready 18 3/16 3rd instant

Silver London Forward 17 11/16 1st instant

Silver London Forward 17 9/16 3rd instant

Silver New York Ready 38 1st instant

Silver New York Ready nil 3rd instant

London discounts 3 months 3/4 per cent 1st instant

London discounts 3 months 7/8 per cent 3rd instant

London discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 1st instant

London discounts 6 months 1 3/8 per cent 3rd instant

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—

Call 1/2 per cent.

3 months 3/4 per cent.

6 months 1 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 3

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	70
3 1/2 per cent	83
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	97 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	102 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	105 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	108 3/4
5 per cent 1942/47	105
3 per cent 1949/52	94 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	66 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan	93 1/8
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	105 3/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ord	35

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 3

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£70
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£83
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£105 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£66 5/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£93 3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£93 1/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£105 3/4
Victory Bonds	£105 3/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£7
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	£79
National Bank of India	£28 3/4

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 3

T T London on:—	
New York	4.68.13
Paris	176.73
Berlin	11.66 3/4
Madrid	42.25
Montreal	4.69 9/16
Amsterdam	8.81 25/32
Brussels	27.53 5/8
Milan	89.02
Berne	20.76 1/2

WEATHER OVER U. S. A. COTTON BELT

Liverpool, July 4.

Weather cool in Eastern Belt, light to moderate rainfall over entire Belt. Forecast "Entire Belt cloudy unfavourable."

Narrow Price Movement In Share Bazar

Market Technically Healthy But Awaits Political Developments

GENERAL OPINION DIVIDED

BOMBAY, July 4.

The local market ruled quietly steady and there was slightly improved feeling owing to easing tension in the European situation, operators are still hesitant and general business was restricted resulting into narrow fluctuations.

U.S. Steel activity is reported 38 1/2 per cent. against 54 1/2 per cent in the previous week and 28 1/2 per cent. this week last year. The sudden reduction of 16 per cent. seems to have significance and the market was inclined to await further news. The Wall Street market was steady with some pre-holiday covering influenced by more favourable views of the European situation and the belief that the Administration's heavy spending programme will be a sustaining factor. American business situatien is encouraging. U.S. Steel shares closed 1/8 up at 44 7/8 and Anaconda Copper Mining Shares gained 3/8 at 22 7/8. General Motors advanced 1/2 at 42 1/2 dollars.

Recent heavy liquidation has strengthened the technical situation of the market and with a slightly better demand the market ruled fairly steady and small gains were registered. Later on there was absence of support and with scattered realising prices reacted.

The market is entirely under European political influence and the opinion seems divided. Bazar jobbers and a section is making attempts to depress prices while bulls are waiting for favourable development to push up prices.

Fluctuations were narrow and there is less disposition to operate pending further developments. The session was lifeless.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, July 4

100	Ahmed. Advance	257 8
100	BOM. DYEING	751 4
100	CENTURY	210 8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	109 0
100	COLABA	118 0
100	Coorla	84 0
250	David	25 0
250	Dawn	285 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	4 3
100	Finlay	91 0
100	GOKAK	133 0
1,000	Hindusta	1675 0
100	Indore	30 0
100	Khatau	82 0
100	KOHINOOR	219 0
200	Laxmi	402 8
250	Madras United	25 0
100	MORARJI	116 0
250	Model	44 0
50	MYSORE	87 4
100	NEW GREAT	188 0
100	Oosmanshahi	41 0
100	PHOENIX	215 0
25	Sassoon Silk	67 12
1,000	Sholapur	1,675 0
50	SIMPLEX	67 12
1,000	SWADESHI	207 8
100	SWAN	86 0
500	Vishnu	1,000 0
1,000	Westerns	790 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	107 12
25-500	CENTRAL	33 11
500	Imperial	1531 4
125-500	Imp Conty	380 0
50-100	India	144 8
100	Reserve Bank	110 0
5	Union	5 14

CEMENTS

500	ASSOCIATED	125 4

INSURANCE

100	Empire	656 0
15-100	Jupiter	13 8
20	Mercantile	55 0
15-75	New India	38 0
200	Oriental	4,395 0
10-50	Vulcan	7-8-6

ELECTRIC

100	Ahd. Old	145 0
10	Amalgamated	14 0
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1,442 8
10	Ajmer	11 8
50	BOMBAY TRAM	127 8
100	Bombay Suburban	155 0
10	Broach	10 4
100	Karachi	193 0
100	Poona	190 0
100	Surat	151 4
100	TATA HYDRO	151 0
1,000	TATA POWERS	1,256 4

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	977 8
100	C. Province	100 0
100	Dh. Baramati	101 8
100	Gujarat	100 8
100	Mandra Bhon	99 0
100	Pachora Jamner	87 0
100	Sara Serajganj	102 0
500	Tapti Valley	775 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corp	5 3
2sh.	Indian Copper	1 10
2sh.	Indian Iron	24 2
10	SHIVRAJPUR	34 12
30	TATA STEEL DEFDS	1,325 0
15	TATA STEEL ORD.	277 8

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	345 8
10	Air Service	7 4
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	178 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep	685 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	248 0
125	B. BURMA	484 0
50	B. BURMA CONT.	163 12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3 8
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	87 0
100	IND BLEACHING	87 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	44 0
100	I. Radio Defd.	347 8
100	I Radio Ord.	355 0
100	Port Canning	72 8
30	PREMIER CON.	66 8
10	Scindia	17 15
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	36 12

PREFERENCE

5-1/2	p.c. Amalgamated (T.F.)	106 0
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,455 0
6	p.c Bombay Steam	295 0
7	p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	79 4
5	p.c Central India (T.F.)	556 4
6½	p.c Prem Const 1st	108 0
6-1/4	p.c. Prem. Const 2nd	97 8
7	p.m. Tata Hydro	153 2
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1570 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	292 2
7½	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	161 4
7	p.c. Vishnu	655 0

DEBENTURES

3 3/4	p.c Andhra Valley	101 12
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	105 0
7	p.c Bombay Telephone	52 12
7	p.c. Sholapur	78 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, July 4

Bombay Dyeing (755) 756 755 753 745 752 751

Century (212) 212 210/8

Central India (209/8) 210 208/8 209 208/8 209

Kohinoor (219/8) 219 220 219

New Great (189) 189 188

Simplex (67/12) 67/12

Swadeshi (209/8) 209 208 207/8

Associated Cement (124/12) 124/4 125/4 124/12 125/12 124/8 125/4

Andhra (1440) 1440 1442

Tram Ord (128) 128 127/12

Tata Hydro (151) 151/8 151

Tata Power (1262/8) 1262 1256 1260 1256

T Steel Defd (1320) 1322 1320 1333 1335 1327 1330 1321 1326 1323 1325

T Steel Ord (277) 278 277 280 277 279 277/8

Tata Steel 2nd Pref (161) 161/4

Bellapur (178) 178

B Steam (249) 251 248

B Burma (424) 486 484 485 484

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper	94/12
4 per cent 1960/70	109/8
5 per cent 1945/55	113

BANKS

Bank of Baroda	107/12
Bank of Hindusthan	27/4
Bank of India	144/8
Central Bank	33/11
Imperial Bank F P	1531/4
Imperial Bank P P	380
Indian Overseas Bank	46/8
Reserve Bank	110
Union Bank	5/14

TEXTILES

Ahmd New Textiles	362/8
Ambica	274/6
Arun	200
Arvind	1075
Asok	182/8
Bharatkhand	1900
Bombay Dyeing	751/4
Buckingham and Carnatics	174
Calico	564/6
Central India	208/12
Century	210
Colaba	117/8
Elgin	102/8
Gokak	132/8
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	37/8
Jubilee	209/6
Khatau Makanji	81/14
Kohinoor	218/2
Laxmi Cotton	417/8
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	79/6
Morarji	121/4
Mysore	86/14
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	187/8
Raipur	597/8
Rajnagar	152/8
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	68
Sholapur	2675
Simplex	67/8
Swadeshi	207/8
Vishnu	1025

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord	1440
Tata Hydro Ord	150/10
Tata Power Ord	1255

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics	145
Ajmer Electrics	11/8
Amalgamated	11/2
Bombay Suburban	155
Bombay Tram	127/8
Lahore Electrics	225
Surat Electrics	147/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown	345
Associated Cements	125
Belapur	177/8
Bombay Burma New	163/12
Bombay Burma Old	483/2
Bombay Steam	247/8
Bombay Telephone	87
Br B Petrol	3/8
Burma Corporation	5/3
Dalmia Cement	11/8
Indian Bleaching	86/14
Industrial Investment Tr	43/8
Indian Radio Ord	350
Indian Radio Defd	345
Indian Copper	1/10
Indian Iron	24/2
Mysore Sugar	32/4
Port Canning	72/8
Premier Construction	66/8
Rohtas Industries	22/6
Scindia Steam	17/14
Shivrajpur	34/8
Tata Oil	36/8
Tata Steel Ordy	277
Tata Steel Defd	1321/4
Bengal Steel Corpn	12/6

JUTES

Birla Jute	15/15
Howrah	54
Hukumchand	4/12
Kamarhatty	493
Kanknarrah	373
Lawrence	342
Reliance	56/8

8 p. c. Tata Hydro 105 8

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

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Regd. No. B. 1065

THE READERS of this advertisement may kindly communicate their address to us.

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Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1939

Contrast Between Indian Muslims & Palestine Arabs

Hasrat Mohani Starts Indian Muslim Centre In London: Statements Galore

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, June 22.

When Sjt. N. C. Kelkar visited this country at the time of the Third Round Table Conference, his presence inspired some Maharashtrians here to start an organisation to enable all those who speak Marathi to meet together. Since then many Indian leaders have visited this country but none inspired any section of the Indian community to form yet another Indian organisation. However, recently, Moulana Hasrat Mohani arrived in this country and after talks with Muslim friends, he felt, as did some of his followers, that it would not be a wrong thing to start a Muslim centre in London to propagate progressive political views.

HASTY RETREAT

On the eve of his departure for India on Sunday afternoon, Moulana Hasrat Mohani as founder and president of the new organisation—Indian Moslem Centre in India—had as his guests about 100 Indians, majority of whom were Mussalmans. Of course, as soon as Sir Abdul Kadir realised that the Maulana was to address the gathering on current political developments, he made a hasty retreat by leaving the function which was in the midst of tea.

HANDFUL OF REACTIONARIES

Addressing his fellow-countrymen and a good many Arab friends, including Mr. George Mansur, the Christian Arab Labour Leader from Palestine, Moulana Hasrat Mohani said that he found that there was a great deal of misunderstanding in this country about the Indian Muslim opinion on political events. "Young Indians studying in this country" said the Moulana, "thought that the Mussalmans of India are a complete hindrance to the progress of India. I want to tell these young Indians that it is nothing of the kind. Mussalmans, as a rule, are socialistic and progressive in their outlook. In no sense are the majority of them reactionaries as many believe. Many people think that the Muslim League, the political organisation of the Indian Mussalmans, is a body composed of Khan Bahadurs Khan Sahebs, Nawabs and 'goondas'. But let me assure you that in this very Muslim League the majority of people are left-wingers in politics. And the handful of reactionaries realise that these left-wingers check their reactionary propositions and suggestions".

INDIAN MUSLIM CENTRE

To give and carry on intensive propaganda on progressive lines, we were told, the new Indian Moslem Centre in London had been formed. It will have no official association with the Muslim League of India, although the Progressive Section in the League under the direction and inspiration of Maulana Hasrat Mohani will guide the activities of the London Centre. A committee of seven consisting of Maulana Hasrat Mohani, Dr. Sakir Mohemadi, Mr. Mahamed Ali Khan, (Secretary) and Dr. Abdul Majid was formed. Maulana Hasrat Mohani has handed over to the Committee a statement dealing with the Indian Federation, the Government of Nizam, Palestine, Albania and the Hedjaz Railway. The task of the Committee will be to carry on propaganda in this country on the lines of the statement.

MUSLIM ATTITUDE

On the question of the Federation, the statement says:—

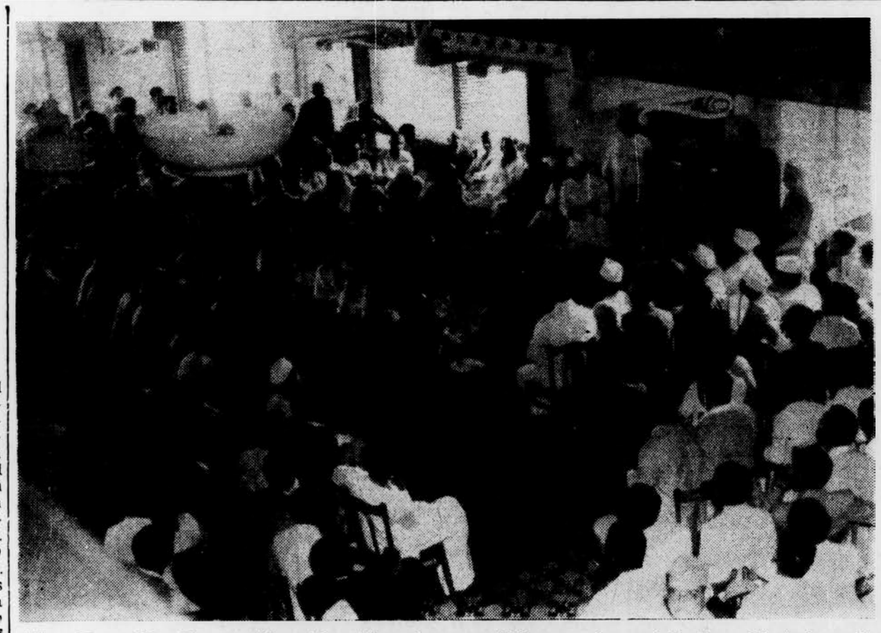
In view of the glaring and fundamental defects introduced by the British Government in the Federal Constitution of India by adopting the principle of the Majority rule and at the same time basing the composition of parties not on political and therefore alterable alignment but on the compulsory basis of religion, resulting in fixed and permanent religious minorities and majorities, and thereby causing the dominance by one religious group over all other communities, the Muslims of India are quite justified in holding that under the present circumstances and in the absence of any power in the Constitution given to the minorities themselves of safeguarding their interests, the Muslims accept the Federation neither unconditionally as is the desire of the British Government nor with any conditions or provisos as seems the intention of the majority party.

STATES AND FEDERATION

"It is the considered opinion of the Muslims of India that the British Government should not, directly or indirectly, induce the Indian States—and especially Hyderabad to join the Indian Federation until (i) the constitutional development of these States should reach the standard of the British Indian Provinces, and (ii) the British Government accepts and adopts the principle that in addition to and along with the right of independent constitutional development the Indian States also have a right to enjoy comparative freedom from the interference by the Paramount Power."

EXPLANATORY NOTE: A special case has been made in

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 2).



The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi addressing a public meeting of Indian Christians in the Indo-Lusitano Hall, Thakurdwar, on Sunday in support of Prohibition.

RADICALS' PROPAGANDA

ROY'S STATEMENT

POONA: (By Mail).

Under the caption "Untouchability in Politics" Mr. M. N. Roy has issued the following statement:—

"My differences with the orthodox Congressmen of the Gandhist school are well-known. I am not sparing in my criticism of others. Nor am I afraid of facing criticism. But it is a matter of great regret that, finding no arguments, my critics fall back on propaganda unworthy of receiving any serious consideration.

The orthodox Congressmen of the Gandhist school are very proud of their so-called constructive programme. For them, the standard of patriotism is to believe in the miracle that could happen if every Congressman would only work that programme instead of bothering themselves with political questions. Removal of untouchability is one of the items of that programme. But the orthodox Congressmen themselves are corrupting the political life of our country by introducing the curse of untouchability.

The Conference of Radical Congressmen is being condemned in the orthodox Gandhist press as an anti-Congress demonstration. What are the grounds for this absurd charge made in the face of categorical declarations made from the platform of the Conference? I am staying at the Guest House of the Servants of India Society. The delegates and distinguished guests to the Conference were entertained at the Kesari Office. And the gentleman who sang 'Bande Mataram' at the Conference is a sympathiser of the Democratic Swaraj Party! These facts are enough for the jesuitical Gandhists to condemn perfectly legitimate activities on the part of Congressmen as antagonistic to the Congress.

Every true Congressman must strongly disapprove of this intolerance and sectarianism. Patriotism is not the monopoly of a particular breed of Congressmen who distinguish themselves by subordinating the political programme of the Congress to all sorts of dogmas and pet hobbies which only retard the development of our struggle for freedom.

I do not agree with the programme and activities either of the Democratic Swaraj Party or of the Liberal Federation. I do not make any secret of my difference. Yet I do not see any reason for doubting their patriotism, or for boycotting them socially. On the contrary, I appreciate their friendship and hospitality. As regards political programme and social outlook, neither of these organisations compares unfavourably with the Gandhist school of Congressmen. As a matter of fact, on certain points, the preference should go to them.

If we are to be discriminating, we should begin at home. Many a neo-Congressman was untouchable until yesterday according to the standard of the orthodox Gandhists. Besides, why should Birla Park be more preferrable to the Servants of India Society? Or why should the hospitality of the General Manager of the Tata Company be considered any less polluting than an invitation to the home of Lokamanya Tilak? All I can say is that the doctors should cure themselves. Otherwise, they will corrupt the Congress with sickening hypocrisy, and rabid intolerance".

Subhas Bose's Tour In Gujarat

We are asked to publish the following:—

Desh Gauraba Subhas Chandra Bose, President of the Forward Block in the Congress has consented to tour round Gujarat from Saturday 15th July to Tuesday July 18th, both days inclusive.

Leaving Bombay on 14th night by Delhi Express, he will address meetings at Kalol in the morning, at Godhra at noon and at Dahod in the evening. Mr. Bose will then spend Sunday the 16th at Ahmedabad and will meet Leftists, Socialists, radicals and kisan workers there. He will also address a citizens' meeting in the evening and a workers' rally in the night.

He will probably halt at Nadiad and other places in Kaira district on 17th and address meetings at Surat and Bulsar on 18th instant before he returns to Bombay on 19th July.

All those desiring to organise meetings and demonstrations in honour of Mr. Subhas Bose are requested to communicate with Mr. Indulal Yagnik, c/o Azad Hind Office, Shri Nivas, Ahmedabad.

ONLY THREE DAYS SESSION

OOTACAMUND, July 3.

Judging from the official business that may be ready for inclusion in the agenda, the next meeting of the Madras Legislative Assembly, which has been summoned for August 3, is not expected to last more than three days.—United Press.

CHARLIE CHAN

AS THE MEN RACE TO THE CAGE SHAFT, A RUMBLING NOISE COMES DOWN THE PASSAGE...
WHAT'S THAT?
A CAVE IN!
WHERE'S CHARLIE? ANYBODY SEEN INSPECTOR CHAN?
HE WAS BEHIND ME LAST I SAW HIM!
CHARLIE'S BACK THERE! HE MUST BE CAUGHT IN IT!
IT'S STOPPED!
LOOK! THE ROOF FELL THROUGH THE CROSS-CUT WHERE THE MEN WERE WORKING!
CHARLIE! CHARLIE!
HERE HE IS!
EASY WITH HIM! EASY! CHARLIE! CHARLIE! HE'S —UNCONSCIOUS!
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NATIONAL PLANNING

Good Response For Work On Sub-Committees

CALCUTTA, July 4.

The "United Press" learns that Mr. K. D. Guha, Joint Secretary of the National Planning Committee of the Congress, who just returned from Bombay will during the coming fortnight meet all members of the various sub-committees of the National Planning Committee from Bengal and hold an informal conference to discuss the preliminaries of the work to be undertaken by them.

As soon as his work in Bengal will be over Mr. Guha is expected to visit other centres for the same purpose.

In this connection it is further understood that all provinces in India and leading Indian States who had been invited by the Committee have agreed to actively co-operate with the committee.

SUB-COMMITTEES

Many prominent scientists, educationists and technical experts from Bengal numbering about 50 have, however, been invited to serve on the various sub-committees as Chairmen or members; for instance Prof. Meghnad Saha will preside over the Power and Fuel Sub-Committee; Dr. S. P. Mukerjee over the Educational (General) Sub-Committee, Prof. J. N. Mukerjee over the Soil Conservation and Afforestation Committee, Prof. Radhakamal Mukherjee over the Population Sub-Committee, Col. R. N. Chopra over the Public Health Sub-Committee, Prof. J. C. Ghosh over the Chemical Industries Sub-Committee and Mr. Satis Das Gupta over the Cottage Industries Sub-Committee.

The Education (Technical) Sub-Committee will be presided over by Sir C. V. Raman. This Sub-Committee in certain respects will be unique in character because it is to be served by all the three Indian fellows of the Royal Society, namely Sir C. V. Raman, Prof. Meghnad Saha and Prof. Birbal Sahani.—United Press.

INCOME-TAX V. EMPLOYMENT TAX

Muslim Leaguer's Resolution For Central Assembly

SIMLA, July 4

Two important resolutions are being sponsored by the Congress Party in the Central Legislative Assembly during the Simla session. One urges discontinuance of the practice of engaging non-Indians as experts even for short terms and non-renewal of existing contracts when they expire.

The other resolution urges the Government of India to take necessary steps to ensure adequate share for Indian shipping in the overseas trade between India and other countries.

EMPLOYMENT TAX

Another resolution has been tabled by the Muslim League Party, relating to the employment tax in provinces. It suggests that persons who pay the employment tax in provinces should be exempted from the payment of income-tax to the Central Exchequer to the extent of a similar amount and the Central Government should deduct the amount of relief thus given when they distribute contributions to provinces under the Niemeyer Award.

These resolutions have been largely signed to ensure their success in balloting.—United Press.

Labour Leader Appeals For Unity

Canker Of Communalism Must Be Eradicated

HYDERABAD, July 3.

The following appeal over the joint signatures of eleven members of the Executive Committee of the N. S. Railway Employees Union has been issued to the members in connection with the communal disharmony in the State:—

"We earnestly appeal to all our Comrades on behalf of our Union to be united as members of one and the same family. Under the flag of the Nizam, we Muslims, Hindus, Christians and other communities should feel ourselves as children of the soil and serve His Exalted Highness by maintaining peace, harmony and order in the State. This is the real service we should render our King and prove ourselves to be every loyal to him.

"We should not be carried away by false rumours. We should have nothing to do with any of communal activities. We should avoid discussions on such matters, refusing to lend our ears to anything allied to communal propaganda and keep ourselves quite aloof from these communal activities. We should also make it our duty to eradicate this canker of communalism which spells ruin to all and spread among workers and citizens of the State the message of brotherhood and sanctity of human life thus promoting the spirit of mutual trust and tolerance."

The signatories to the appeal are, Messrs. S. Sundaresan, Abdul Hamid Khan, N. Ramachander Rao, J. Manasseh, S. Abdul Huq, N. Raghavendra Rao, Akbar Hussain, Mohd. Hussain, Kotilingam, M. B. Seetharama Rao and Y. S. Rao.—A.P.

TRIBAL RAIDERS DRIVEN OFF

Jirga For Securing Release Of Kidnapped Man

BANNU, July 4

A joint Jirga of Janikhel and Alikhel Wazirs, headed by Khan Bahadur Mian Warshah, has proceeded to Suhigar to arrange the release of Gopaldas, who was kidnapped from the Kakki Road on the night of 16-17 June.

RAIDER DRIVEN OFF

On information being received that a party of tribal bandits was observed near Bahramkhel in Tajauri territory, a police party from Dharake, Sulaiman Khel, proceeded in that direction and subsequently an encounter took place. The raiders were driven to the tribal territory. One constable was hit in the encounter.—A. P.

STUDENTS' FEDERATION PRESIDENT JAILED

CALCUTTA, July 4.

Mr. Moni Choudhury, President of the Calcutta Students Federation was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of sedition in connection with a speech delivered by him on April 4.—United Press.

TANDON RETURNS TO ALLAHABAD

ALLAHABAD, July 4.

The Hon'ble Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, Speaker of the U. P. Legislative Assembly, returned to Allahabad this morning. A large number of Congressmen received him at the station.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left Allahabad last night for Lucknow. He will return to Allahabad on July 8 next.—United Press.

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